

# Converting Colors

Android(4282484830)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282484830) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282484830)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	41885E
RGB	65, 136, 94
RGB Percent	25%, 53%, 37%
CMY	0.7451, 0.4667, 0.6314
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.31, 0.47
HSL	145°, 35%, 39%
HSV	145°, 52%, 53%
XYZ	13.0045, 19.5403, 13.6759
YIQ	109.9830, -28.8340, -28.1140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

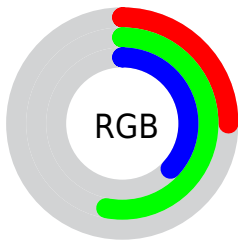
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">65, 115, 136</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4294750</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">51.31, -32.50, 15.90</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">51, 36.179, 153.934</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">19.5403, 0.2814, 0.4228</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282484830 (0xFF41885E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">109.9830, -7.8796, -39.4501</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">44.2044, -24.8447, 12.6000</a>

# Details

The Android color `4282484830` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669966`. A complement of this color would be `4287119723`, and the grayscale version is `4285427310`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285972113`, and `4278342960` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281567318`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283402342`.

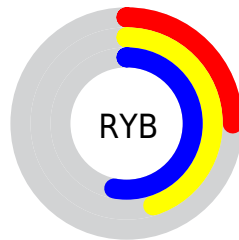
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (53%)

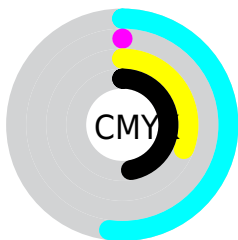
Blue (37%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (53%)

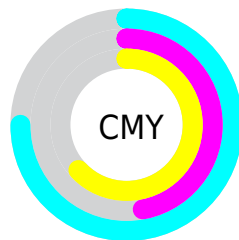


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282484830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282484830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282484830



4282484830

4294967295



4280708678



4285972113



4278342960



4287748779



4278205978



4289525703



4278200065



4291428323



4278192384



4293263359



4278190080



4282484830



4282484830



4281567318



4283402342



4280715342



4284254318

■ 4279797830

■ 4285171830

■ 4278945854

■ 4286023806

■ 4278224952

■ 4286941318

■ 4287858830

■ 4288710806

■ 4289628318

■ 4290480294

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285104965



4282484830



4278225533

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282484830



4283399352



4289946969

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282484830



4287119723

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290011511



4282484830



4286738862

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282484830



4278224305



4288964246



4288900931

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282484830



4278225554



4288964246



4290077539



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282484830



4287934623



4285302849



4282931535



4292467161



4284045657



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282484830



4282495086



4282484865



4282271041



4278224182



4278191362



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287119723



4289741187



4287119688



4282728002



4286906446



4278517763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282484830 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

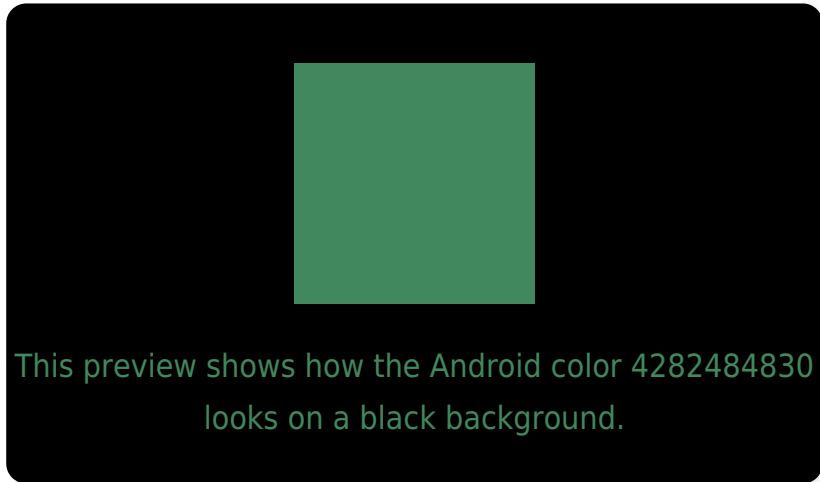
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282484830 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282484830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282484830.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4282484830

**Protanopia**

4286806360

**Deuteranopia**

4287460706



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282484830

**Protanomaly**  
4285234778

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285627489

**Tritanomaly**  
4283008124

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282484830

**Achromatopsia**  
4285427310

**Achromatomaly**  
4284381032

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282484830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 136, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 136, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 136, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 136, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282484830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 136, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 136, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 136, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 136, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 136, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 136,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282484830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 136, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 136,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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