

# Converting Colors

Android(4281558792)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281558792) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281558792)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	336708
RGB	51, 103, 8
RGB Percent	20%, 40%, 3%
CMY	0.8000, 0.5961, 0.9686
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.92, 0.60
HSL	93°, 86%, 22%
HSV	93°, 92%, 40%
XYZ	6.2593, 10.4218, 1.9114
YIQ	76.6220, -0.4970, -40.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

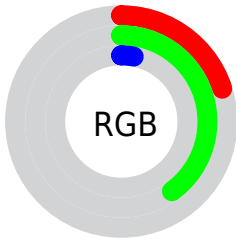
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	8, 103, 60
Decimal	3368712
CIELab	38.59, -33.38, 42.14
CIELCh	39, 53.761, 128.387
Yxy	10.4218, 0.3367, 0.5605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281558792 (0xFF336708)
YUV	76.6220, -33.8306, -22.4705
Hunter-Lab	32.2829, -21.8857, 19.0875

# Details

The Android color `4281558792` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336600`. A complement of this color would be `4282124391`, and the grayscale version is `4283256141`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4284980030`, and `4278204160` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281296640`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281952018`.

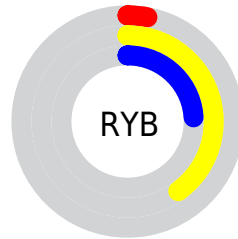
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (40%)

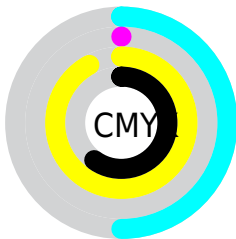
Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (24%)

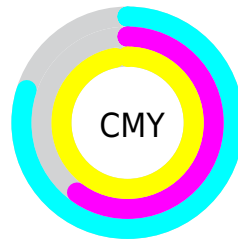


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281558792 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281558792 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281558792



4281558792

4294967292



4279783168



4284980030



4278204160



4286756440



4278199040



4288532849



4278190080



4290375308



4292280231



4294180802



4294967263



4281558792



4281558792

■ 4281296640

■ 4281952018

■ 4282279709

■ 4282672935

■ 4283066161

■ 4283393852

■ 4283787078

■ 4284114768

■ 4284507994

■ 4284901221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284701952



4281558792



4278217785

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281558792



4278216876



4289145169

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281558792



4282124391

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288099196



4281558792



4278213810

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281558792



4278218128



4285221280



4288690215

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281558792



4278218327



4285221280



4289014111



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281558792



4285695841



4284955400



4281877805



4291085508



4282729797



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281558792



4282222336



4278740747



4281348910



4281627392



4285460992



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282124391



4283039879



4284942436



4281413171



4282318963

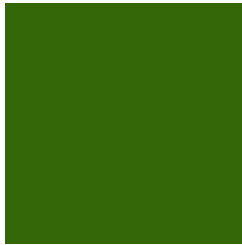


4286906610



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281558792 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

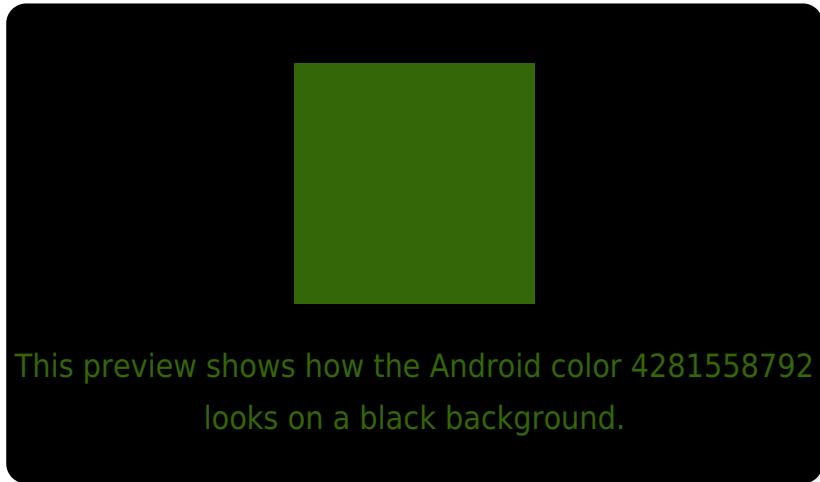
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

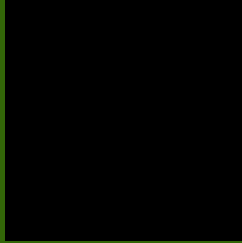
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281558792 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281558792.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281558792.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281558792

**Deuteranopia**  
4285683222

**Tritanopia**  
4282474599

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281558792

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284177425

**Tritanomaly**  
4282147652

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281558792

**Achromatopsia**  
4283256141

**Achromatomaly**  
4282668596

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281558792 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 103, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 103, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 103, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 103, 8) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281558792 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 103, 8) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 103, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 103, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 103, 8); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 103, 8);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 103, 8)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281558792 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 103, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 103,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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