

# Converting Colors

Android(4281229184)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281229184) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281229184)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E5F80
RGB	46, 95, 128
RGB Percent	18%, 37%, 50%
CMY	0.8196, 0.6275, 0.4980
CMYK	0.64, 0.26, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	204°, 47%, 34%
HSV	204°, 64%, 50%
XYZ	9.1152, 10.3238, 21.9343
YIQ	84.1110, -39.7970, -0.1250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

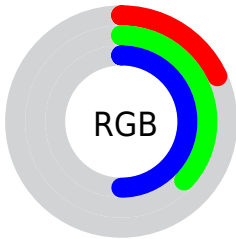
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	46, 77, 128
Decimal	3039104
CIE Lab	38.42, -5.69, -23.42
CIE LCh	38, 24.101, 256.338
Yxy	10.3238, 0.2203, 0.2495
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281229184 (0xFF2E5F80)
YUV	84.1110, 21.6373, -33.4233
Hunter-Lab	32.1306, -5.5896, -17.9836

# Details

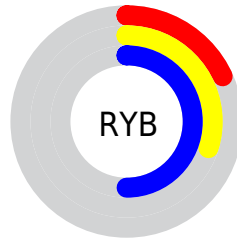
The Android color **4281229184** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **4286598958**, and the grayscale version is **4283716692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284780981**, and **4278202703** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280375936**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282082432**.

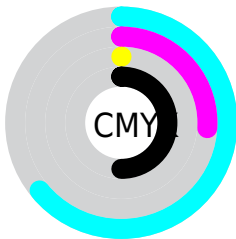
# Distribution



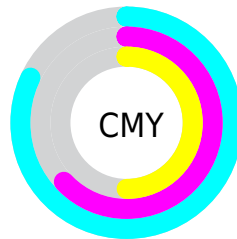
- Red (18%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281229184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281229184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281229184



4281229184

4294967295



4278994791



4284780981



4278202703



4286557393



4278197304



4288333805



4278190626



4290175999



4278190088



4292083711



4278190080



4293984255



4281229184



4281229184



4280375936



4282082432

■ 4279522688

■ 4282935680

■ 4278734976

■ 4283723392

■ 4278209664

■ 4284576896

■ 4285430144

■ 4286283392

■ 4287136640

■ 4287924352

■ 4288777600

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278805366



4281229184



4283390336

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281229184



4286663760



4282868287

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281229184



4286598958

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284308788



4281229184



4286337087

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281229184



4286270564



4285486645



4281230417

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281229184



4284634234



4285486645



4283326522



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281229184



4287011238



4281237583



4282469460



4292138196



4283716692



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281229184



4280709798



4281218688



4281941312



4278209664



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286590559



4289078898



4286609454



4282399037



4286578764

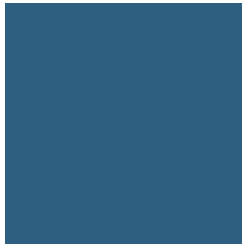


4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281229184 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

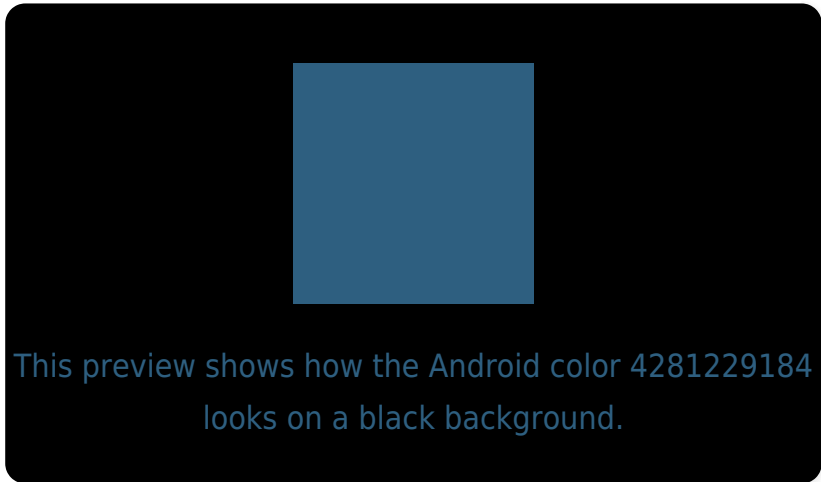
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

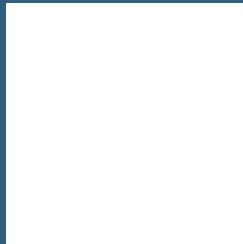
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281229184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281229184.

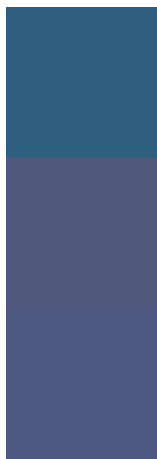


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281229184.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4281229184

**Protanopia**

4283455867

**Deuteranopia**

4283128193



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4281229184

**Protanomaly**

4282669949

**Deuteranomaly**

4282407809

**Tritanomaly**

4280771187

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4281229184

**Achromatopsia**

4283716692

**Achromatomaly**

4282800228

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281229184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 95, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 95, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 95, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 95, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281229184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 95, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 95, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 95, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 95, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 95, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 95, 128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281229184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 95, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 95,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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