

# Converting Colors

Android(4282476036)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282476036) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4282476036)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	416604
RGB	65, 102, 4
RGB Percent	25%, 40%, 2%
CMY	0.7451, 0.6000, 0.9843
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.96, 0.60
HSL	83°, 92%, 21%
HSV	83°, 96%, 40%
XYZ	6.9533, 10.6353, 1.8012
YIQ	79.7650, 9.4060, -38.3220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

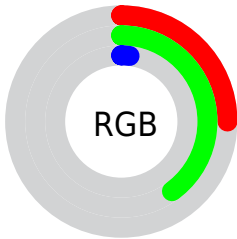
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	4, 102, 41
Decimal	4285956
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.96, -27.78, 43.80
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 51.863, 122.385
Yxy	10.6353, 0.3586, 0.5485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282476036 (0xFF416604)
YUV	79.7650, -37.3521, -12.9489
Hunter-Lab	32.6118, -19.0123, 19.5536

# Details

The Android color `4282476036` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336600`. A complement of this color would be `4280878182`, and the grayscale version is `4283453520`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285897020`, and `4278990592` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282344960`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282738190`.

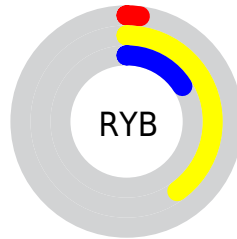
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (40%)

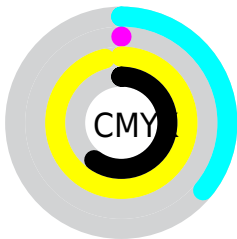
Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (16%)

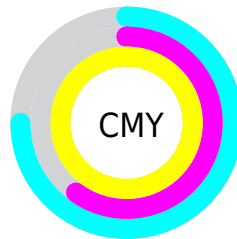


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282476036 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282476036 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4282476036

 4282476036

 4294967290

 4280831488

 4285897020

 4278990592

 4287673430

 4278198784

 4289450095

 4278190080

 4291292298

 4293197733

 4294967232

 4294967261

 4282476036

 4282476036

■ 4282344960

■ 4282738190

■ 4283000344

■ 4283262499

■ 4283459117

■ 4283721271

■ 4283983425

■ 4284245579

■ 4284507734

■ 4284769888

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285291264



4282476036



4278217778

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282476036



4278217382



4289015130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282476036



4280878182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287642244



4282476036



4278214833

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282476036



4278218376



4284370852



4288821041

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282476036



4278218319



4284370852



4288753512



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282476036



4285957470



4284884996



4282008107



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282476036



4283663616



4279330308



4281414446



4282872576



4288147968



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280878182



4281467013



4284023910



4281347635



4281008243



4284154098



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282476036 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

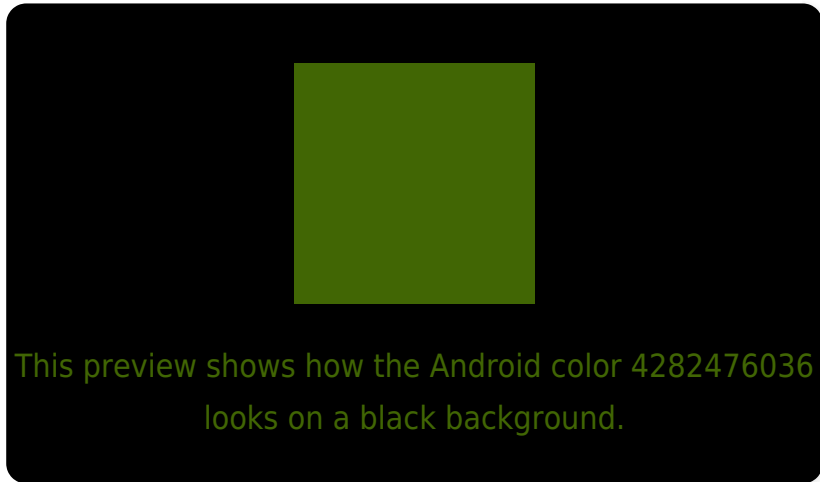
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282476036 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282476036.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282476036.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282476036

**Protanopia**  
4284963840

**Deuteranopia**  
4285749012



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282476036

**Protanomaly**  
4284047361

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284570638

**Tritanomaly**  
4282933826

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282476036

**Achromatopsia**  
4283453520

**Achromatomaly**  
4283127860

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282476036 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 102, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 102, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 102, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 102, 4) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282476036 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 102, 4) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 102, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 102, 4)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 102, 4); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 102, 4);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 102, 4)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282476036 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 102, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 102,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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