

Converting Colors

Android(4281749137)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4281749137) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| Android(4281749137) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 23 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 26 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 29 |

Color

Android(4281749137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 364E91 |
| RGB | 54, 78, 145 |
| RGB Percent | 21%, 31%, 57% |
| CMY | 0.7882, 0.6941, 0.4314 |
| CMYK | 0.63, 0.46, 0.00, 0.43 |
| HSL | 224°, 46%, 39% |
| HSV | 224°, 63%, 57% |
| XYZ | 9.3565, 8.2774, 27.8926 |
| YIQ | 78.4620, -35.8110, 15.7490 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

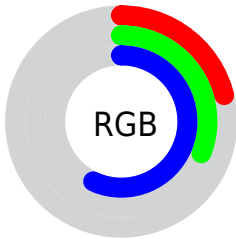
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 54, 73, 145 |
| Decimal | 3559057 |
| CIELab | 34.55, 12.96, -39.86 |
| CIElCh | 35, 41.913, 288.015 |
| Yxy | 8.2774, 0.2055, 0.1818 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281749137 (0xFF364E91) |
| YUV | 78.4620, 32.8032, -21.4532 |
| Hunter-Lab | 28.7704, 7.7024, -37.3417 |

Details

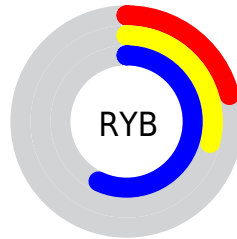
The Android color `4281749137` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `333366`. A complement of this color would be `4287723830`, and the grayscale version is `4283321934`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285366215`, and `4278199134` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4280763281`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282734993`.

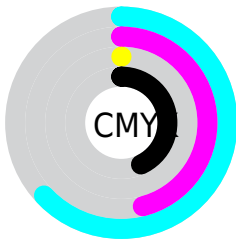
Distribution



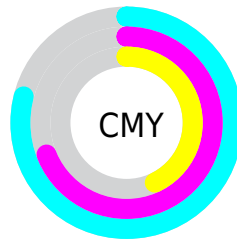
- Red (21%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281749137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281749137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4281749137

■ 4281749137

4294967295

■ 4279580535

■ 4285366215

■ 4278199134

■ 4287207652

■ 4278193478

■ 4289049599

■ 4278191151

■ 4290891775

■ 4278190361

■ 4292799487

■ 4278190080

■ 4294705151

■ 4281749137

■ 4281749137

■ 4280763281

■ 4282734993

■ 4279843217

■ 4283655057

■ 4278922897

■ 4284640913

■ 4278199953

■ 4285561233

■ 4286546833

■ 4287467153

■ 4288387473

■ 4289373073

■ 4290358929

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278213011



4281749137



4285284222

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281749137



4286790944



4278214722

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281749137



4287723830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4280704290



4281749137



4285352711

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281749137



4287443519



4283389447



4278215013

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281749137



4286592619



4283389447



4278214455

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281749137



4288258749



4281766265



4282994270



4292796126



4284374622

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281749137



4281292221



4283119249



4282401351



4278199431



4278190600

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287706702



4290588501



4286353718



4282859586



4287037476



4278714370

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281749137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

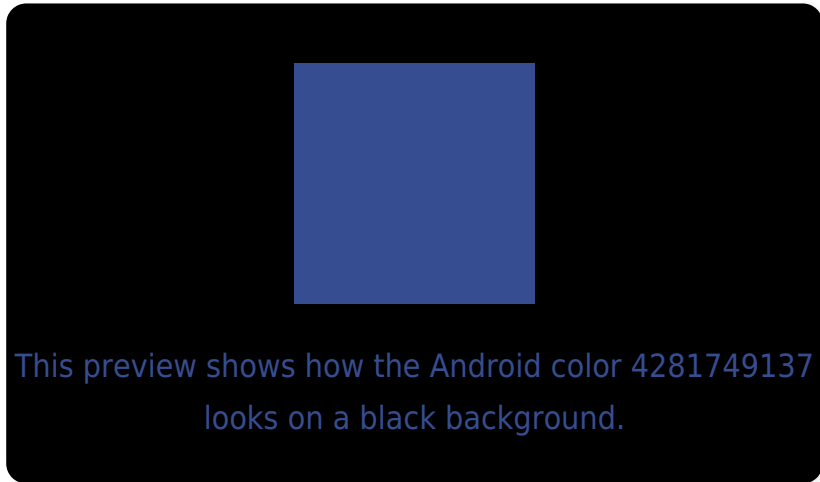
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4281749137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281749137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281749137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
4281749137

Protanopia
4281421714

Deuteranopia
4279718544

Trichromacy



Original Color

4281749137

Protanomaly

4281552786

Deuteranomaly

4280439184

Tritanomaly

4280636786

Monochromacy



Original Color

4281749137

Achromatopsia

4283321934

Achromatomaly

4282732134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281749137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 78, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 78, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 78, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 78, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281749137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 78, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 78, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 78, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 78, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 78, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 78,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281749137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 78, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 78,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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