

# Converting Colors

Android(4281085955)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281085955) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4281085955)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2C3003
RGB	44, 48, 3
RGB Percent	17%, 19%, 1%
CMY	0.8275, 0.8118, 0.9882
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.94, 0.81
HSL	65°, 88%, 10%
HSV	65°, 94%, 19%
XYZ	2.1121, 2.6560, 0.4875
YIQ	41.6740, 12.0610, -14.8430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

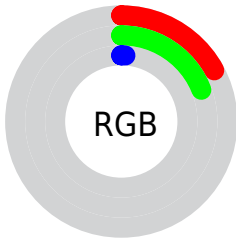
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	3, 48, 7
Decimal	2895875
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	18.61, -8.61, 25.11
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	19, 26.548, 108.922
Yxy	2.6560, 0.4019, 0.5054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281085955 (0xFF2C3003)
YUV	41.6740, -19.0663, 2.0399
Hunter-Lab	16.2971, -5.3864, 9.6345

# Details

The Android color **4281085955** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4278649648**, and the grayscale version is **4280953386**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284177969**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4281085952**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281085960**.

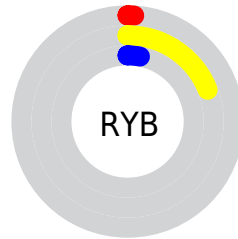
# Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (19%)

Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (3%)

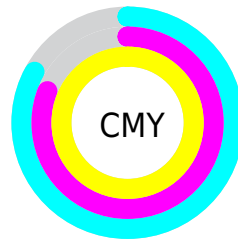


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (81%)


Yellow (99%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281085955 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281085955 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4281085955

 4281085955

 4294967270

 4279638784

 4284177969

 4278190080

 4285822792

 4287533153

 4289309562

 4291085972

 4292993710

 4294901706

 4281085955

 4281085955

■ 4281085952

■ 4281085960

■ 4281151501

■ 4281151505

■ 4281217046

■ 4281217051

■ 4281282592

■ 4281282597

■ 4281282601

■ 4281348142

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282264066



4281085955



4279514131

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281085955



4278203722



4283243573

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281085955



4278649648

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282196807



4281085955



4278202963

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281085955



4278204217



4280298322



4283440162

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281085955



4278203935



4280298322



4282981948



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281085955



4282137900



4281337603



4280164116



4288585374



4280229663



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281085955



4281875712



4279644163



4279703317



4283389696



4291024384



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278649648



4278517821



4280091440



4279571735



4278714455



4279435478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281085955 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

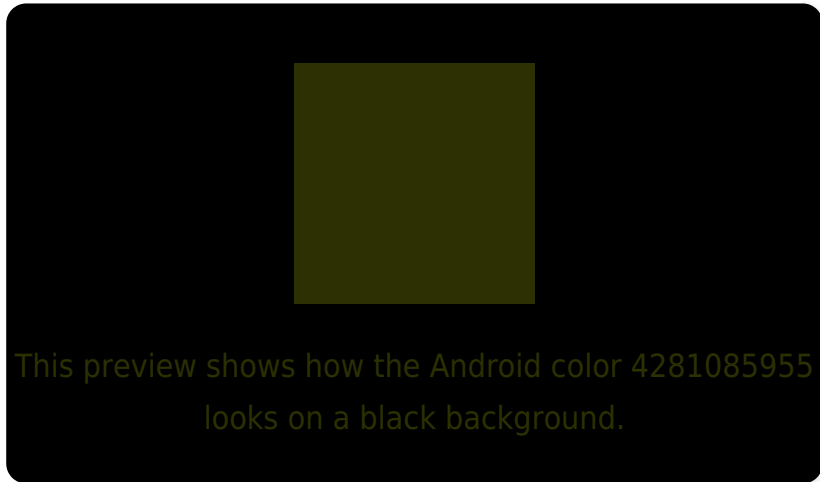
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

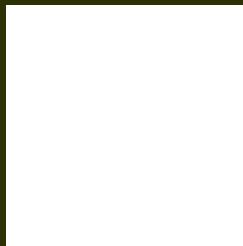
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281085955 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281085955.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281085955.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281085955

**Protanopia**  
4281544192

**Deuteranopia**  
4281936648



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281085955

**Protanomaly**  
4281347841

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281609478

**Tritanomaly**  
4281216544

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281085955

**Achromatopsia**  
4280953386

**Achromatomaly**  
4281019420

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281085955 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 48, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 48, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 48, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 48, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281085955 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 48, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 48, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 48, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 48, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 48, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 48, 3) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281085955 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 48, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 48,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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