

# Converting Colors

Android(4282272637)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282272637) contains.

<b>Android(4282272637)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4282272637)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E4B7D
RGB	62, 75, 125
RGB Percent	24%, 29%, 49%
CMY	0.7569, 0.7059, 0.5098
CMYK	0.50, 0.40, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	228°, 34%, 37%
HSV	228°, 50%, 49%
XYZ	8.2044, 7.5370, 20.4244
YIQ	76.8130, -23.7980, 12.7940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

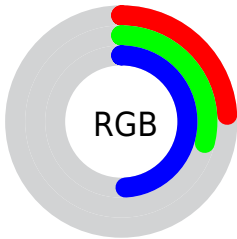
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	62, 73, 125
Decimal	4082557
CIE Lab	33.00, 9.77, -30.01
CIE LCh	33, 31.556, 288.033
Yxy	7.5370, 0.2269, 0.2084
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282272637 (0xFF3E4B7D)
YUV	76.8130, 23.7562, -12.9910
Hunter-Lab	27.4535, 5.3002, -24.8921

# Details

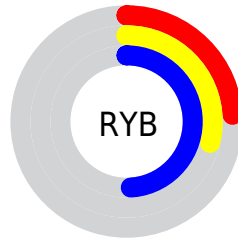
The Android color `4282272637` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `333366`. A complement of this color would be `4286410814`, and the grayscale version is `4283256141`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285627570`, and `4278526028` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281483645`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283127165`.

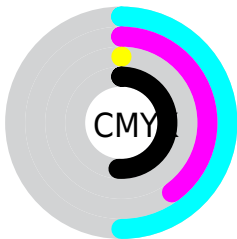
# Distribution



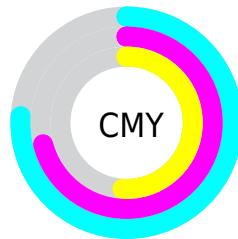
- Red (24%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282272637 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282272637 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282272637



4282272637

4294967295



4280563044



4285627570



4278526028



4287403470



4278191925



4289179882



4278190623



4291021823



4278190082



4292863999



4278190080

4294770687



4282272637



4282272637



4281483645



4283127165

■ 4280629117

■ 4283916157

■ 4279774589

■ 4284770685

■ 4278985597

■ 4285559677

■ 4278196861

■ 4286414205

■ 4287203197

■ 4287991933

■ 4288846461

■ 4289635453

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278211454



4282272637



4284629359

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282272637



4285873961



4278212930

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282272637



4286410814

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281357867



4282272637



4284762395

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282272637



4286331200



4283257116



4278213212

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282272637



4285610849



4283257116



4279458106



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282272637



4287336611



4282285423



4282598994



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282272637



4282471843



4283448957



4281940800



4278196864



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286398027



4288889173



4285234494



4282399035



4286578714



4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282272637 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

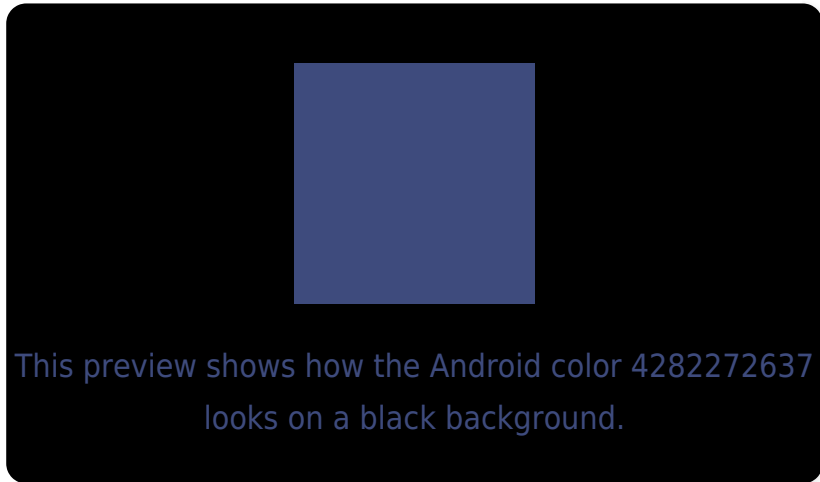
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

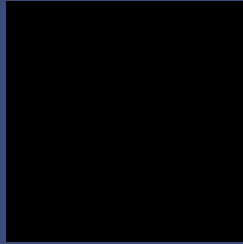
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282272637 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282272637.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282272637.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282272637

**Protanopia**  
4282010750

**Deuteranopia**  
4281486972



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282272637

**Protanomaly**

4282076286

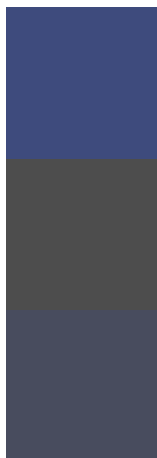
**Deuteranomaly**

4281748860

**Tritanomaly**

4281815142

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282272637

**Achromatopsia**

4283256141

**Achromatomaly**

4282928222

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282272637 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 75, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 75, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 75, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 75, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282272637 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 75, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 75, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 75, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 75, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 75, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 75,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282272637 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 75, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 75,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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