

# Converting Colors

Android(4281750875)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281750875) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281750875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	36555B
RGB	54, 85, 91
RGB Percent	21%, 33%, 36%
CMY	0.7882, 0.6667, 0.6431
CMYK	0.41, 0.07, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	190°, 26%, 28%
HSV	190°, 41%, 36%
XYZ	6.6581, 8.0366, 11.0978
YIQ	76.4150, -20.4020, -4.7060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

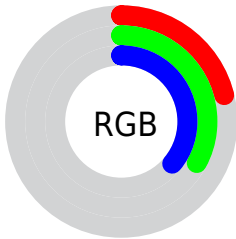
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	54, 71, 91
Decimal	3560795
CIELab	34.06, -9.66, -7.11
CIElCh	34, 11.995, 216.381
Yxy	8.0366, 0.2581, 0.3116
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281750875 (0xFF36555B)
YUV	76.4150, 7.1904, -19.6580
Hunter-Lab	28.3489, -7.6873, -3.3662

# Details

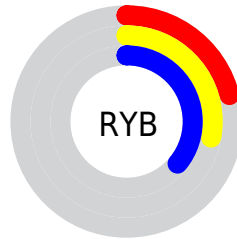
The Android color **4281750875** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4284169270**, and the grayscale version is **4283190348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284974989**, and **4278593581** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4281160795**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282340955**.

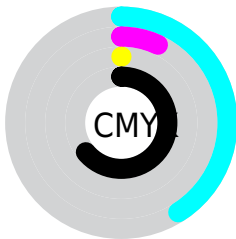
# Distribution



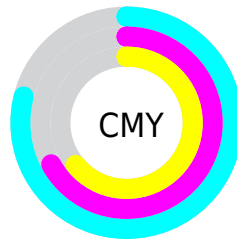
- Red (21%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281750875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281750875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281750875



4281750875

4294967295



4280237636



4284974989



4278593581



4286620071



4278195225



4288396483



4278190080



4290173151



4292015355



4293853183



4281750875



4281750875



4281160795



4282340955

■ 4280570459

■ 4282931291

■ 4279980379

■ 4283521371

■ 4279390043

■ 4284111707

■ 4278799963

■ 4284767323

■ 4278209627

■ 4285357659

■ 4285947739

■ 4286538075

■ 4287128155

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281882194



4281750875



4282143585

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281750875



4284369496



4283781181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281750875



4284169270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284370239



4281750875



4284696910

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281750875



4283714911



4284697157



4283126593

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281750875



4282667363



4284697157



4283977533



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281750875



4284969845



4281752380



4281481531



4290427578



4282071867



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281750875



4282150005



4281746267



4280888622



4278213742



4278241261



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284167765



4285873260



4284173878



4281215277



4285399132



4293722311



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281750875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

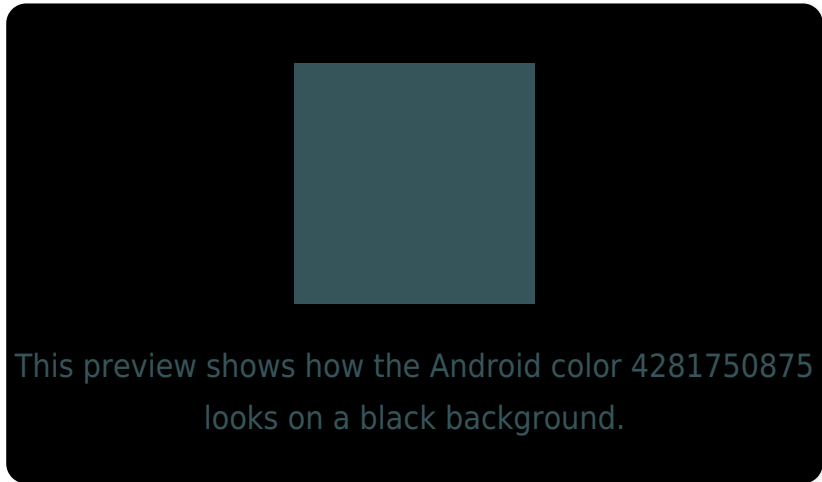
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281750875 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281750875.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281750875.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4281750875

**Protanopia**

4283387735

**Deuteranopia**

4283584093



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4281750875

**Protanomaly**

4282798424

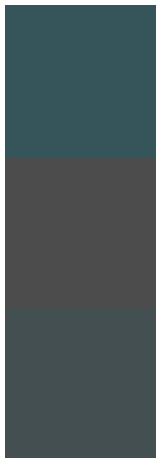
**Deuteranomaly**

4282929500

**Tritanomaly**

4281750876

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4281750875

**Achromatopsia**

4283190348

**Achromatomaly**

4282666833

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281750875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 85, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 85, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 85, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 85, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281750875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 85, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 85, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 85, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 85, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 85, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 85, 91)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281750875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 85, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 85,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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