

# Converting Colors

Android(4281830252)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4281830252) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4281830252)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	378B6C
RGB	55, 139, 108
RGB Percent	22%, 55%, 42%
CMY	0.7843, 0.4549, 0.5765
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.22, 0.45
HSL	158°, 43%, 38%
HSV	158°, 60%, 55%
XYZ	13.5149, 20.3602, 17.4050
YIQ	110.3500, -40.1130, -27.4490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

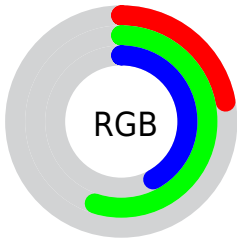
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	55, 107, 139
Decimal	3640172
CIELab	52.24, -33.17, 9.12
CIELCh	52, 34.403, 164.635
Yxy	20.3602, 0.2636, 0.3970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281830252 (0xFF378B6C)
YUV	110.3500, -1.1585, -48.5419
Hunter-Lab	45.1222, -25.4999, 8.7157




# Details

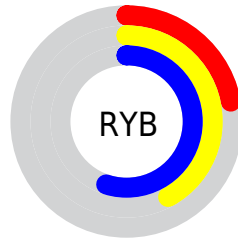
The Android color `4281830252` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339966`. A complement of this color would be `4287313750`, and the grayscale version is `4285427310`.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285448607`, and `4278212669` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4280912743`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282747761`.

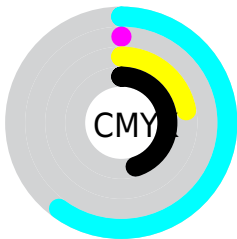
# Distribution







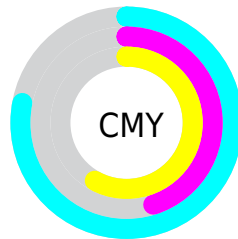
-  Red (22%)
-  Green (55%)
-  Blue (42%)






-  Red (22%)
-  Yellow (42%)
-  Blue (55%)



-  Cyan (60%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (22%)
-  Black (45%)



-  Cyan (78%)
-  Magenta (45%)
-  Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281830252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281830252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4281830252



4281830252

4294967295



4279726420



4285448607



4278212669



4287225274



4278206503



4289067734



4278200850



4290969587



4278193920



4292804607



4278190080



4294770687



4281830252



4281830252



4280912743



4282747761

■ 4279995234

■ 4283665270

■ 4279077725

■ 4284582779

■ 4278225752

■ 4285500289

■ 4286417798

■ 4287269771

■ 4288187280

■ 4289104789

■ 4290022298

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284516177



4281830252



4278226059

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281830252



4285037494



4289686356

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281830252



4287313750

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290078063



4281830252



4287787175

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281830252



4281107637



4289488781



4288443972

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281830252



4278225821



4289488781



4289947997



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281830252



4287935913



4283927351



4282932308



4292598747



4284243036



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281830252



4281447812



4281827723



4282271042



4278224212



4278191363



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287313750



4290064738



4287316279



4282728001



4286906417



4278517762



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281830252 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

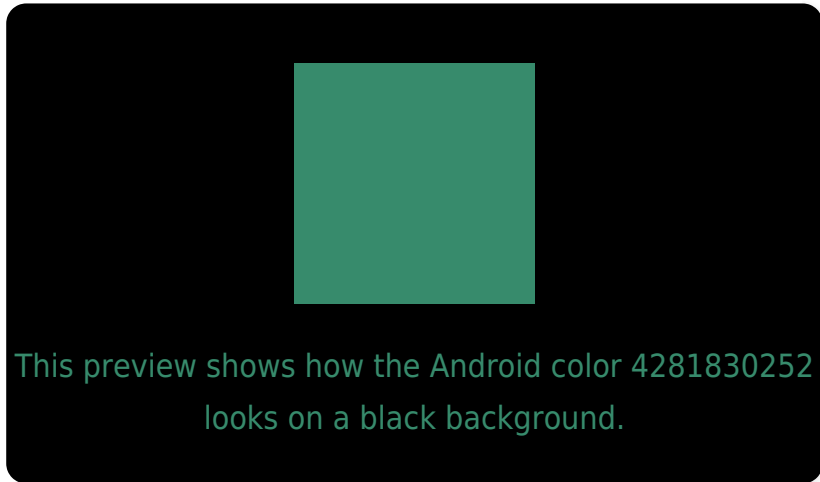
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4281830252 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281830252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281830252.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4281830252

**Protanopia**

4286807140

**Deuteranopia**

4287395696



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4281830252

**Protanomaly**  
4284973415

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285365871

**Tritanomaly**  
4282353796

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4281830252

**Achromatopsia**  
4285427310

**Achromatomaly**  
4284119405

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281830252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 139, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 139, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 139, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 139, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281830252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 139, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 139, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 139, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 139, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 139, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 139,  
108) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281830252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 139, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 139,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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