

# Converting Colors

Android(4281226818)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281226818) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281226818)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E5642
RGB	46, 86, 66
RGB Percent	18%, 34%, 26%
CMY	0.8196, 0.6627, 0.7412
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.23, 0.66
HSL	150°, 30%, 26%
HSV	150°, 47%, 34%
XYZ	5.4379, 7.6298, 6.3403
YIQ	71.7600, -17.4200, -14.7000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

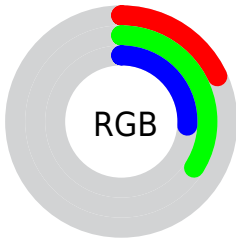
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	46, 73, 86
Decimal	3036738
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	33.20, -19.40, 7.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	33, 20.734, 159.365
Yxy	7.6298, 0.2802, 0.3931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281226818 (0xFF2E5642)
YUV	71.7600, -2.8397, -22.5915
Hunter-Lab	27.6220, -13.1978, 5.7260

# Details

The Android color **4281226818** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4283838018**, and the grayscale version is **4282927176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284385394**, and **4278200343** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280636990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281816646**.

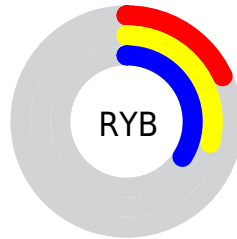
# Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (34%)

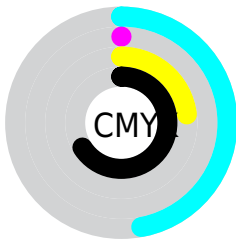
Blue (26%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (34%)

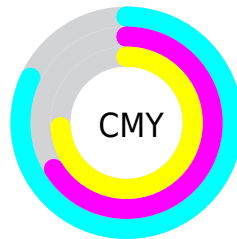


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281226818 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281226818 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281226818



4281226818

4294967295



4279648044



4284385394



4278200343



4286096011



4278194944



4287807142



4278190080



4289583553



4291360477



4293263353



4281226818



4281226818



4280636990



4281816646

■ 4280112697

■ 4282340939

■ 4279522869

■ 4282930767

■ 4278998577

■ 4283455059

■ 4278408749

■ 4284044888

■ 4278212139

■ 4284634716

■ 4285159008

■ 4285748836

■ 4286273129

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282536756



4281226818



4279850835

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281226818



4282338926



4285285434

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281226818



4283838018

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285415753



4281226818



4283910247

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281226818



4280570732



4284957530



4284696880

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281226818



4279129694



4284957530



4285416255



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281226818



4284510312



4282537518



4281284659



4290295992



4281874488



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281226818



4281430097



4281226838



4280757033



4278217526



4278250357



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283838018



4285542737



4283837998



4281018153



4285202486

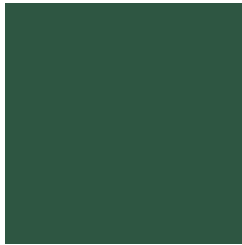


4293591157



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281226818 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

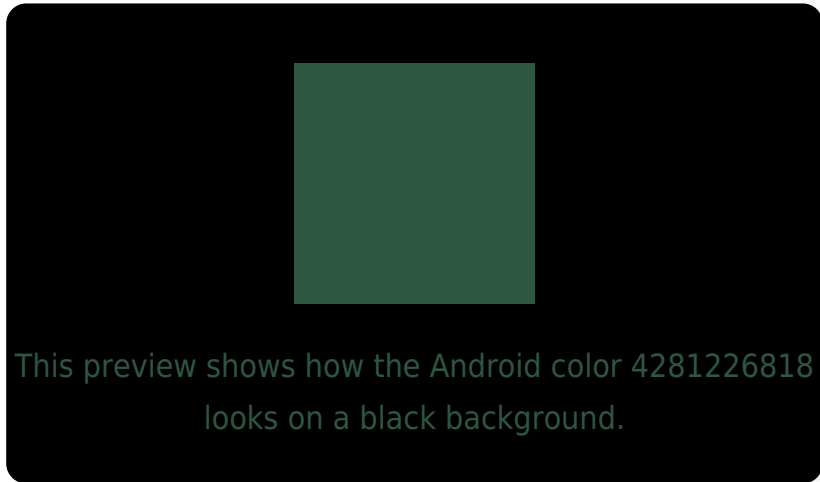
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281226818 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281226818.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281226818.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4281226818

**Protanopia**

4283649598

**Deuteranopia**

4284042052



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281226818

**Protanomaly**  
4282798399

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282994499

**Tritanomaly**  
4281488465

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281226818

**Achromatopsia**  
4282927176

**Achromatomaly**  
4282338630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281226818 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 86, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 86, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 86, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 86, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281226818 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 86, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 86, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 86, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 86, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 86, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 86, 66)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281226818 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 86, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 86,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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