

# Converting Colors

Android(4281702811)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281702811) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281702811)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	35999B
RGB	53, 153, 155
RGB Percent	21%, 60%, 61%
CMY	0.7922, 0.4000, 0.3922
CMYK	0.66, 0.01, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	181°, 49%, 41%
HSV	181°, 66%, 61%
XYZ	18.7758, 25.9059, 35.0211
YIQ	123.3280, -60.2420, -20.5780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

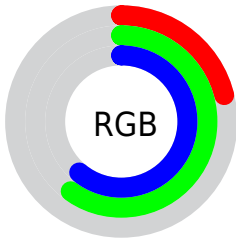
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	53, 103, 155
Decimal	3512731
CIELab	57.95, -27.54, -9.54
CIElCh	58, 29.145, 199.097
Yxy	25.9059, 0.2356, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281702811 (0xFF35999B)
YUV	123.3280, 15.6143, -61.6777
Hunter-Lab	50.8978, -23.2239, -5.1670

# Details

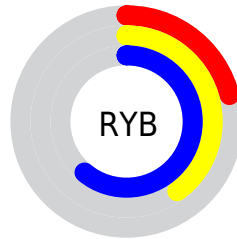
The Android color `4281702811` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339999`. A complement of this color would be `4288362293`, and the grayscale version is `4286282619`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285649105`, and `4278216040` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4280719771`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282751387`.

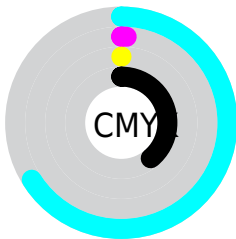
# Distribution



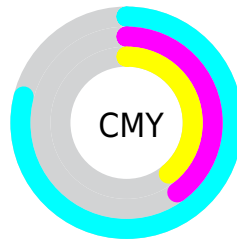
- Red (21%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281702811 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281702811 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281702811



4281702811

4294967295



4278681473



4285649105



4278216040



4287556846



4278209872



4289462271



4278203961



4291362815



4278198819



4293263359



4278190350



4278190080



4281702811



4281702811



4280719771



4282751387

■ 4279670939

■ 4283734683

■ 4278687899

■ 4284783259

■ 4278229147

■ 4285766299

■ 4286815131

■ 4287798171

■ 4288846747

■ 4289829787

■ 4290878619

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283472257



4281702811



4281833137

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281702811



4288839597



4289037913

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281702811



4288362293

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290215526



4281702811



4290214294

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281702811



4286679227



4290672764



4287401818

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281702811



4283208634



4290672764



4289496156



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281702811



4288793033



4281703223



4283328102



4293322470



4284900966



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281702811



4280993481



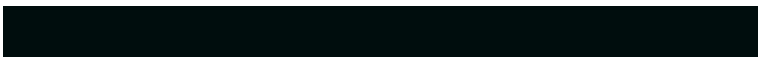
4281689755



4282731597



4278225548



4278193421



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288361881



4291373766



4288375349



4283254092



4287365258

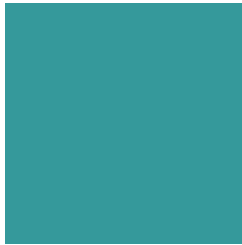


4279042061



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281702811 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

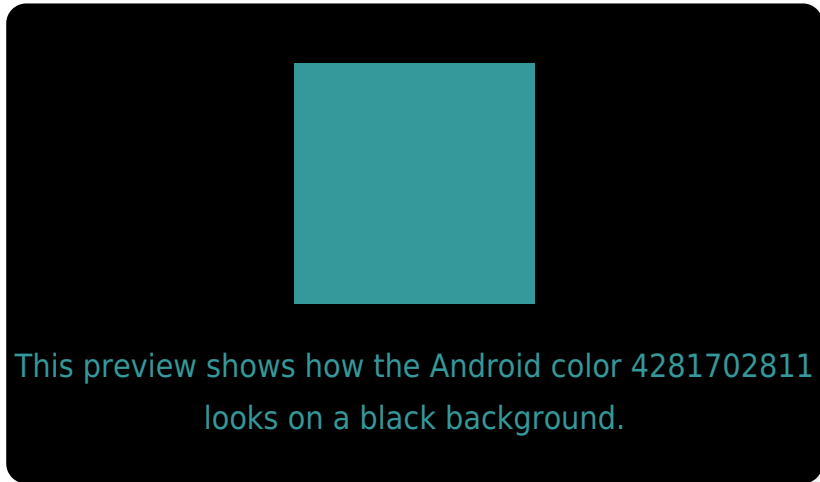
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281702811 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281702811.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281702811.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281702811



**Protanomaly**  
4285304725



**Deuteranomaly**  
4285435550



**Tritanomaly**  
4281899169

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281702811



**Achromatopsia**  
4286282619



**Achromatomaly**  
4284647047

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281702811 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 153, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 153, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 153, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 153, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281702811 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 153, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 153, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 153, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 153, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 153, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 153,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281702811 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 153, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 153,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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