

Converting Colors

Android(4281441422)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4281441422) contains.

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Color

Android(4281441422)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 319C8E |
| RGB | 49, 156, 142 |
| RGB Percent | 19%, 61%, 56% |
| CMY | 0.8078, 0.3882, 0.4431 |
| CMYK | 0.69, 0.00, 0.09, 0.39 |
| HSL | 172°, 52%, 40% |
| HSV | 172°, 69%, 61% |
| XYZ | 18.0376, 26.3829, 29.7329 |
| YIQ | 122.4110, -59.2780, -27.0380 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

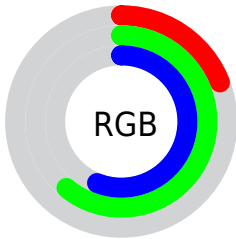
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 49, 106, 156 |
| Decimal | 3251342 |
| CIELab | 58.40, -33.35, -1.48 |
| CIElCh | 58, 33.386, 182.542 |
| Yxy | 26.3829, 0.2432, 0.3558 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281441422 (0xFF319C8E) |
| YUV | 122.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 |
| Hunter-Lab | 51.3643, -27.2037, 1.6342 |

Details

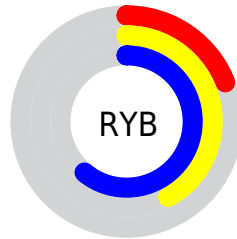
The Android color `4281441422` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `009999`. A complement of this color would be `4288426303`, and the grayscale version is `4286216826`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285453252`, and `4278216796` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4280392844`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282490000`.

Distribution



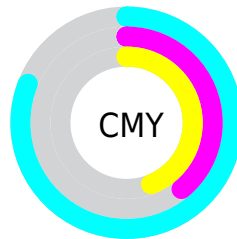
- Red (19%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281441422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281441422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4281441422



4281441422

4294967295



4278223476



4285453252



4278216796



4287295712



4278210372



4289200124



4278204462



4291100671



4278199321



4293066751



4278190080



4281441422



4281441422



4280392844



4282490000



4279409802



4283473042

■ 4278361224

■ 4284521620

■ 4278230152

■ 4285504662

■ 4286553240

■ 4287601818

■ 4288584860

■ 4289633438

■ 4290616480

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284193392



4281441422



4278229931

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281441422



4287857854



4290085209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281441422



4288426303

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291066222



4281441422



4289952424

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281441422



4284911302



4291065227



4288514897

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281441422



4279998650



4291065227



4290477663

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281441422



4288793798



4282358833



4283262563



4293322470



4284900966

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281441422



4280667318



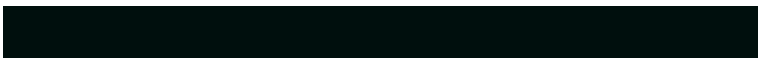
4281431452



4282863438



4278226812



4278193933

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288426303



4291568955



4288436273



4283385672



4287561747



4279173122

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281441422 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

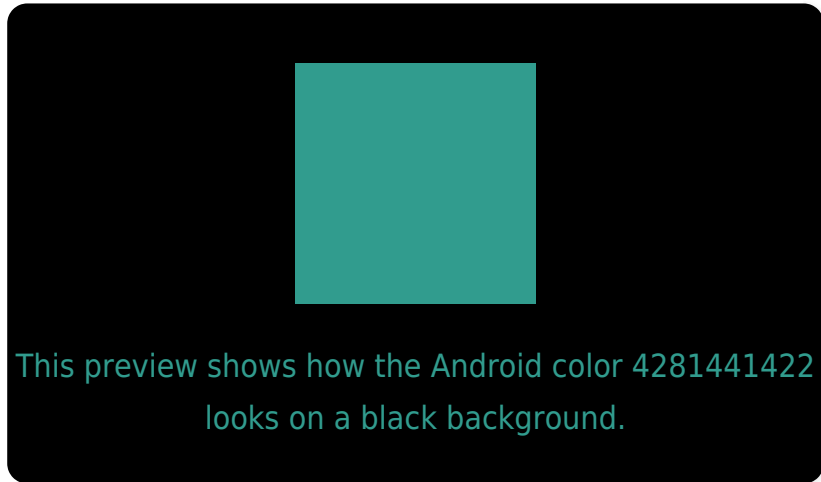
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4281441422 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281441422.

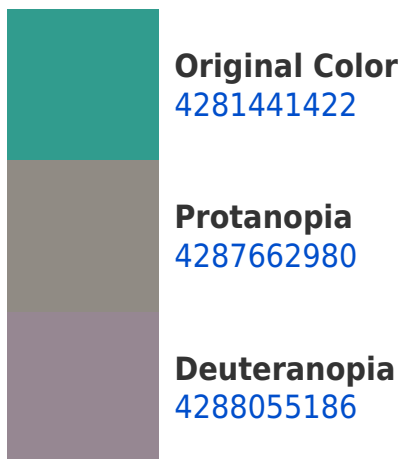


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281441422.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color

4281441422



Protanomaly

4285370760



Deuteranomaly

4285632401



Tritanomaly

4281965213

Monochromacy



Original Color

4281441422



Achromatopsia

4286216826



Achromatomaly

4284450433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281441422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 156, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 156, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 156, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 156, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281441422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 156, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 156, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 156, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 156, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 156, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 156,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281441422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 156, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 156,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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