

# Converting Colors

Android(4282342215)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282342215) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282342215)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3F5B47
RGB	63, 91, 71
RGB Percent	25%, 36%, 28%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6431, 0.7216
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.22, 0.64
HSL	137°, 18%, 30%
HSV	137°, 31%, 36%
XYZ	6.9283, 8.9939, 7.3321
YIQ	80.3480, -10.2680, -12.1560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

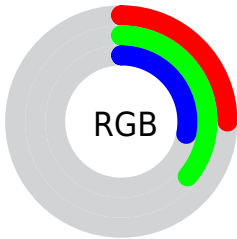
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	63, 85, 91
Decimal	4152135
CIELab	35.97, -15.15, 8.24
CIElCh	36, 17.249, 151.465
Yxy	8.9939, 0.2979, 0.3868
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282342215 (0xFF3F5B47)
YUV	80.3480, -4.6086, -15.2142
Hunter-Lab	29.9898, -11.2446, 6.4973

# Details

The Android color `4282342215` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336666`. A complement of this color would be `4284170067`, and the grayscale version is `4283453520`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285500791`, and `4279446812` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281752385`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282932046`.

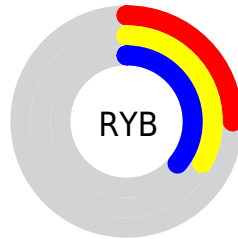
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (36%)

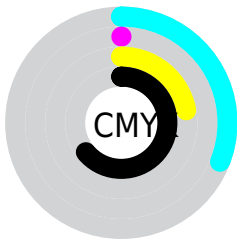
Blue (28%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (36%)

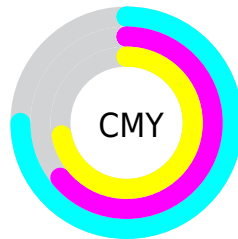


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282342215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282342215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282342215



4282342215

4294967295



4280828721



4285500791



4279446812



4287211665



4278196481



4288988076



4278190080



4290764743



4292607203



4294443007



4282342215



4282342215



4281752385



4282932046

■ 4281162554

■ 4283521876

■ 4280572724

■ 4284111707

■ 4279982893

■ 4284701537

■ 4279327527

■ 4285356904

■ 4278737696

■ 4285946734

■ 4278213402

■ 4286536565

■ 4287126395

■ 4287716226

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283390013



4282342215



4281359445

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282342215



4282668656



4285549639

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282342215



4284170067

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285483604



4282342215



4283978092

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282342215



4281424492



4284959842



4285091645

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282342215



4280966238



4284959842



4285549387



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282342215



4285232494



4283652927



4281613110



4290427578



4282071867



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282342215



4283069782



4282342229



4280888875



4278218271



4278250820



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284170067



4285876841



4284170053



4281215277



4285399118

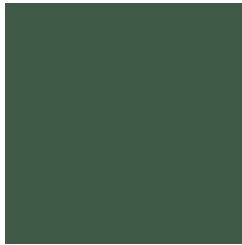


4293722281



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282342215 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

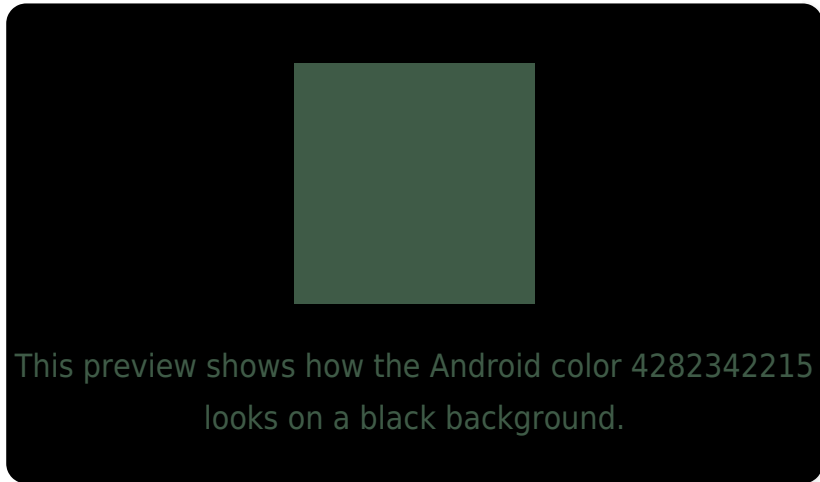
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

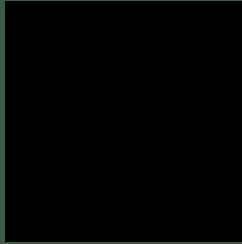
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282342215 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282342215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282342215.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

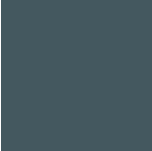
4282342215

**Protanopia**

4284109892

**Deuteranopia**

4284567881



**Tritanopia**  
4282669151

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282342215

**Protanomaly**  
4283455301

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283782472

**Tritanomaly**  
4282538326

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282342215

**Achromatopsia**  
4283453520

**Achromatomaly**  
4283061325

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282342215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 91, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 91, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 91, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 91, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282342215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 91, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 91, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 91, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 91, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 91, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 91, 71)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282342215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 91, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 91,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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