

# Converting Colors

Android(4282137917)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282137917) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282137917)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C3D3D
RGB	60, 61, 61
RGB Percent	24%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.7647, 0.7608, 0.7608
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	180°, 1%, 24%
HSV	180°, 2%, 24%
XYZ	4.3745, 4.6351, 5.0790
YIQ	60.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	60, 61, 61
Decimal	3947837
CIELab	25.67, -0.42, -0.15
CIELCh	26, 0.448, 199.858
Yxy	4.6351, 0.3105, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282137917 (0xFF3C3D3D)
YUV	60.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148
Hunter-Lab	21.5292, -1.4066, 1.0833

# Details

The Android color **4282137917** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **4282203196**, and the grayscale version is **4282203453**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285230188**, and **4279374611** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4281744701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282531133**.

# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (24%)

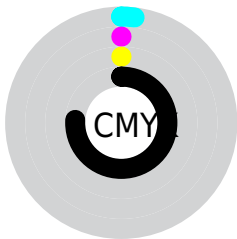
Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282137917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282137917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282137917



4282137917

4294967295



4280690471



4285230188



4279374611



4286875270



4278190080



4288651424



4290362299



4292204246



4294046707



4282137917



4282137917



4281744701



4282531133

■ 4281351485

■ 4282924349

■ 4280958269

■ 4283317565

■ 4280565053

■ 4283710781

■ 4280106301

■ 4284169533

■ 4279713085

■ 4284562749

■ 4279319869

■ 4284955965

■ 4278926653

■ 4285349181

■ 4278533437

■ 4285742397

# Harmonies

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282137917



4282203453



4282203452

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282137917



4282203196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282203452



4282137917



4282203453

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282137917



4282203453



4282268989



4282203452

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282137917



4282268989



4282203452



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282137917



4283387727



4282137916



4280887593



4289243304

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282137917



4283256655



4280164127



4278214238



4278247134

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282203197



4283387215



4282203452



4280229407



4284350558

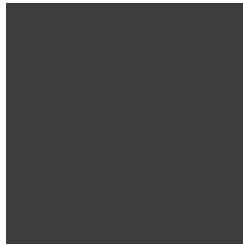


4292739294



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282137917 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

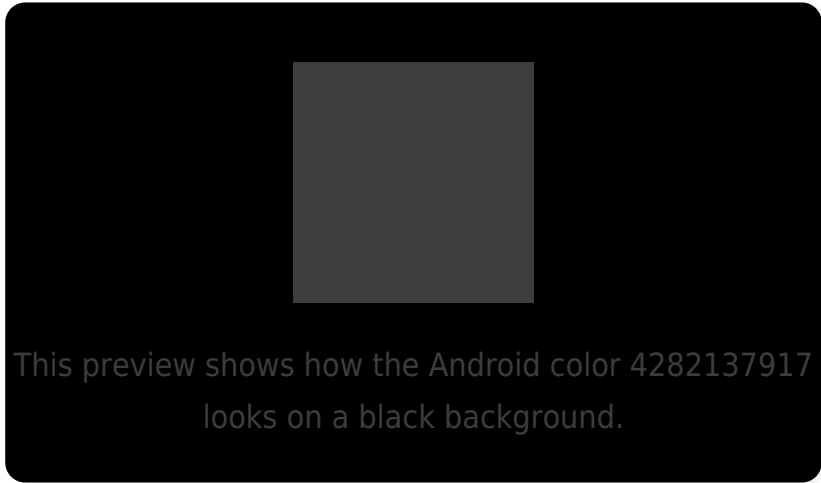
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

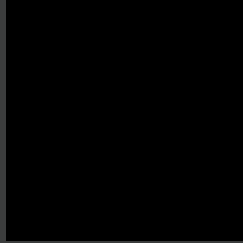
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

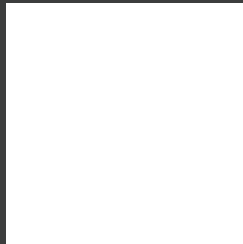
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# Android 4282137917 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282137917.

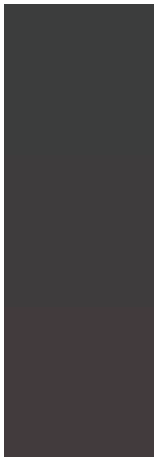


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282137917.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282137917

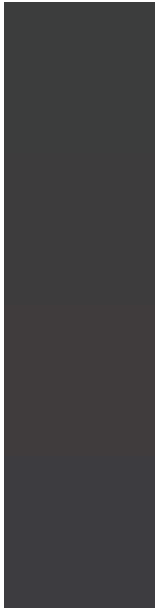
**Protanopia**  
4282268733

**Deuteranopia**  
4282530621





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282137917

**Protanomaly**

4282203197

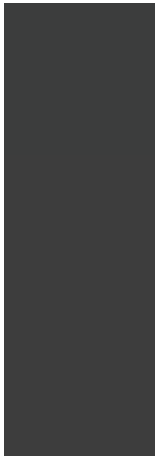
**Deuteranomaly**

4282399805

**Tritanomaly**

4282203200

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282137917

**Achromatopsia**

4282203453

**Achromatomaly**

4282203453

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282137917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 61, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 61, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 61, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 61, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282137917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 61, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 61, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 61, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 61, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 61, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 61, 61)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282137917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 61, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 61,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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