

# Converting Colors

Android(4282529031)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282529031) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4282529031)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	423507
RGB	66, 53, 7
RGB Percent	26%, 21%, 3%
CMY	0.7412, 0.7922, 0.9725
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.89, 0.74
HSL	47°, 81%, 14%
HSV	47°, 89%, 26%
XYZ	3.5582, 3.7198, 0.7315
YIQ	51.6430, 22.5140, -11.5500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

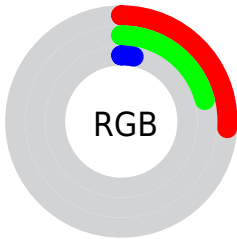
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	24, 66, 7
Decimal	4338951
CIE Lab	22.72, 0.36, 28.71
CIE LCh	23, 28.717, 89.290
Yxy	3.7198, 0.4443, 0.4644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282529031 (0xFF423507)
YUV	51.6430, -22.0090, 12.5911
Hunter-Lab	19.2868, -0.8204, 11.2521

# Details

The Android color **4282529031** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4278654018**, and the grayscale version is **4281611316**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285817653**, and **4279175424** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282528768**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282529294**.

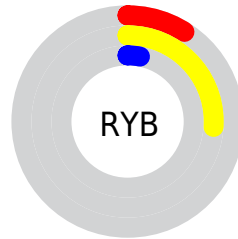
# Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (21%)

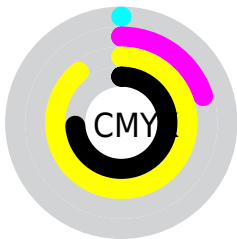
Blue (3%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (3%)

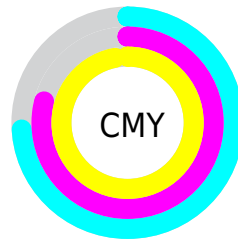


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282529031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282529031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282529031



4282529031



4294967275



4281016320



4285817653



4279175424



4287593548



4278190080



4289369701



4291211646



4293053592



4294961331



4294967247



4282529031



4282529031

■ 4282528768

■ 4282529294

■ 4282528512

■ 4282529812

■ 4282530075

■ 4282530593

■ 4282530856

■ 4282531375

■ 4282531637

■ 4282532156

■ 4282532418

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283575569



4282529031



4281154318

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282529031



4278206539



4283443276

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282529031



4278654018

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281741660



4282529031



4278206043

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282529031



4278206517



4278204769



4284228152

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282529031



4279909913



4278204769



4282985298



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282529031



4283912767



4282517269



4281018397



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282529031



4283909120



4281483783



4280360990



4284566528



4292914944



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278654018



4278195031



4279699266



4280164129



4278195553

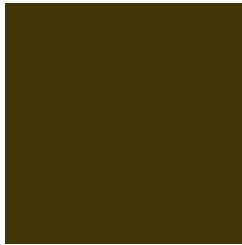


4278202848



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282529031 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

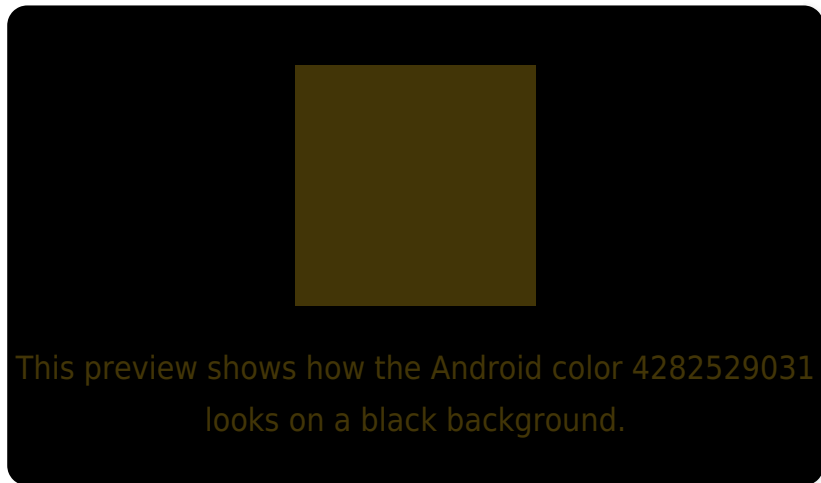
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282529031 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282529031.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282529031.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282529031

**Protanopia**  
4282267400

**Deuteranopia**  
4282725384



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282529031

**Protanomaly**

4282332680

**Deuteranomaly**

4282659848

**Tritanomaly**

4282659364

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282529031

**Achromatopsia**

4281611316

**Achromatomaly**

4281938980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282529031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 53, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 53, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 53, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 53, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282529031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 53, 7) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 53, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 53, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 53, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 53, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 53, 7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282529031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 53, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 53,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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