

# Converting Colors

Android(4282333978)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282333978) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282333978)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F3B1A
RGB	63, 59, 26
RGB Percent	25%, 23%, 10%
CMY	0.7529, 0.7686, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.59, 0.75
HSL	54°, 42%, 17%
HSV	54°, 59%, 25%
XYZ	3.8003, 4.2593, 1.5991
YIQ	56.4340, 12.9770, -9.4150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

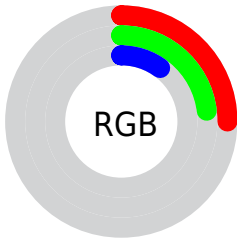
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	30, 63, 26
Decimal	4143898
CIELab	24.51, -3.64, 20.87
CIELCh	25, 21.183, 99.897
Yxy	4.2593, 0.3935, 0.4410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282333978 (0xFF3F3B1A)
YUV	56.4340, -15.0040, 5.7584
Hunter-Lab	20.6380, -3.2472, 9.8526

# Details

The Android color **4282333978** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4279901759**, and the grayscale version is **4281940281**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285557318**, and **4279177472** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282333716**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282334240**.

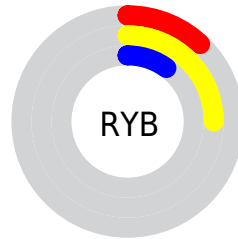
# Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (23%)

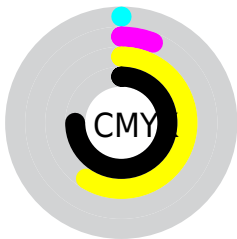
 Blue (10%)



 Red (12%)

 Yellow (25%)

 Blue (10%)

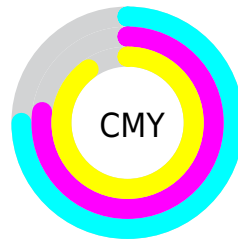


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (6%)

 Yellow (59%)

 Black (75%)



 Cyan (75%)

 Magenta (77%)

 Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282333978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282333978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282333978



4282333978

4294967295



4280886529



4285557318



4279177472



4287267678



4278190080



4288978295



4290820241



4292662444



4294504647



4294967267



4282333978



4282333978

■ 4282333716

■ 4282334240

■ 4282333709

■ 4282334247

■ 4282333447

■ 4282334509

■ 4282333185

■ 4282334771

■ 4282333184

■ 4282334778

■ 4282335040

■ 4282335302

■ 4282335308

■ 4282335571

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283250204



4282333978



4281220897

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282333978



4278207054



4283576134

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282333978



4279901759

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282594387



4282333978



4278402904

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282333978



4278207295



4280957530



4284034357

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282333978



4280303914



4280957530



4283314250



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282333978



4283584579



4282325534



4280887328



4289243304



4280887593



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282333978



4283583256



4281417498



4280229404



4284371968



4292789760



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279901759



4279770962



4280818239



4280032287



4278192734



4278196446



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282333978 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

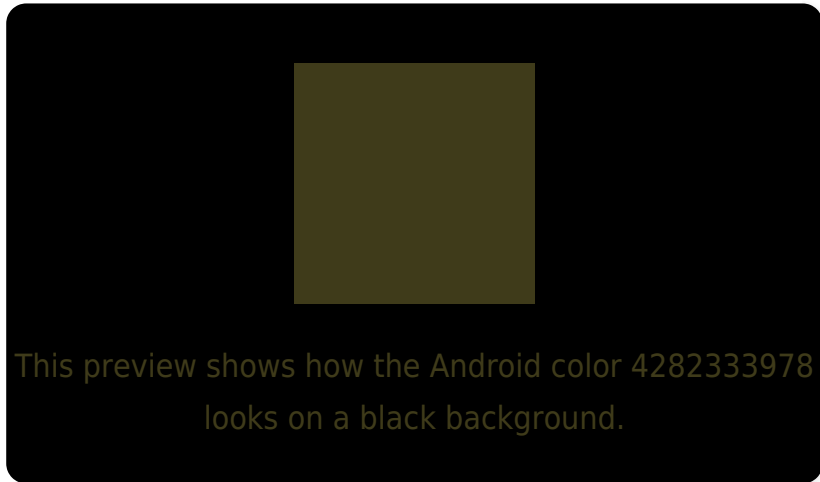
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

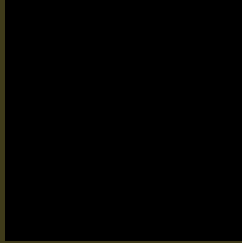
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282333978 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282333978.

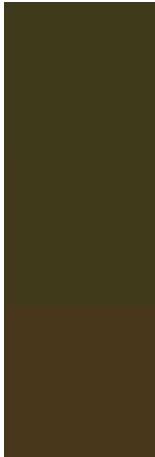


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282333978.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282333978

**Protanopia**  
4282464794

**Deuteranopia**  
4282922779



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282333978

**Protanomaly**

4282399258

**Deuteranomaly**

4282726427

**Tritanomaly**

4282464304

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282333978

**Achromatopsia**

4281874488

**Achromatomaly**

4282071341

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282333978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 59, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 59, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 59, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 59, 26) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282333978 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 59, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 59, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 59, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 59, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 59, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 59, 26)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282333978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 59, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 59,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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