

# Converting Colors

Android(4281443278)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281443278) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4281443278)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	31A3CE
RGB	49, 163, 206
RGB Percent	19%, 64%, 81%
CMY	0.8078, 0.3608, 0.1922
CMYK	0.76, 0.21, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	196°, 62%, 50%
HSV	196°, 76%, 81%
XYZ	25.5044, 31.3036, 63.0905
YIQ	133.8160, -81.7470, -10.7950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

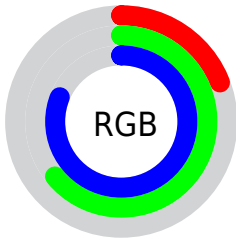
Format	Color
RYP	49, 115, 206
Decimal	3253198
CIELab	62.76, -17.00, -30.94
CIElCh	63, 35.300, 241.217
Yxy	31.3036, 0.2127, 0.2611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281443278 (0xFF31A3CE)
YUV	133.8160, 35.5867, -74.3836
Hunter-Lab	55.9496, -16.5433, -27.6925

# Details

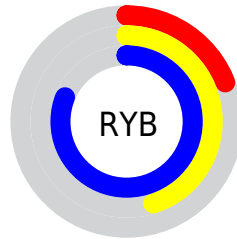
The Android color **4281443278** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **4291714097**, and the grayscale version is **4287006342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285979391**, and **4278218648** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280065486**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282821070**.

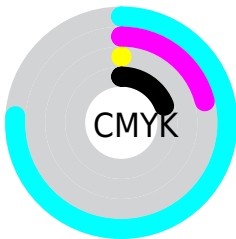
# Distribution



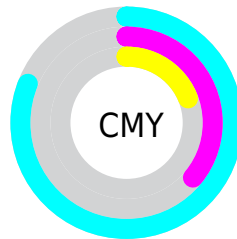
- Red (19%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281443278 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281443278 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4281443278

 4281443278

4294967295

 4278225330

 4285979391


 4278218648

 4287952639

 4278212477

 4289986559

 4278206308

 4291952639

 4278200652

 4293918719

 4278195253

 4278190623

 4278190083

 4278190080

■ 4281443278

■ 4281443278

■ 4280065486

■ 4282821070

■ 4278753486

■ 4284133070

■ 4278228686

■ 4285510862

■ 4286823118

■ 4288200654

■ 4289578446

■ 4290890446

■ 4292268238

■ 4293580494

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278233271



4281443278



4285307606

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281443278



4292050840



4287275105

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281443278



4291714097

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289435224



4281443278



4292051577

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281443278



4290807223



4291136354



4284851833

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281443278



4287534034



4291136354



4288060764

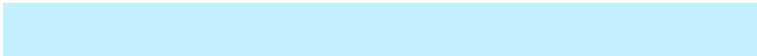


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281443278



4291096575



4281454171



4284249728



4278190080



4286611584

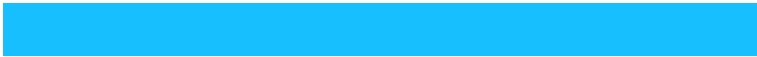


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281443278



4279746559



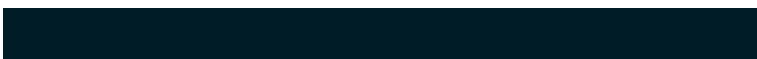
4281423566



4284244838



4278220966



4278197286



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291703203



4294907839



4291733809



4284898403



4289069176



4280680476



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281443278 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

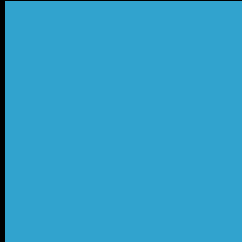
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281443278 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281443278 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281443278.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281443278.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281443278

**Protanopia**  
4287272388

**Deuteranopia**  
4286813649



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281443278

**Protanomaly**  
4285176520

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284848848

**Tritanomaly**  
4280264382

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281443278

**Achromatopsia**  
4287006342

**Achromatomaly**  
4284977568

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281443278 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 163, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 163, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 163, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 163, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281443278 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 163, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 163, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 163, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 163, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 163, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 163,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281443278 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 163, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 163,  
206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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