

# Converting Colors

Android(4282188807)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282188807) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4282188807)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D0407
RGB	61, 4, 7
RGB Percent	24%, 2%, 3%
CMY	0.7608, 0.9843, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 0.93, 0.89, 0.76
HSL	357°, 88%, 13%
HSV	357°, 93%, 24%
XYZ	2.0062, 1.0943, 0.3065
YIQ	21.3850, 33.0090, 13.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

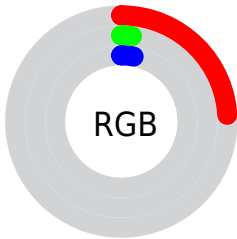
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	61, 4, 7
Decimal	3998727
CIE Lab	9.75, 27.18, 12.43
CIE LCh	10, 29.885, 24.583
Yxy	1.0943, 0.5889, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282188807 (0xFF3D0407)
YUV	21.3850, -7.0918, 34.7424
Hunter-Lab	10.4608, 15.9277, 5.5854

# Details

The Android color **4282188807** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **4278467898**, and the grayscale version is **4279571733**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285608756**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282187779**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282190349**.

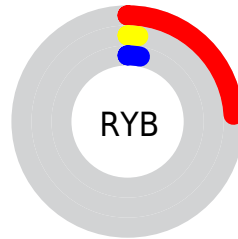
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (2%)

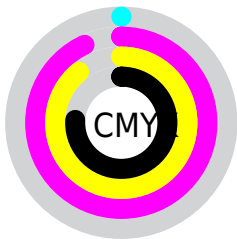
Blue (3%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (2%)

Blue (3%)

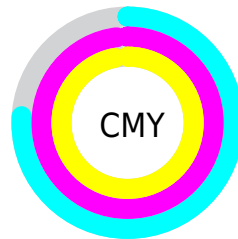


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282188807 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282188807 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4282188807

 4282188807

 4294962151


 4280745985

 4285608756

 4278190080

 4287384395

 4289160291

 4291067259

 4292974485

 4294881968

 4294954699

 4282188807

 4282188807

■ 4282187779

■ 4282190349

■ 4282191891

■ 4282193432

■ 4282194974

■ 4282196516

■ 4282198314

■ 4282199855

■ 4282201397

■ 4282202939

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282122784



4282188807



4281667328

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282188807



4278198784



4278198084

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282188807



4278467898

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278199100



4282188807



4278199318

# Square

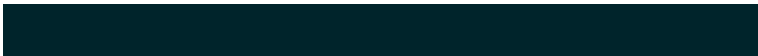
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282188807



4279443200



4278199339



4279179072

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282188807



4281013760



4278199339



4278198338



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282188807



4283382074



4281926717



4280883996



4289243304



4280887593



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282188807



4283367428



4282195204



4280228892



4284350469



4292739084



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282188807



4283367428



4278461501



4280228892



4284350469

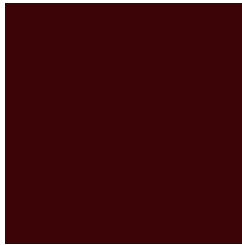


4292739084



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282188807 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

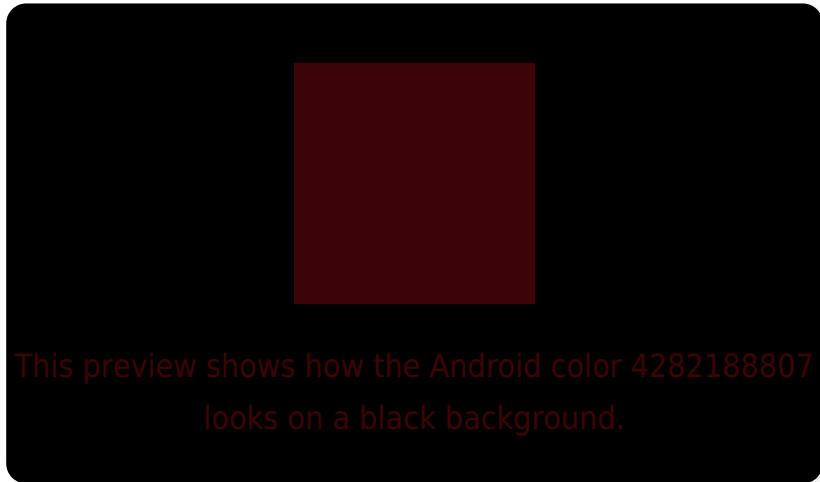
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

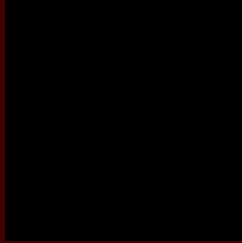
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282188807 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282188807.

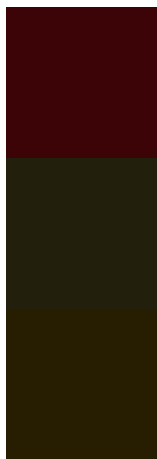


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282188807.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



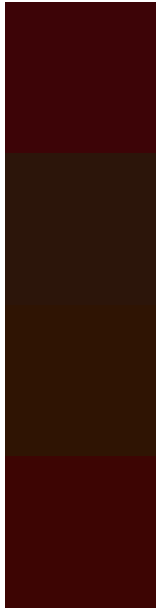
**Original Color**  
4282188807

**Protanopia**  
4280426252

**Deuteranopia**  
4280753408



# Trichromacy



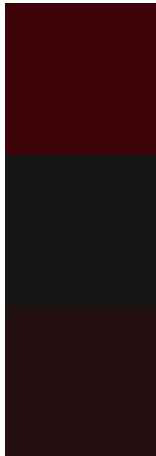
**Original Color**  
4282188807

**Protanomaly**  
4281079050

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281275395

**Tritanomaly**  
4282189059

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282188807

**Achromatopsia**  
4279571733

**Achromatomaly**  
4280553232

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282188807 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 4, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 4, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 4, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 4, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282188807 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 4, 7) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 4, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 4, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 4, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 4, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 4, 7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282188807 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 4, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 4,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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