

# Converting Colors

Android(4282407257)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282407257) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282407257)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	405959
RGB	64, 89, 89
RGB Percent	25%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.7490, 0.6510, 0.6510
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	180°, 16%, 30%
HSV	180°, 28%, 35%
XYZ	7.4899, 8.9560, 10.7851
YIQ	81.5250, -14.9000, -5.3000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

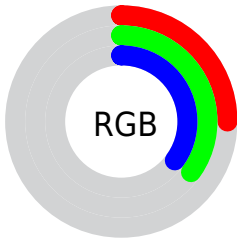
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">64, 77, 89</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4217177</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">35.90, -9.34, -3.06</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">36, 9.829, 198.113</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">8.9560, 0.2751, 0.3289</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282407257 (0xFF405959)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">81.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">29.9266, -7.6973, -0.4186</a>

# Details

The Android color `4282407257` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336666`. A complement of this color would be `4284039232`, and the grayscale version is `4283585106`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285631371`, and `4279446316` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281817433`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282997081`.

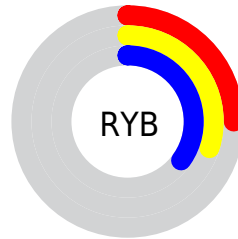
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (35%)

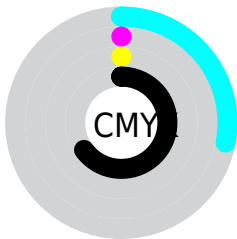
Blue (35%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (35%)

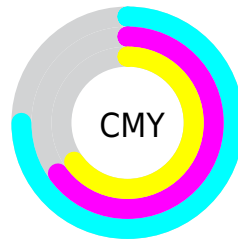


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282407257 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282407257 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282407257



4282407257

4294967295



4280894018



4285631371



4279446316



4287276453



4278195991



4289053120



4278190080



4290829532



4292671993



4294574079



4282407257



4282407257



4281817433



4282997081

■ 4281227609

■ 4283586905

■ 4280637785

■ 4284176729

■ 4280047961

■ 4284766553

■ 4279523673

■ 4285356377

■ 4278933849

■ 4285880665

■ 4278344025

■ 4286470489

■ 4278212953

■ 4287060313

■ 4287650137

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282734929



4282407257



4282472544

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282407257



4284240223



4284371781

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282407257



4284039232

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284698697



4282407257



4284632920

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282407257



4283585379



4284829520



4283848005

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282407257



4282734435



4284829520



4284502598



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282407257



4285166451



4282407232



4281678651



4290427578



4282071867



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282407257



4283200371



4282404185



4280757035



4278217579



4278250475



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284039257



4285746291



4284042560



4281018155



4285202539



4293591275



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282407257 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

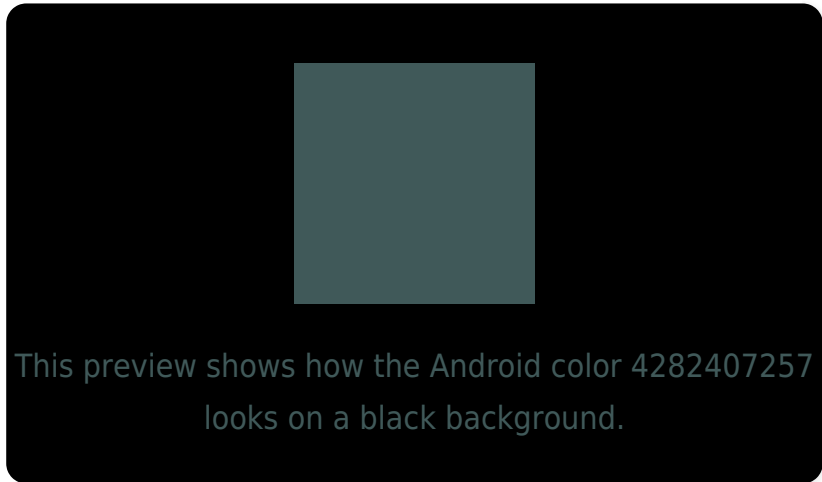
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

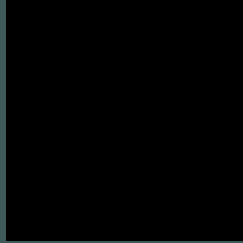
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

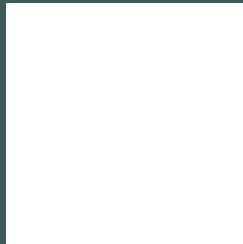
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282407257 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282407257.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282407257.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

[4282407257](#)

**Protanopia**

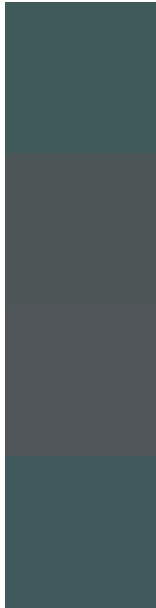
[4283782230](#)

**Deuteranopia**

[4284043867](#)



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282407257

**Protanomaly**

4283258455

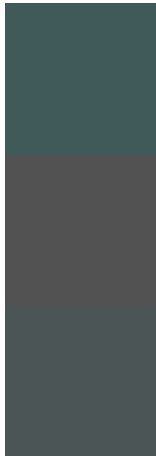
**Deuteranomaly**

4283454810

**Tritanomaly**

4282472541

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282407257

**Achromatopsia**

4283585106

**Achromatomaly**

4283127125

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282407257 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 89, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 89, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 89, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 89, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282407257 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 89, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 89, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 89, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 89, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 89, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 89, 89)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282407257 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 89, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 89,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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