

# Converting Colors

Android(4282456096)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282456096) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282456096)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	411820
RGB	65, 24, 32
RGB Percent	25%, 9%, 13%
CMY	0.7451, 0.9059, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.51, 0.75
HSL	348°, 46%, 17%
HSV	348°, 63%, 25%
XYZ	2.7673, 1.8814, 1.5838
YIQ	37.1710, 21.8680, 11.1800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

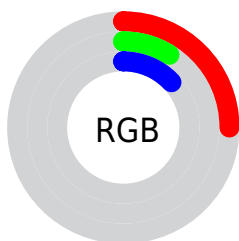
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">65, 24, 32</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4266016</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">14.85, 20.84, 4.37</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">15, 21.290, 11.850</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.8814, 0.4440, 0.3019</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282456096</a> (0xFF411820)
YUV	<a href="#">37.1710, -2.5493, 24.4060</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">13.7163, 12.0095, 2.7553</a>

# Details

The Android color **4282456096** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **4279779641**, and the grayscale version is **4280624421**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285744460**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282454555**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282457637**.

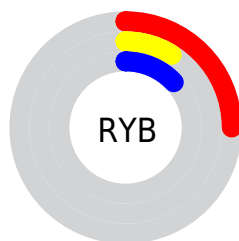
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (9%)

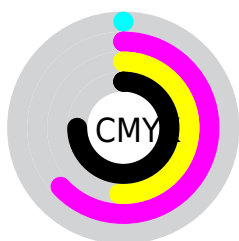
Blue (13%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (13%)

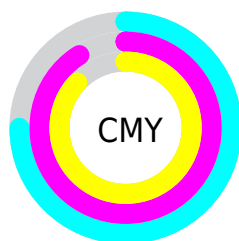


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282456096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282456096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4282456096

 4282456096

4294967295

 4281008392

 4285744460

 4278190080

 4287454564

 4289295996

 4291072150

 4292979377

 4294887116

 4294959849

 4282456096

 4282456096

 4282454555

 4282457637

 4282452758

 4282459434

 4282451216

 4282461232

 4282449933

 4282462773

 4282464570

 4282466111

 4282467909

 4282469450

 4282470991

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282128687



4282456096



4282260498

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282456096



4279773709



4278200898

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282456096



4279779641

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278201401



4282456096



4278201372

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282456096



4280886786



4278201643



4279575875

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282456096



4281933576



4278201643



4278201152



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282456096



4283712583



4281931841



4281016611



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282456096



4283700257



4282459160



4280360478



4284547091



4292870188



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282456096



4283700257



4279776577



4280360478



4284547091

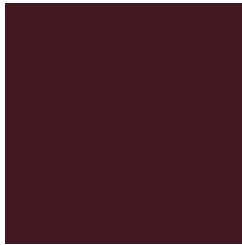


4292870188



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282456096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

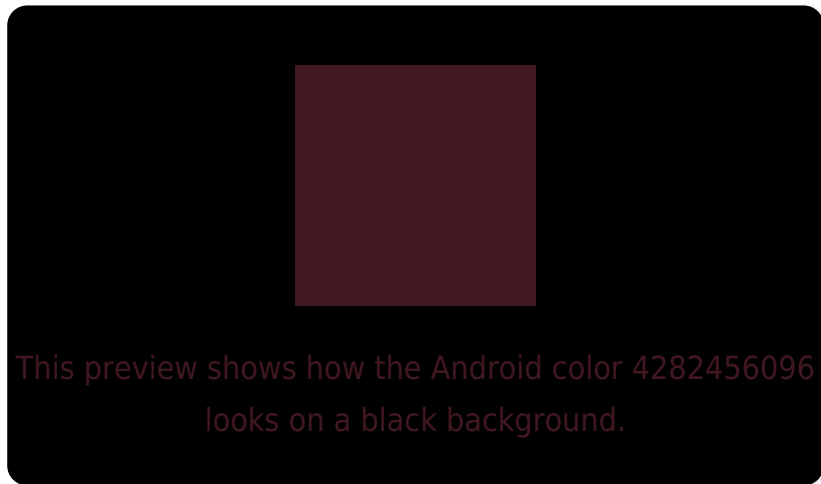
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

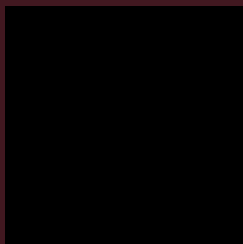
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Android 4282456096 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282456096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282456096.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4282456096

**Protanopia**

4280755751

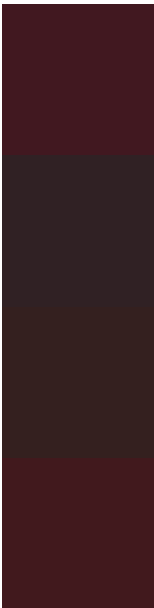
**Deuteranopia**

4281148702



**Tritanopia**  
4282456347

# Trichromacy



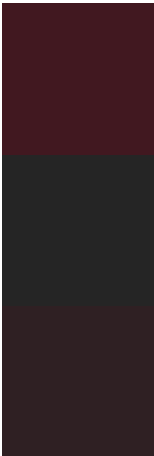
**Original Color**  
4282456096

**Protanomaly**  
4281344292

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281606175

**Tritanomaly**  
4282456349

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282456096

**Achromatopsia**  
4280624421

**Achromatomaly**  
4281278499

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282456096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(65, 24, 32) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 24, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 24, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 24, 32) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282456096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 24, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 24, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 24, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 24, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 24, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 24, 32)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282456096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:rgb(65, 24, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:rgb(65, 24,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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