

# Converting Colors

Android(4282144352)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282144352) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282144352)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C5660
RGB	60, 86, 96
RGB Percent	24%, 34%, 38%
CMY	0.7647, 0.6627, 0.6235
CMYK	0.37, 0.10, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	197°, 23%, 31%
HSV	197°, 38%, 38%
XYZ	7.3026, 8.4608, 12.3145
YIQ	79.3660, -18.7060, -2.4020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

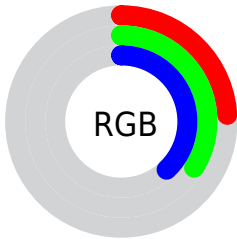
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	60, 75, 96
Decimal	3954272
CIELab	34.92, -6.94, -8.92
CIELCh	35, 11.302, 232.104
Yxy	8.4608, 0.2601, 0.3013
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282144352 (0xFF3C5660)
YUV	79.3660, 8.2006, -16.9840
Hunter-Lab	29.0874, -6.0893, -4.7400

# Details

The Android color **4282144352** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4284499516**, and the grayscale version is **4283387727**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285368466**, and **4279118130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4281488224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282800480**.

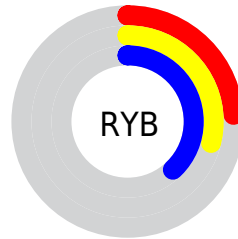
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (34%)

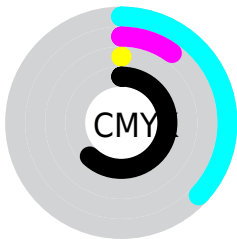
Blue (38%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (38%)

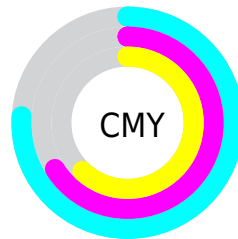


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282144352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282144352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282144352



4282144352

4294967295



4280631112



4285368466



4279118130



4287079085



4278195485



4288789960



4278190080



4290566628



4292408831



4294311935



4282144352



4282144352



4281488224



4282800480

■ 4280897888

■ 4283390816

■ 4280241760

■ 4284046944

■ 4279651168

■ 4284637536

■ 4278995296

■ 4285293408

■ 4278339168

■ 4285949536

■ 4278207840

■ 4286540128

■ 4287196000

■ 4287786592

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282013529



4282144352



4282733668

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282144352



4284697685



4283585601

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282144352



4284499516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284174656



4282144352



4284828748

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282144352



4284239453



4284632644



4282930759

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282144352



4283257444



4284632644



4283781953



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282144352



4285495677



4282146886



4281810240



4290756543



4282400832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282144352



4282740093



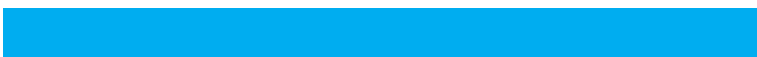
4282139744



4281085744



4278210928



4278234608



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284496982



4286399853



4284504124



4281347119



4285530193

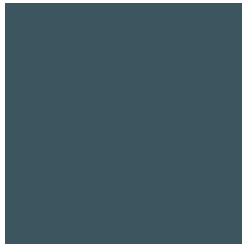


4293918893



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282144352 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

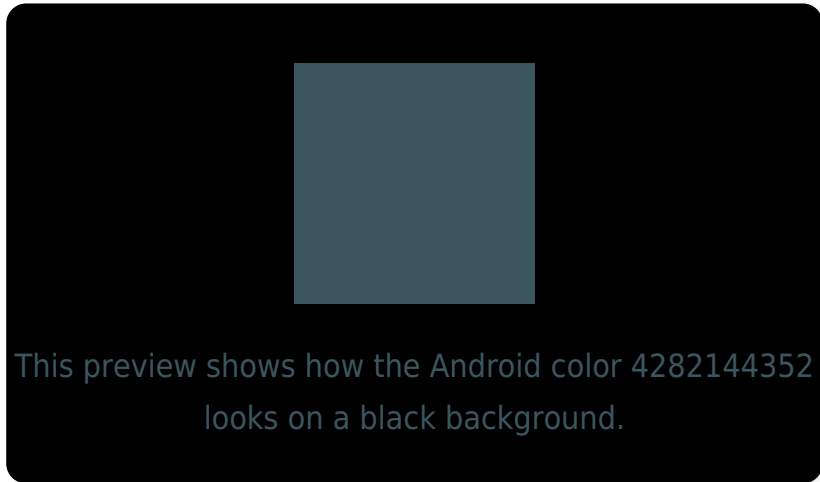
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282144352 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282144352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282144352.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4282144352

**Protanopia**

4283453789

**Deuteranopia**

4283584609



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282144352

**Protanomaly**

4282995550

**Deuteranomaly**

4283060833

**Tritanomaly**

4282078814

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282144352

**Achromatopsia**

4283387727

**Achromatomaly**

4282929749

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282144352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(60, 86, 96) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 86, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 86, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 86, 96) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282144352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 86, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 86, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 86, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 86, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 86, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 86, 96)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282144352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 86, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 86,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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