

Converting Colors

Android(4281152822)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4281152822) contains.

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Color

Android(4281152822)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D3536
RGB	45, 53, 54
RGB Percent	18%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.8235, 0.7922, 0.7882
CMYK	0.17, 0.02, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	187°, 9%, 19%
HSV	187°, 17%, 21%
XYZ	3.0211, 3.3704, 3.9814
YIQ	50.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

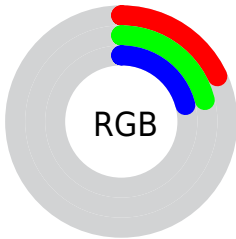
Format	Color
R_{YB}	45, 49, 54
Decimal	2962742
CIE _{Lab}	21.47, -3.12, -1.78
CIE _{LCh}	21, 3.595, 209.650
Yxy	3.3704, 0.2913, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281152822 (0xFF2D3536)
YUV	50.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182
Hunter-Lab	18.3587, -2.7536, -0.0068

Details

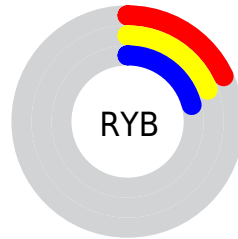
The Android color **4281152822** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **4281740845**, and the grayscale version is **4281545523**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284179557**, and **4278192138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280824886**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281480758**.

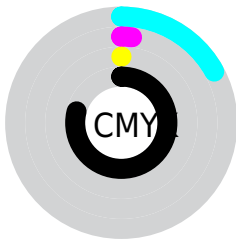
Distribution



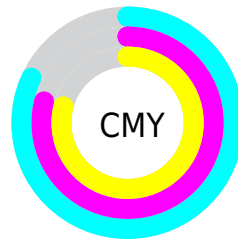
- Red (18%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281152822 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281152822 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4281152822



4281152822

4294967295



4279771169



4284179557



4278192138



4285758590



4278190080



4287469207



4289180082



4290956494



4292798954



4294705151



4281152822



4281152822

■ 4280824886

■ 4281480758

■ 4280431670

■ 4281873974

■ 4280103734

■ 4282201910

■ 4279710518

■ 4282595126

■ 4279382582

■ 4282923062

■ 4279054646

■ 4283250998

■ 4278661430

■ 4283644214

■ 4278333494

■ 4283972150

■ 4278202422

■ 4284365366

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281218355



4281152822



4281218360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281152822



4281807414



4281742126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281152822



4281740845

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281872943



4281152822



4281938484

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281152822



4281611064



4281938481



4281545775

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281152822



4281349177



4281938481



4281807662

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281152822



4282664775



4281153070



4280427300



4288914339



4280558628

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281152822



4281943623



4281151798



4279835676



4278211164



4278240219

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281740597



4282857798



4281741869



4280031516



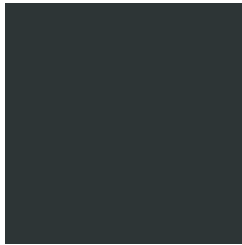
4284219474



4292542659

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281152822 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

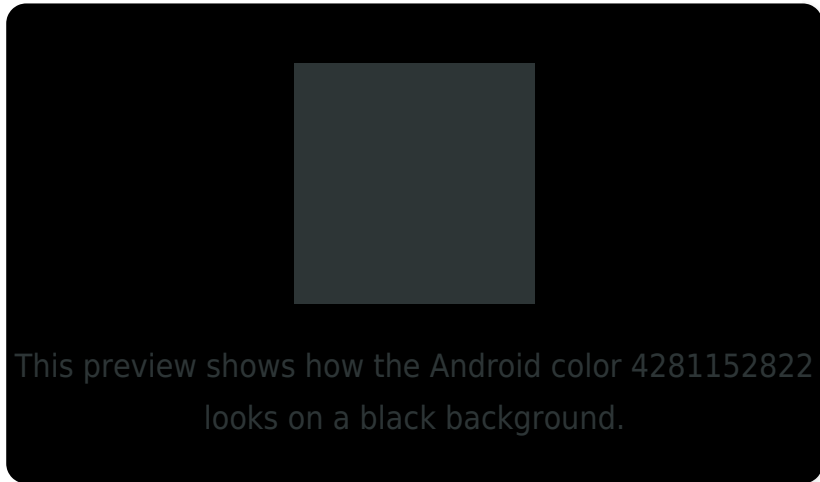
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

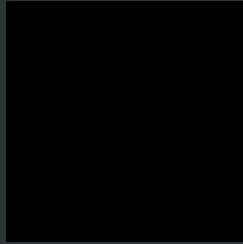
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4281152822 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281152822.

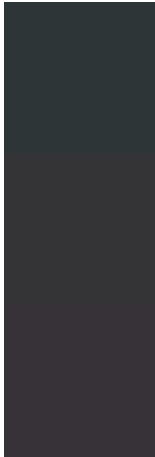


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281152822.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
4281152822

Protanopia
4281611061

Deuteranopia
4281807415



Tritanopia
4281218361

Trichromacy



Original Color

4281152822

Protanomaly

4281414709

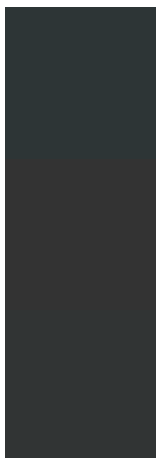
Deuteranomaly

4281545527

Tritanomaly

4281218360

Monochromacy



Original Color

4281152822

Achromatopsia

4281545523

Achromatomaly

4281414708

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281152822 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 53, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 53, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 53, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 53, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281152822 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 53, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 53, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 53, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 53, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 53, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 53, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281152822 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 53, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 53,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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