

# Converting Colors

Android(4281576328)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281576328) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4281576328)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33AB88
RGB	51, 171, 136
RGB Percent	20%, 67%, 53%
CMY	0.8000, 0.3294, 0.4667
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.20, 0.33
HSL	162°, 54%, 44%
HSV	162°, 70%, 67%
XYZ	20.3721, 31.6072, 28.3196
YIQ	131.1300, -60.2850, -36.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

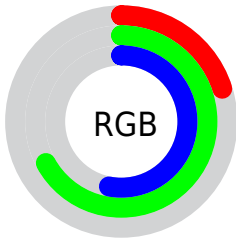
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">51, 121, 171</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3386248</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.02, -41.36, 8.57</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">63, 42.241, 168.293</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">31.6072, 0.2537, 0.3936</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281576328 (0xFF33AB88)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">131.1300, 2.4009, -70.2740</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.2203, -33.7039, 9.4883</a>

# Details

The Android color **4281576328** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **4289409878**, and the grayscale version is **4286808963**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285653949**, and **4278220374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280462211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282690445**.

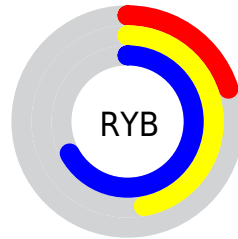
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (67%)

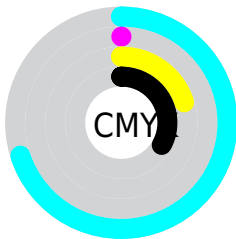
Blue (53%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (67%)

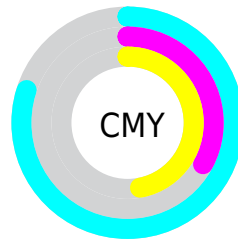


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281576328 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281576328 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4281576328

 4281576328

4294967295

 4278227055

 4285653949

 4278220374

 4287561689

 4278213695

 4289462262

 4278207529


 4291428351

 4278201621

 4293328895

 4278194688

 4278190080

 4281576328

 4281576328

 4280462211

 4282690445

■ 4279348094

■ 4283804562

■ 4278233977

■ 4284918679

■ 4286032796

■ 4287146913

■ 4288326566

■ 4289440683

■ 4290554800

■ 4291668917

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285441637



4281576328



4278234287

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281576328



4286944480



4292248674

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281576328



4289409878

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292901763



4281576328



4290348747

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281576328



4281704930



4292311977



4290548046

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281576328



4278233798



4292311977



4292575340



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281576328



4289715920



4283935539



4283723880



4293980400



4285558896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281576328



4280540839



4281570219



4283324244



4278228587



4278195984



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289409878



4292748122



4289415987



4283911761



4288020524

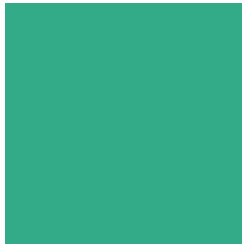


4279697415



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281576328 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

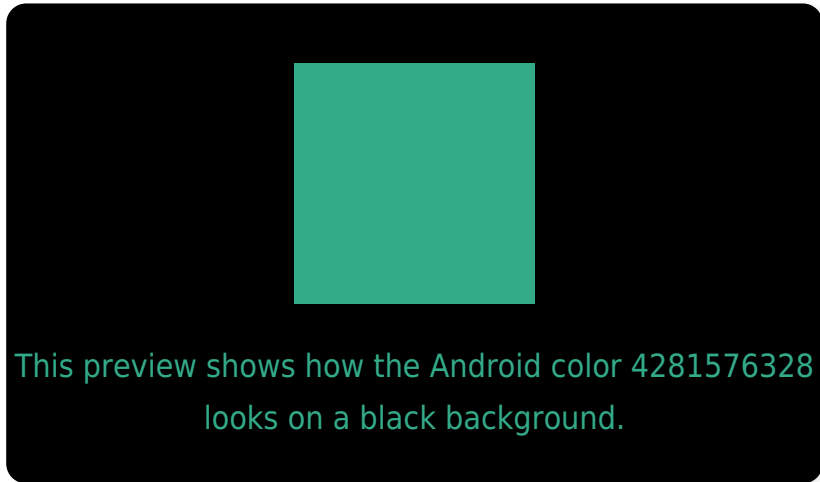
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

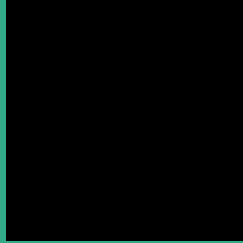
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281576328 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281576328.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281576328.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



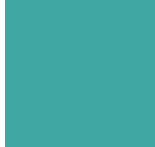
**Original Color**  
4281576328



**Protanomaly**  
4286094978



**Deuteranomaly**  
4286552971



**Tritanomaly**  
4282427299

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281576328



**Achromatopsia**  
4286808963



**Achromatomaly**  
4284912261

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281576328 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 171, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 171, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 171, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 171, 136) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281576328 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

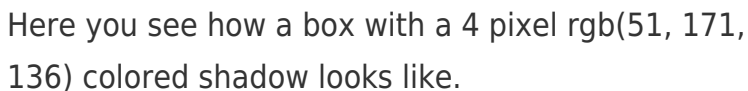
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 171, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 171, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 171, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 171, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 171, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 171,  
136) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281576328 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 171, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 171,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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