

# Converting Colors

Android(4282467841)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282467841) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282467841)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	414601
RGB	65, 70, 1
RGB Percent	25%, 27%, 0%
CMY	0.7451, 0.7255, 0.9961
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.99, 0.73
HSL	64°, 97%, 14%
HSV	64°, 99%, 27%
XYZ	4.3756, 5.5063, 0.8609
YIQ	60.6390, 19.1690, -22.5190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

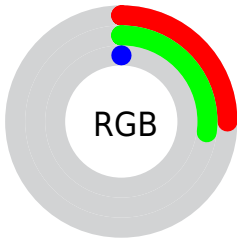
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	1, 70, 6
Decimal	4277761
CIE Lab	28.13, -11.02, 36.19
CIE LCh	28, 37.829, 106.938
Yxy	5.5063, 0.4073, 0.5126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282467841 (0xFF414601)
YUV	60.6390, -29.4020, 3.8246
Hunter-Lab	23.4656, -7.7799, 14.2506

# Details

The Android color **4282467841** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4278583622**, and the grayscale version is **4282203453**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285756979**, and **4279245568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282467840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282533384**.

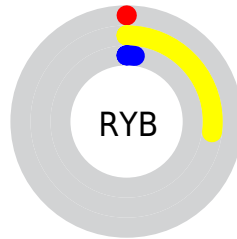
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (27%)

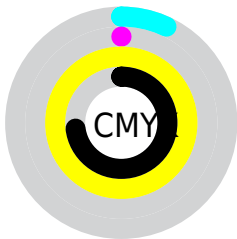
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (2%)

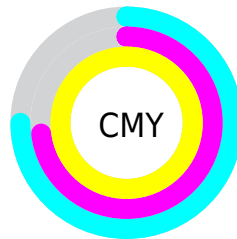


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282467841 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282467841 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282467841



4282467841



4294967275



4280954880



4285756979



4279245568



4287533131



4278190080



4289309284



4291151229



4292993432



4294966963



4294967246



4282467841



4282467841

■ 4282467840

■ 4282533384

■ 4282533391

■ 4282598934

■ 4282598941

■ 4282664484

■ 4282664491

■ 4282730034

■ 4282730041

■ 4282795584

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284169218



4282467841



4280175640

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282467841



4278210156



4285540176

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282467841



4278583622

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283970410



4282467841



4278208891

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282467841



4278210642



4280762490



4285933107

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282467841



4278210090



4280762490



4285147738



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282467841



4284111936



4282779137



4281151005



4289572269



4281216558



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282467841



4283784192



4280239617



4280493088



4284244736



4292076288



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278583622



4278648924



4280811846



4280295460



4278648931



4279238883



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282467841 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

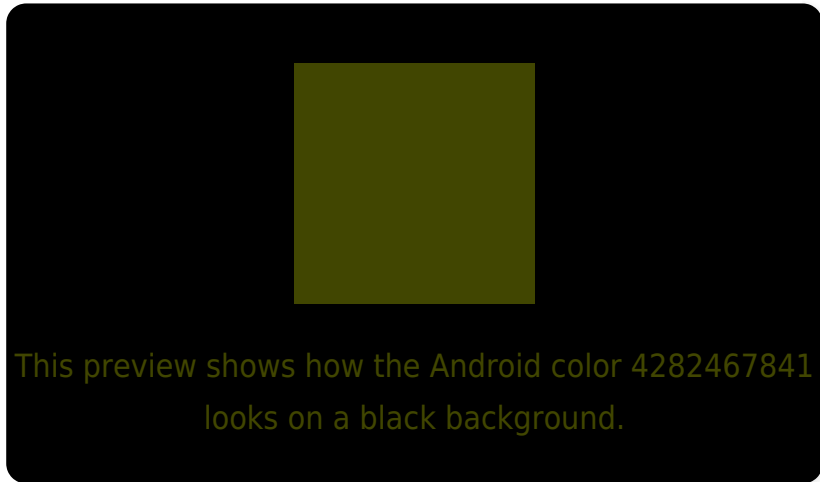
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282467841 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282467841.

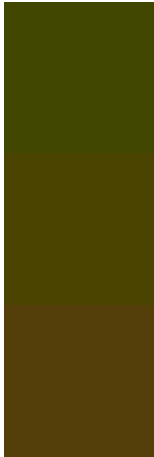


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282467841.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282467841

**Protanopia**  
4283122432

**Deuteranopia**  
4283711243



**Tritanopia**  
4282794310

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282467841

**Protanomaly**  
4282860544

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283253255

**Tritanomaly**  
4282663725

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282467841

**Achromatopsia**  
4282203453

**Achromatomaly**  
4282269735

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282467841 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 70, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 70, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 70, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 70, 1) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282467841 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 70, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 70, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 70, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 70, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 70, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 70, 1) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282467841 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 70, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 70,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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