

# Converting Colors

Android(4282072650)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282072650) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282072650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B3E4A
RGB	59, 62, 74
RGB Percent	23%, 24%, 29%
CMY	0.7686, 0.7569, 0.7098
CMYK	0.20, 0.16, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	228°, 11%, 26%
HSV	228°, 20%, 29%
XYZ	4.7623, 4.8695, 7.1675
YIQ	62.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

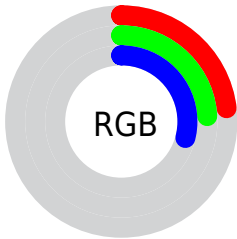
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	59, 62, 74
Decimal	3882570
CIE Lab	26.36, 1.75, -7.72
CIE LCh	26, 7.915, 282.739
Yxy	4.8695, 0.2835, 0.2899
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282072650 (0xFF3B3E4A)
YUV	62.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441
Hunter-Lab	22.0669, -0.0946, -3.8110

# Details

The Android color **4282072650** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **4283057979**, and the grayscale version is **4282269246**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285164923**, and **4279309342** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4281612362**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282532938**.

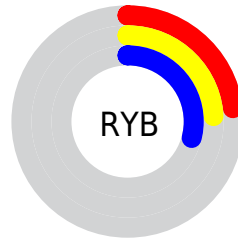
# Distribution



 Red (23%)

 Green (24%)

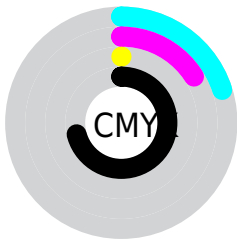
 Blue (29%)



 Red (23%)

 Yellow (24%)

 Blue (29%)

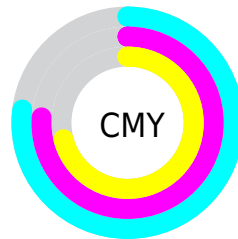


 Cyan (20%)

 Magenta (16%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (71%)



 Cyan (77%)

 Magenta (76%)

 Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282072650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282072650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4282072650

■ 4282072650

4294967295

■ 4280625203

■ 4285164923

■ 4279309342

■ 4286875540

■ 4278190084

■ 4288586159

■ 4278190080

■ 4290362570

■ 4292139239

■ 4294046975

■ 4282072650

■ 4282072650

■ 4281612362

■ 4282532938

■ 4281086538

■ 4283058762

■ 4280626250

■ 4283519050

■ 4280100426

■ 4284044874

■ 4279640138

■ 4284505162

■ 4279179850

■ 4284965450

■ 4278654282

■ 4285491018

■ 4278193994

■ 4285951306

■ 4286477130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281614410



4282072650



4282596423

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282072650



4283054902



4281549371

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282072650



4283057979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282007605



4282072650



4282793267

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282072650



4283120188



4282400563



4281287233

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282072650



4282858308



4282400563



4281680185



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282072650



4284177505



4282075719



4281151024



4289769648



4281348144



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282072650



4283059809



4282399562



4280427302



4278195302



4278202086



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283054910



4284566094



4282796603



4280689187



4284874772

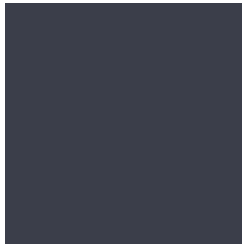


4293263406



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282072650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

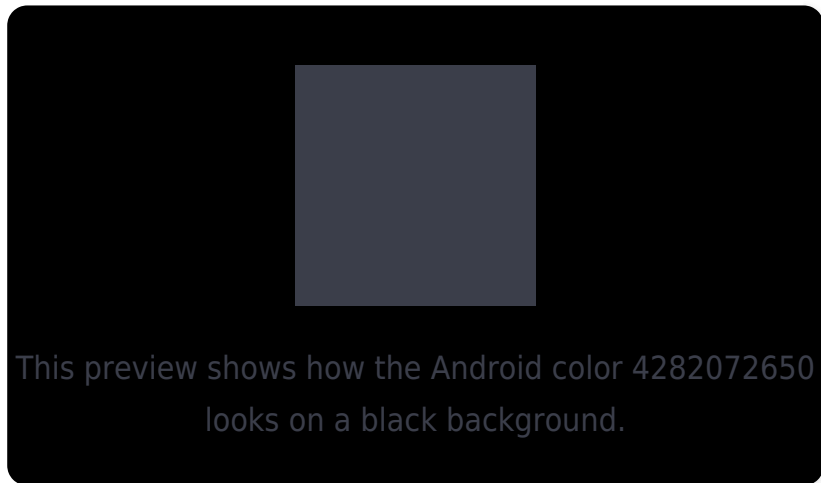
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

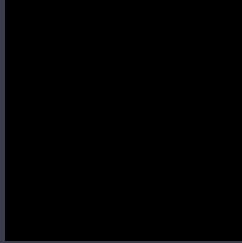
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

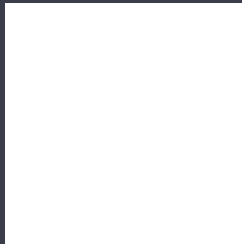
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282072650 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282072650.

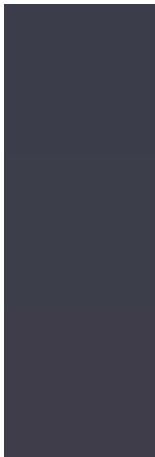


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282072650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



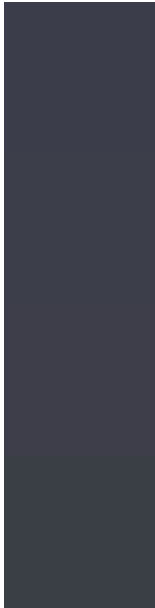
**Original Color**  
4282072650

**Protanopia**  
4282138186

**Deuteranopia**  
4282334538



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282072650

**Protanomaly**  
4282138186

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282269002

**Tritanomaly**  
4282007366

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282072650

**Achromatopsia**  
4282269246

**Achromatomaly**  
4282203714

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282072650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(59, 62, 74) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 62, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 62, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 62, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282072650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 62, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 62, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 62, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 62, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 62, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 62, 74)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282072650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 62, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 62,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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