

# Converting Colors

Android(4282529051)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282529051) contains.

<b>Android(4282529051)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4282529051)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	42351B
RGB	66, 53, 27
RGB Percent	26%, 21%, 11%
CMY	0.7412, 0.7922, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.59, 0.74
HSL	40°, 42%, 18%
HSV	40°, 59%, 26%
XYZ	3.7177, 3.7836, 1.5713
YIQ	53.9230, 16.0940, -5.3300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

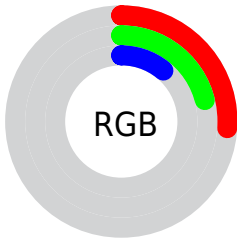
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	47, 66, 27
Decimal	4338971
CIELab	22.94, 1.87, 18.45
CIElCh	23, 18.545, 84.214
Yxy	3.7836, 0.4098, 0.4170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282529051 (0xFF42351B)
YUV	53.9230, -13.2730, 10.5915
Hunter-Lab	19.4514, 0.0762, 8.8266

# Details

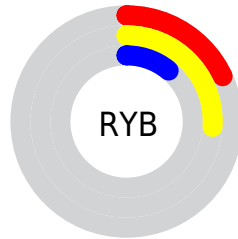
The Android color **4282529051** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4279969858**, and the grayscale version is **4281742902**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285752135**, and **4279437568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282528532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282529570**.

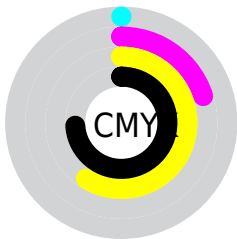
# Distribution



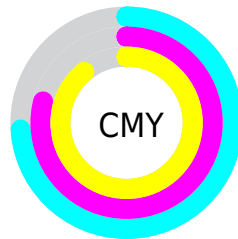
- Red (26%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282529051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282529051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282529051



4282529051

4294967295



4281081858



4285752135



4279437568



4287462495



4278190080



4289238648



4291080594



4292922540



4294830280



4294967268



4282529051



4282529051

■ 4282528532

■ 4282529570

■ 4282528014

■ 4282530088

■ 4282527239

■ 4282530863

■ 4282526721

■ 4282531381

■ 4282526720

■ 4282531900

■ 4282532419

■ 4282532937

■ 4282533712

■ 4282534230

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283183137



4282529051



4281612573

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282529051



4278206018



4282789703

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282529051



4279969858

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281611344



4282529051



4278205517

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282529051



4279254579



4280105298



4283378746

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282529051



4280957986



4280105298



4282462539



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282529051



4283912519



4282522408



4281018402



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282529051



4283908633



4282139163



4280360990



4284563712



4292908544



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279969858



4279840343



4280359746



4280164129



4278198369



4278209504



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282529051 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

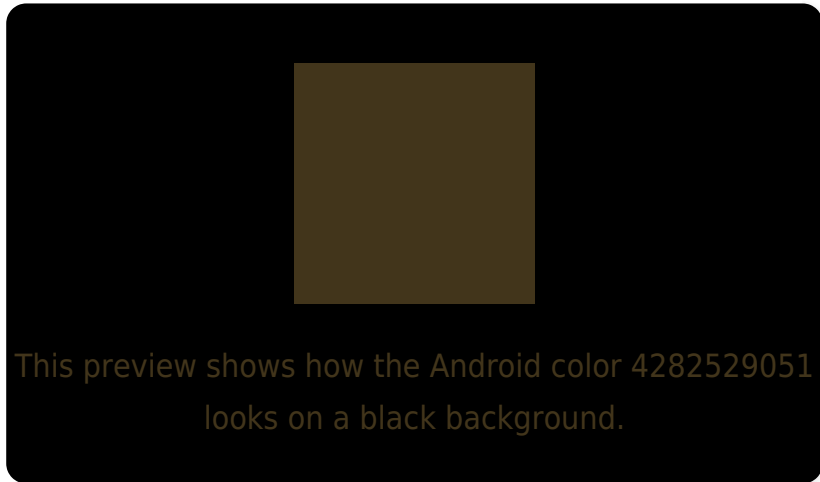
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

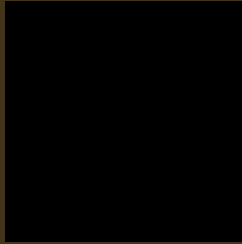
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282529051 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282529051.

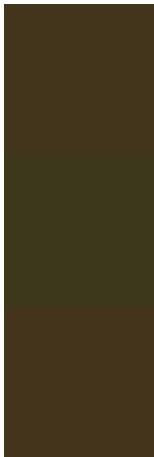


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282529051.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



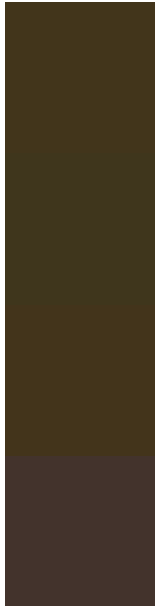
**Original Color**  
4282529051

**Protanopia**  
4282201884

**Deuteranopia**  
4282659867



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282529051

**Protanomaly**

4282332700

**Deuteranomaly**

4282594331

**Tritanomaly**

4282594092

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282529051

**Achromatopsia**

4281742902

**Achromatomaly**

4282005036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282529051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 53, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 53, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 53, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 53, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282529051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 53, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 53, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 53, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 53, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 53, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 53, 27)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282529051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 53, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 53,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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