

# Converting Colors

Android(4281503902)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281503902) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281503902)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	32909E
RGB	50, 144, 158
RGB Percent	20%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.8039, 0.4353, 0.3804
CMYK	0.68, 0.09, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	188°, 52%, 41%
HSV	188°, 68%, 62%
XYZ	17.4602, 23.0932, 35.8849
YIQ	117.4900, -60.5180, -15.5740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

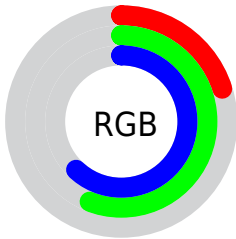
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	50, 100, 158
Decimal	3313822
CIELab	55.17, -22.53, -15.44
CIELCh	55, 27.313, 214.435
Yxy	23.0932, 0.2284, 0.3021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281503902 (0xFF32909E)
YUV	117.4900, 19.9714, -59.1887
Hunter-Lab	48.0554, -19.2418, -10.6354




# Details

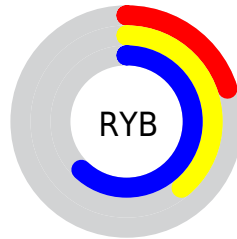
The Android color `4281503902` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339999`. A complement of this color would be `4288561202`, and the grayscale version is `4285887861`.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285449941`, and `4278213995` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4280454814`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282552990`.

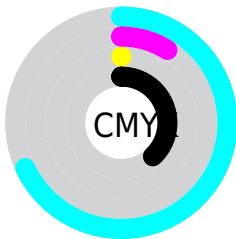
# Distribution







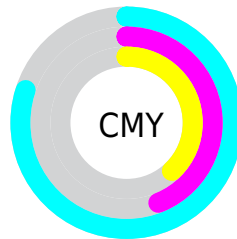
-  Red (20%)
-  Green (56%)
-  Blue (62%)






-  Red (20%)
-  Yellow (39%)
-  Blue (62%)



-  Cyan (68%)
-  Magenta (9%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (38%)




-  Cyan (80%)
-  Magenta (44%)
-  Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281503902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281503902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4281503902

 4281503902

4294967295

 4278220420

 4285449941


 4278213995

 4287357681

 4278207826

 4289265663

 4278202171


 4291166207

 4278197286

 4293066751

 4278190352

 4278190080

 4281503902

 4281503902

 4280454814

 4282552990

■ 4279405726

■ 4283602078

■ 4278422174

■ 4284585630

■ 4278225566

■ 4285634718

■ 4286683806

■ 4287732894

■ 4288781982

■ 4289765534

■ 4290814622

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282421639



4281503902



4282748078

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281503902



4289033625



4287726677

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281503902



4288561202

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289035354



4281503902



4289884801

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281503902



4287397291



4289820010



4286024540

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281503902



4284319923



4289820010



4288184661



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281503902



4288924111



4281507391



4283327849



4293454056



4285098345



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281503902



4280662479



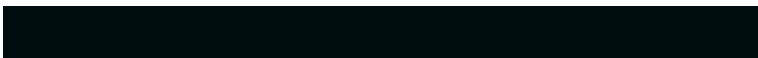
4281490334



4282863183



4278221967



4278193423



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288557712



4291765689



4288574770



4283385678



4287561852



4279173133



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281503902 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

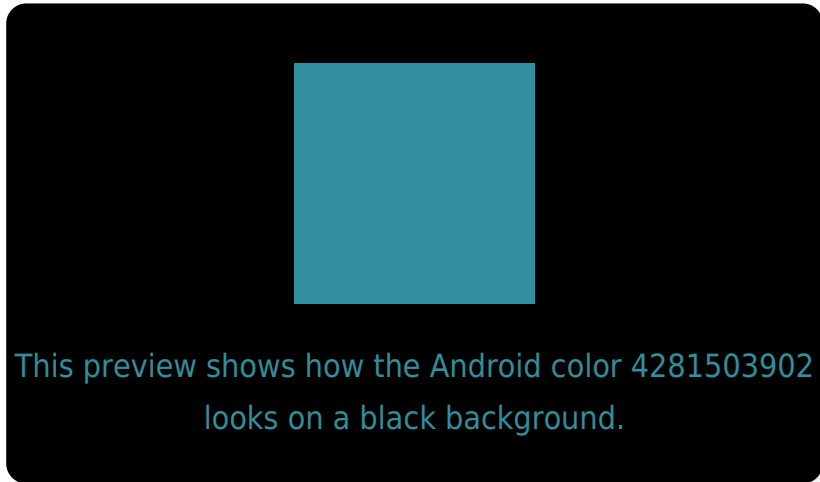
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

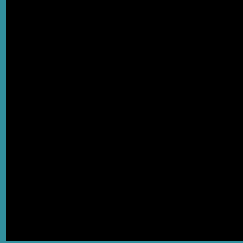
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281503902 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281503902.

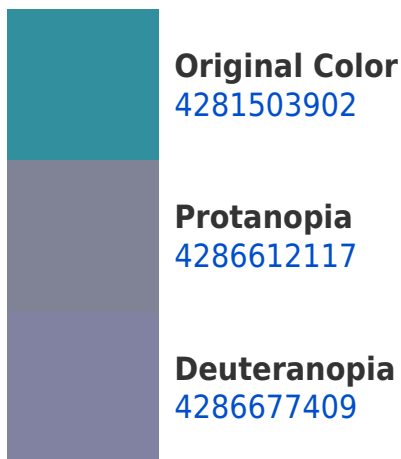


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281503902.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281503902



**Protanomaly**  
4284778392



**Deuteranomaly**  
4284778144



**Tritanomaly**  
4281438365

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281503902



**Achromatopsia**  
4285887861



**Achromatomaly**  
4284317572

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281503902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 144, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 144, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 144, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 144, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281503902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 144, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 144, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 144, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 144, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 144, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 144,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281503902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 144, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 144,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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