

Converting Colors

Android(4282138912)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4282138912) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| Android(4282138912) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 23 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 26 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 29 |

Color

Android(4282138912)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 3C4120 |
| RGB | 60, 65, 32 |
| RGB Percent | 24%, 25%, 13% |
| CMY | 0.7647, 0.7451, 0.8745 |
| CMYK | 0.08, 0.00, 0.51, 0.75 |
| HSL | 69°, 34%, 19% |
| HSV | 69°, 51%, 25% |
| XYZ | 4.0145, 4.8455, 2.0902 |
| YIQ | 59.7430, 7.6130, -11.3230 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

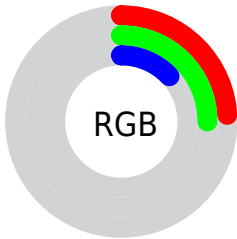
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 32, 65, 37 |
| Decimal | 3948832 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 26.29, -8.16, 19.36 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 26, 21.011, 112.846 |
| Yxy | 4.8455, 0.3666, 0.4425 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4282138912 (0xFF3C4120) |
| YUV | 59.7430, -13.6773, 0.2254 |
| Hunter-Lab | 22.0126, -5.9685, 9.7789 |

Details

The Android color **4282138912** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4280623169**, and the grayscale version is **4282137660**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285296973**, and **4279113472** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282073370**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282204455**.

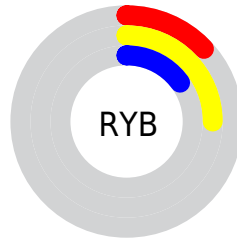
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (25%)

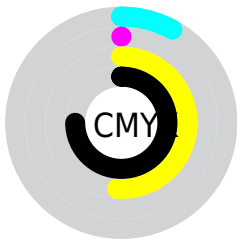
Blue (13%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (15%)

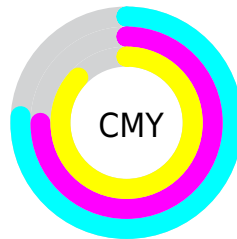


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282138912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282138912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4282138912



4282138912

4294967295



4280691466



4285296973



4279113472



4287007333



4278190080



4288717950



4290494616



4292336563



4294244559



4294967275



4282138912



4282138912

■ 4282073370

■ 4282204455

■ 4282007827

■ 4282269997

■ 4281942284

■ 4282335540

■ 4281876742

■ 4282401082

■ 4281811200

■ 4282466625

■ 4282532167

■ 4282597710

■ 4282663252

■ 4282728794

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283186206



4282138912



4280894762

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282138912



4278207831



4284101187

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282138912



4280623169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283381330



4282138912



4280107358

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282138912



4278208074



4282006364



4284297779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282138912



4279911988



4282006364



4283904840

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282138912



4283585608



4282459424



4280953636



4289440683



4281019179

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282138912



4283192353



4281090336



4280361246



4283588864



4290699264

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280623169



4280885588



4281671745



4280163873



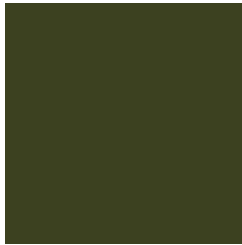
4279173217



4280418528

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282138912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

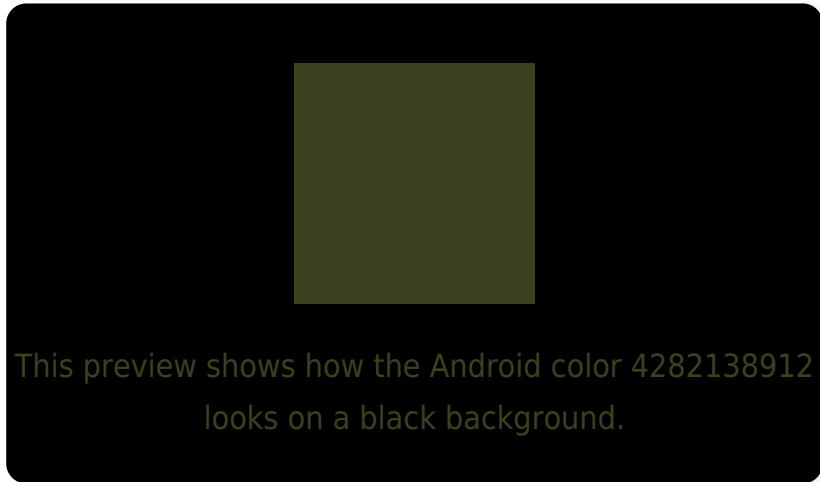
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

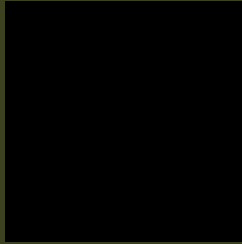
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4282138912 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282138912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282138912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4282138912

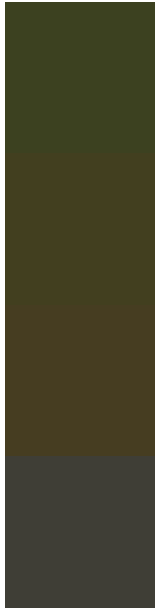
Protanopia

4282727967

Deuteranopia

4283185953

Trichromacy



Original Color
4282138912

Protanomaly
4282531615

Deuteranomaly
4282793249

Tritanomaly
4282334774

Monochromacy



Original Color
4282138912

Achromatopsia
4282137660

Achromatomaly
4282138162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282138912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 65, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 65, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 65, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 65, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282138912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 65, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 65, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 65, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 65, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 65, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 65, 32)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282138912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 65, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 65,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor