

# Converting Colors

Android(4282548004)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282548004) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282548004)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	427F24
RGB	66, 127, 36
RGB Percent	26%, 50%, 14%
CMY	0.7412, 0.5020, 0.8588
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.72, 0.50
HSL	100°, 56%, 32%
HSV	100°, 72%, 50%
XYZ	10.1546, 16.4644, 4.3118
YIQ	98.3870, -7.1450, -41.2330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

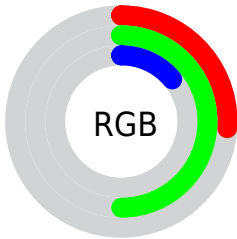
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	36, 127, 97
Decimal	4357924
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.58, -36.79, 41.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	48, 55.420, 131.594
Yxy	16.4644, 0.3283, 0.5323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282548004 (0xFF427F24)
YUV	98.3870, -30.7568, -28.4034
Hunter-Lab	40.5763, -26.3374, 22.1030

# Details

The Android color `4282548004` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336600`. A complement of this color would be `4284556415`, and the grayscale version is `4284703587`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286035030`, and `4278471936` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281958167`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283137841`.

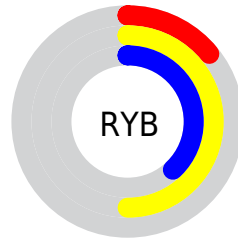
# Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (50%)

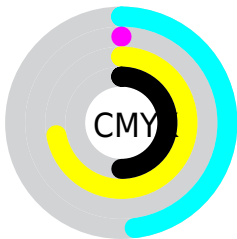
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (38%)

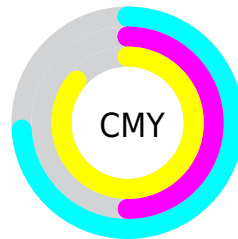


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282548004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282548004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282548004



4282548004

4294967295



4280772103



4286035030



4278471936



4287877232



4278203648



4289654154



4278198784



4291559333



4278190080



4293394369



4294967261



4294967290



4282548004



4282548004

■ 4281958167

■ 4283137841

■ 4281433867

■ 4283662141

■ 4280975104

■ 4284251978

■ 4284776279

■ 4285366116

■ 4285890416

■ 4286480253

■ 4287004554

■ 4287594390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286018560



4282548004



4278224210

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282548004



4278222538



4291051873

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282548004



4284556415

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290135951



4282548004



4280709325

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282548004



4278224302



4287257783



4290465845

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282548004



4278224498



4287257783



4290920816



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282548004



4287538819



4286538020



4282799167



4292138196



4283716692



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282548004



4282820119



4280581939



4282073145



4280975360



4278190080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284556415



4285994918



4286522480



4282267968



4283760768



4278190080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282548004 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

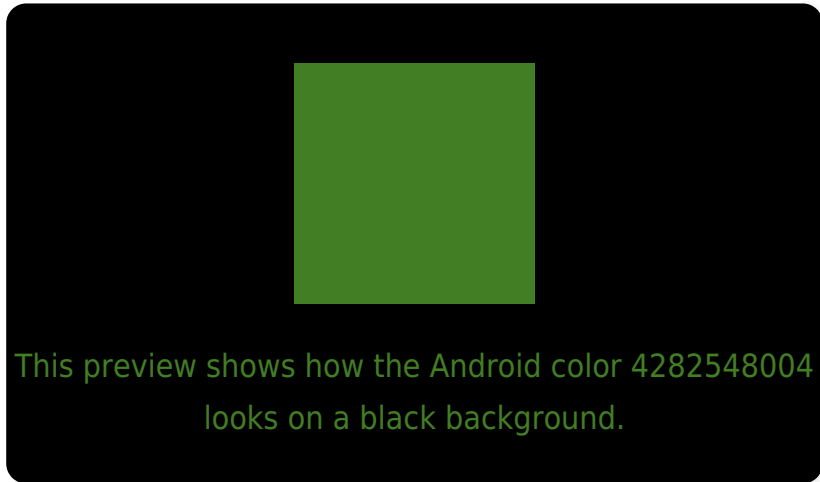
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282548004 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282548004.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282548004.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282548004

**Protanopia**  
4286476576

**Deuteranopia**  
4287392556



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282548004

**Protanomaly**  
4285036065

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285624873

**Tritanomaly**  
4283202143

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282548004

**Achromatopsia**  
4284637794

**Achromatomaly**  
4283854155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282548004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 127, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 127, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 127, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 127, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282548004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 127, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 127, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 127, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 127, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 127, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 127,  
36) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282548004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 127, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 127,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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