

# Converting Colors

Android(4281101915)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281101915) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281101915)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C6E5B
RGB	44, 110, 91
RGB Percent	17%, 43%, 36%
CMY	0.8275, 0.5686, 0.6431
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.17, 0.57
HSL	163°, 43%, 30%
HSV	163°, 60%, 43%
XYZ	8.5030, 12.4427, 11.8511
YIQ	88.1000, -33.2370, -19.9010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

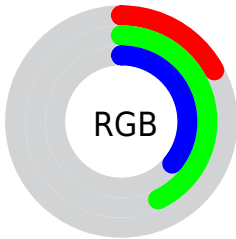
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	44, 83, 110
Decimal	2911835
CIELab	41.91, -26.00, 4.36
CIELCh	42, 26.358, 170.488
Yxy	12.4427, 0.2593, 0.3794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281101915 (0xFF2C6E5B)
YUV	88.1000, 1.4297, -38.6757
Hunter-Lab	35.2742, -18.7017, 4.7723




# Details

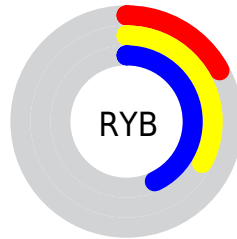
The Android color `4281101915` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `006666`. A complement of this color would be `4285410367`, and the grayscale version is `4283979864`.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4284523149`, and `4278205997` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4280381016`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281822814`.

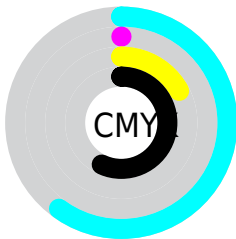
# Distribution







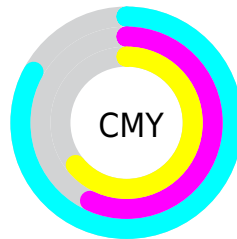
-  Red (17%)
-  Green (43%)
-  Blue (36%)






-  Red (17%)
-  Yellow (33%)
-  Blue (43%)



-  Cyan (60%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (17%)
-  Black (57%)



-  Cyan (83%)
-  Magenta (57%)
-  Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281101915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281101915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281101915



4281101915

4294967295



4279063876



4284523149



4278205997



4286299559



4278200089



4288076227



4278193408



4289853151



4278190080



4291756027



4293591039



4281101915



4281101915



4280381016



4281822814

■ 4279660117

■ 4282543713

■ 4278939217

■ 4283264613

■ 4278218318

■ 4283985512

■ 4284706411

■ 4285427310

■ 4286148209

■ 4286869108

■ 4287590008

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283001671



4281101915



4278480497

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281101915



4284178571



4287060034

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281101915



4285410367

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287451989



4281101915



4286011519

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281101915



4281755533



4287124331



4286013240

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281101915



4278218110



4287124331



4287256136



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281101915



4285894535



4282412588



4281878339



4291282887



4282861383



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281101915



4280848241



4281098606



4281481270



4278220885



4278253488



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285410367



4287572038



4285413676



4281872948



4286054435



4294377543



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281101915 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

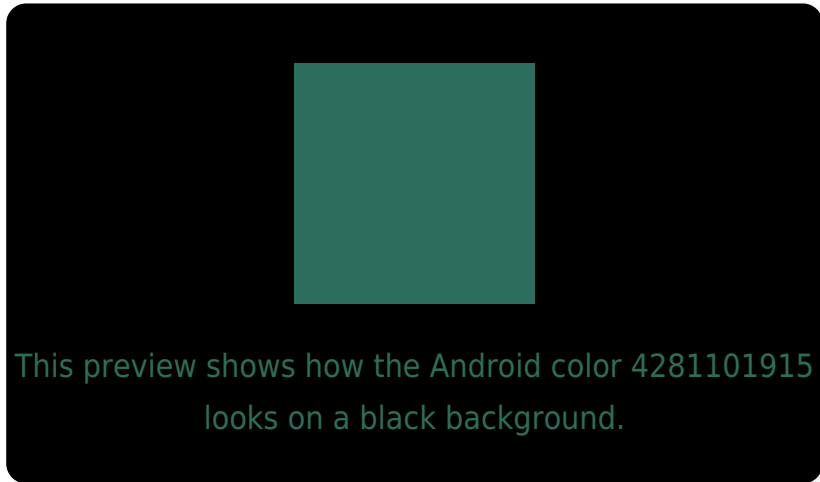
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281101915 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281101915.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281101915.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281101915

**Protanopia**  
4284965461

**Deuteranopia**  
4285357918



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281101915

**Protanomaly**  
4283590231

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283786333

**Tritanomaly**  
4281494634

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281101915

**Achromatopsia**  
4283979864

**Achromatomaly**  
4282933337

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281101915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 110, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 110, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 110, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 110, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281101915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 110, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 110, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 110, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 110, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 110, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 110,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281101915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 110, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 110,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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