

# Converting Colors

Android(4281493495)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281493495) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281493495)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3267F7
RGB	50, 103, 247
RGB Percent	20%, 40%, 97%
CMY	0.8039, 0.5961, 0.0314
CMYK	0.80, 0.58, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	224°, 92%, 58%
HSV	224°, 80%, 97%
XYZ	22.9541, 17.0940, 90.0853
YIQ	103.5690, -77.8120, 33.5480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

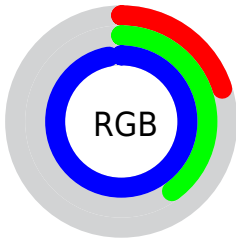
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	50, 92, 247
Decimal	3303415
CIELab	48.38, 33.88, -76.76
CIELCh	48, 83.903, 293.814
Yxy	17.0940, 0.1764, 0.1314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281493495 (0xFF3267F7)
YUV	103.5690, 70.7115, -46.9800
Hunter-Lab	41.3449, 26.7473, -100.2440

# Details

The Android color `4281493495` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `3366FF`. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be `4294427186`, and the grayscale version is `4284966759`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286552831`, and `4278204861` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279850487`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283136503`.

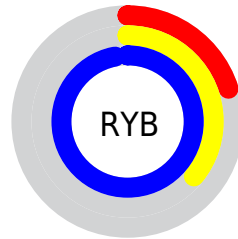
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (40%)

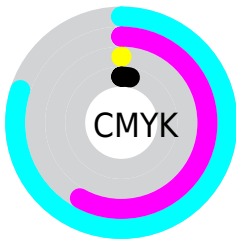
Blue (97%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (97%)

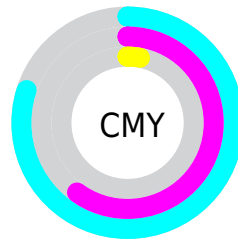


Cyan (80%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281493495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281493495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281493495



4281493495

4294967295



4278210522



4286552831



4278204861



4288656639



4278199714



4290760959



4278195335



4292865279



4278190188

4294901759



4278192979



4278191675



4278190628



4278190092

■ 4281493495

■ 4281493495

■ 4279850487

■ 4283136503

■ 4278273015

■ 4284713975

■ 4278207223

■ 4286356983

■ 4287999991

■ 4289642999

■ 4291220471

■ 4292863479

■ 4294506487

■ 4294967287

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278223359



4281493495



4290132424

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281493495



4291446528



4278226785

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281493495



4294427186

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278225416



4281493495



4288244480

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281493495



4293328959



4283793408



4278227115

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281493495



4292477084



4283793408



4278226248



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281493495



4290958079



4281530303



4284179584



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281493495



4278865151



4284297975



4285428090



4278203066



4278194235



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294390375



4294904396



4291622706



4286213745



4290379826



4282056720



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281493495 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

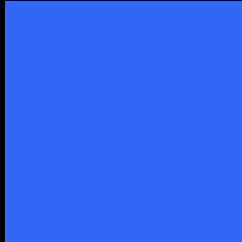
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281493495 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281493495 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281493495.

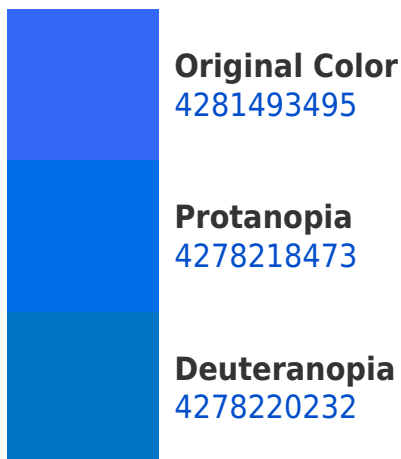


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281493495.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281493495

**Protanomaly**  
4279397358

**Deuteranomaly**  
4279398617

**Tritanomaly**  
4279400112

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281493495

**Achromatopsia**  
4285032552

**Achromatomaly**  
4283721884

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281493495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 103, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 103, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 103, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 103, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281493495 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 103, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 103, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 103, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 103, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 103, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 103,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281493495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 103, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 103,  
247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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