

# Converting Colors

Android(4282518275)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282518275) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4282518275)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	420B03
RGB	66, 11, 3
RGB Percent	26%, 4%, 1%
CMY	0.7412, 0.9569, 0.9882
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.95, 0.74
HSL	8°, 91%, 14%
HSV	8°, 95%, 26%
XYZ	2.3829, 1.4042, 0.2316
YIQ	26.5330, 35.3480, 9.1720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

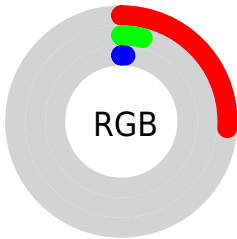
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	66, 12, 3
Decimal	4328195
CIE Lab	11.99, 25.71, 17.35
CIE LCh	12, 31.019, 34.014
Yxy	1.4042, 0.5930, 0.3494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282518275 (0xFF420B03)
YUV	26.5330, -11.6018, 34.6126
Hunter-Lab	11.8498, 15.1576, 7.1361

# Details

The Android color **4282518275** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **4278401602**, and the grayscale version is **4279966491**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285938225**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282517504**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282519818**.

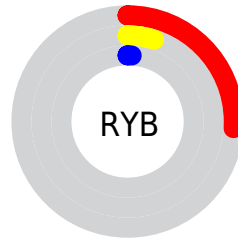
# Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (4%)

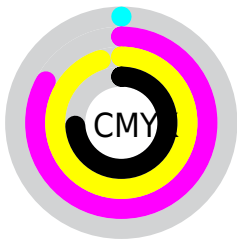
Blue (1%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (1%)

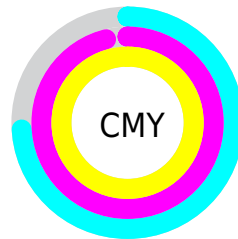


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282518275 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282518275 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282518275



4282518275



4294963940



4281008128



4285938225



4278190080



4287779144



4289620576



4291462264



4293369490



4294949293



4294956488



4282518275



4282518275

■ 4282517504

■ 4282519818

■ 4282521360

■ 4282522647

■ 4282524189

■ 4282525732

■ 4282527275

■ 4282528561

■ 4282530104

■ 4282531646

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282647582



4282518275



4281800448

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282518275



4278200329



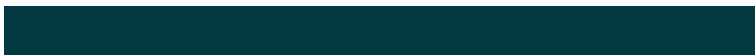
4278198602

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282518275



4278401602

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278199878



4282518275



4278200610

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282518275



4279313664



4278200631



4280424515

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282518275



4281081088



4278200631



4278199114



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282518275



4283908414



4282516283



4281015836



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282518275



4283894528



4282526211



4280360478



4284550144



4292877312



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278401602



4278209623



4278393666



4280164641



4278211937

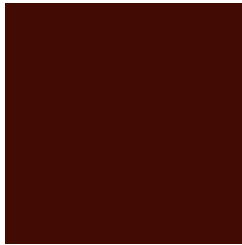


4278240480



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282518275 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

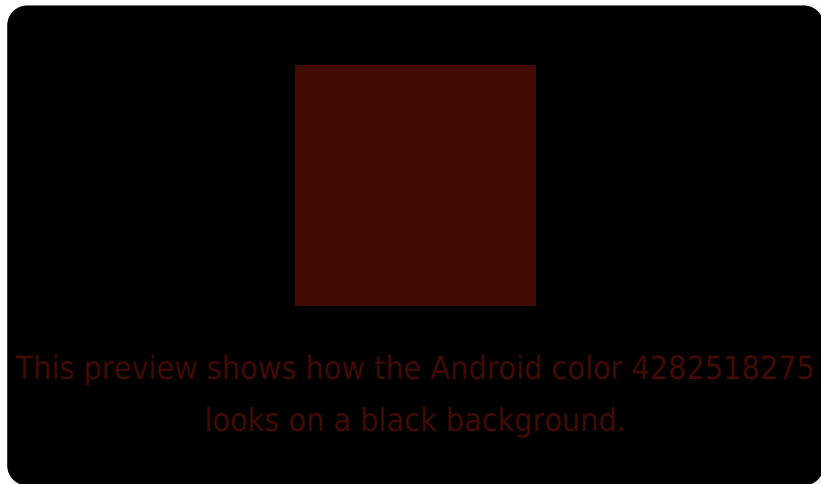
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

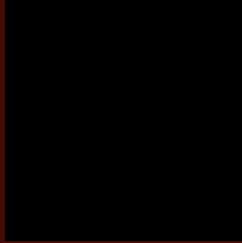
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282518275 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282518275.

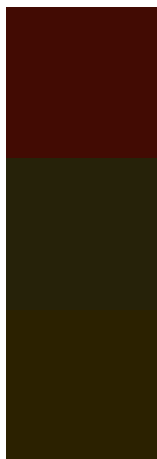


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282518275.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4282518275

**Protanopia**

4280689161

**Deuteranopia**

4281016576



# Trichromacy



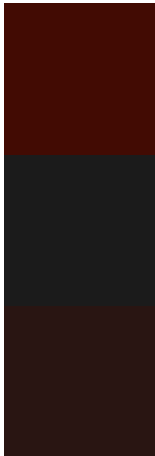
**Original Color**  
4282518275

**Protanomaly**  
4281342471

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281538817

**Tritanomaly**  
4282518023

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282518275

**Achromatopsia**  
4279966491

**Achromatomaly**  
4280882450

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282518275 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 11, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 11, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 11, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 11, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282518275 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 11, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 11, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 11, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 11, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 11, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 11, 3) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282518275 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 11, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 11,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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