

# Converting Colors

Android(4282553191)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282553191) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282553191)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	429367
RGB	66, 147, 103
RGB Percent	26%, 58%, 40%
CMY	0.7412, 0.4235, 0.5961
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.30, 0.42
HSL	147°, 38%, 42%
HSV	147°, 55%, 58%
XYZ	15.1287, 23.0050, 16.4750
YIQ	117.7650, -34.1520, -30.8560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

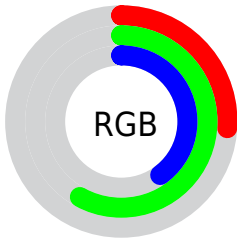
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	66, 122, 147
Decimal	4363111
CIELab	55.08, -35.40, 15.97
CIELCh	55, 38.834, 155.712
Yxy	23.0050, 0.2770, 0.4213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282553191 (0xFF429367)
YUV	117.7650, -7.2791, -45.3979
Hunter-Lab	47.9635, -27.6335, 13.2089

# Details

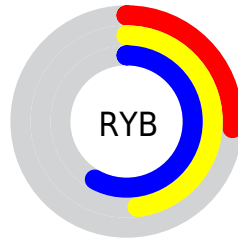
The Android color `4282553191` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339966`. A complement of this color would be `4287840878`, and the grayscale version is `4285953654`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286106266`, and `4278214712` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281570143`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283536239`.

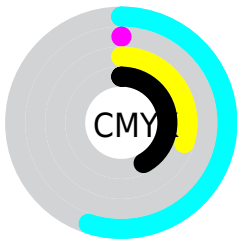
# Distribution



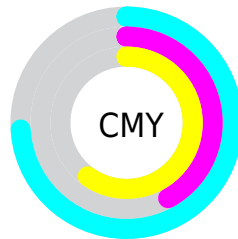
- Red (26%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282553191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282553191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282553191



4282553191

4294967295



4280645967



4286106266



4278214712



4287948469



4278208290



4289724369



4278202381



4291624941



4278196736



4293525503



4278190080



4282553191



4282553191



4281570143



4283536239



4280652631



4284453751

■ 4279669583

■ 4285436799

■ 4278686535

■ 4286419847

■ 4278227779

■ 4287337359

■ 4288320407

■ 4289303455

■ 4290286503

■ 4291204015

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285500747



4282553191



4278228361

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282553191



4283991495



4290800990

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282553191



4287840878

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290996351



4282553191



4287592891

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282553191



4278226881



4289949088



4289689671

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282553191



4278228384



4289949088



4290996840



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282553191



4288659374



4285502274



4283326806



4292927712



4284572001



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282553191



4282498939



4282553231



4282600006



4278225471



4278192645



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287840878



4290724230



4287840838



4283056967



4287234123



4278845446



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282553191 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

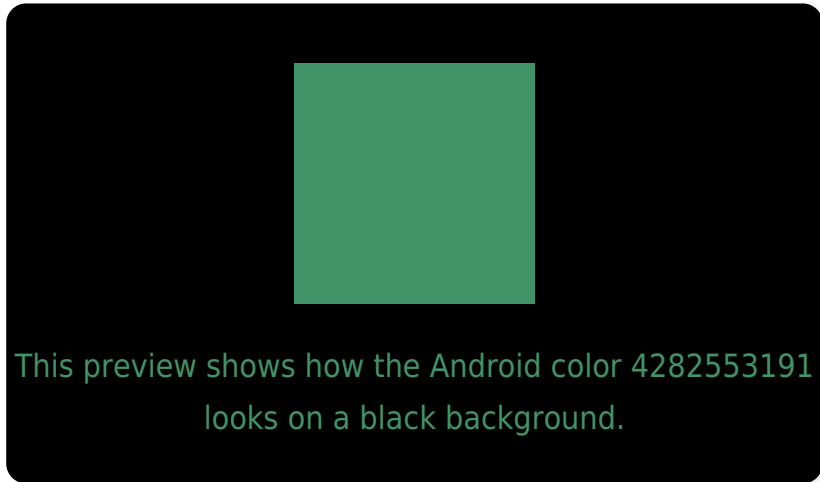
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282553191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282553191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282553191.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282553191

**Protanopia**  
4287464288

**Deuteranopia**  
4288183916



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282553191



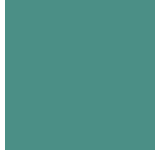
**Protanomaly**

4285696355



**Deuteranomaly**

4286154346



**Tritanomaly**

4283142022

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282553191



**Achromatopsia**

4285953654



**Achromatomaly**

4284711281

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282553191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 147, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 147, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 147, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 147, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282553191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 147, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 147, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 147, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 147, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 147, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 147,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282553191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 147, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 147,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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