

# Converting Colors

Android(4282532644)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282532644) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282532644)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	424324
RGB	66, 67, 36
RGB Percent	26%, 26%, 14%
CMY	0.7412, 0.7373, 0.8588
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.46, 0.74
HSL	62°, 30%, 20%
HSV	62°, 46%, 26%
XYZ	4.5724, 5.2999, 2.4511
YIQ	63.1670, 9.3550, -9.8530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

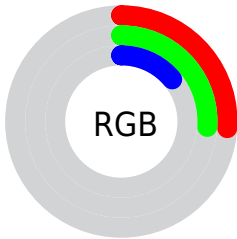
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	36, 67, 37
Decimal	4342564
CIE Lab	27.57, -5.97, 18.65
CIE LCh	28, 19.585, 107.739
Yxy	5.2999, 0.3710, 0.4301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282532644 (0xFF424324)
<b>YUV</b>	63.1670, -13.3933, 2.4845
Hunter-Lab	23.0216, -4.8356, 9.8026

# Details

The Android color **4282532644** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4280624195**, and the grayscale version is **4282335039**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285756241**, and **4279638016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282532637**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282532651**.

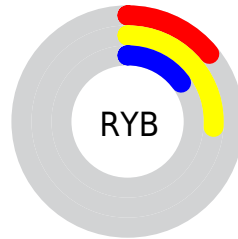
# Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (26%)

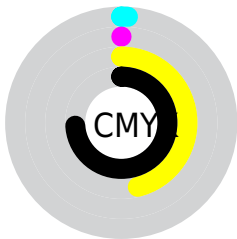
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (15%)

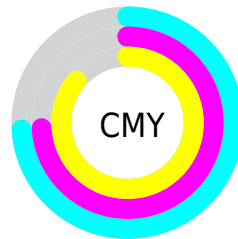


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282532644 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282532644 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282532644



4282532644

4294967295



4281019663



4285756241



4279638016



4287401066



4278190080



4289177475



4290953885



4292796088



4294703828



4294967280



4282532644



4282532644

■ 4282532637

■ 4282532651

■ 4282532631

■ 4282532657

■ 4282467088

■ 4282598200

■ 4282467081

■ 4282598207

■ 4282467075

■ 4282598214

■ 4282467072

■ 4282598220

■ 4282663763

■ 4282663770

■ 4282663776

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283448868



4282532644



4281419564

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282532644



4278405207



4284102216

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282532644



4280624195

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283316821



4282532644



4280304734

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282532644



4278536522



4282007390



4284364345

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282532644



4280567861



4282007390



4283905869



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282532644



4283848523



4282590500



4281019172



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282532644



4283782950



4281549604



4280361246



4284375296



4292468736



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280624195



4280821335



4281607235



4280163873



4278386785



4278649056



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282532644 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

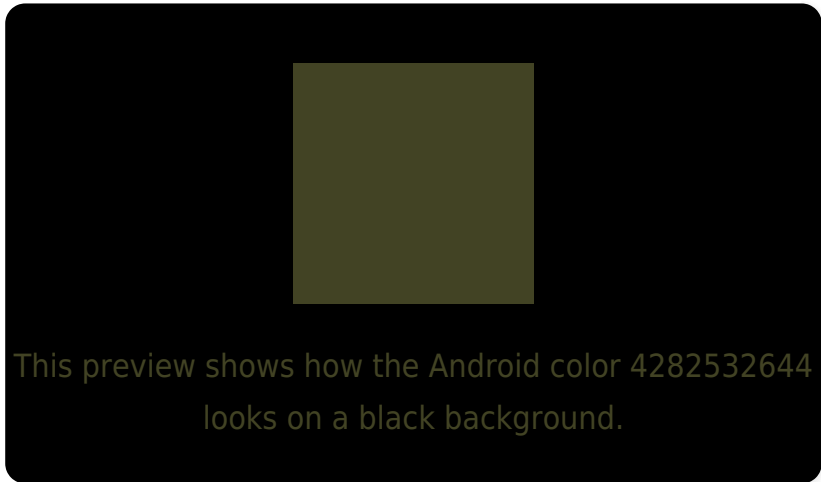
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

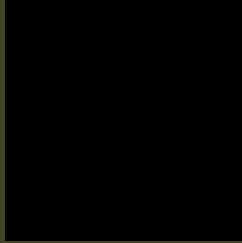
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

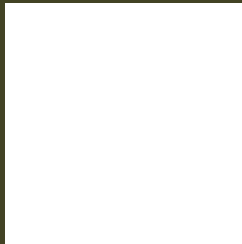
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282532644 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282532644.

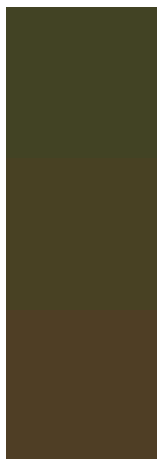


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282532644.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4282532644

**Protanopia**

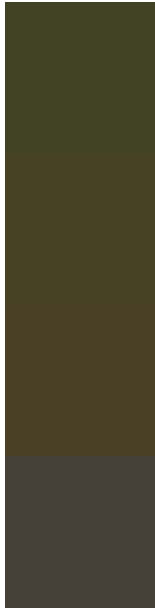
4282925347

**Deuteranopia**

4283383333



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282532644

**Protanomaly**

4282794531

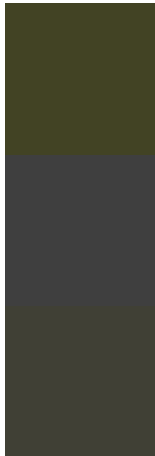
**Deuteranomaly**

4283056165

**Tritanomaly**

4282728504

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282532644

**Achromatopsia**

4282335039

**Achromatomaly**

4282400821

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282532644 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(66, 67, 36) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 67, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 67, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 67, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282532644 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 67, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 67, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 67, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 67, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 67, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 67, 36)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282532644 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 67, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 67,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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