

# Converting Colors

Android(4282588196)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282588196) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4282588196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	431C24
RGB	67, 28, 36
RGB Percent	26%, 11%, 14%
CMY	0.7373, 0.8902, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.46, 0.74
HSL	348°, 41%, 19%
HSV	348°, 58%, 26%
XYZ	3.0484, 2.1512, 1.9236
YIQ	40.5730, 20.6760, 10.7560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

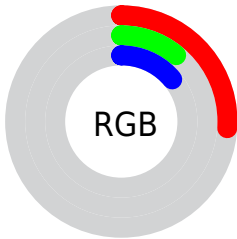
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	67, 28, 36
Decimal	4398116
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	16.26, 19.80, 3.53
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	16, 20.116, 10.118
Yxy	2.1512, 0.4280, 0.3020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282588196 (0xFF431C24)
YUV	40.5730, -2.2545, 23.1765
Hunter-Lab	14.6669, 11.4332, 2.4907

# Details

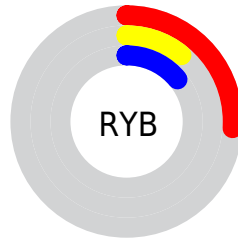
The Android color **4282588196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **4280042299**, and the grayscale version is **4280887593**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285876560**, and **4278845440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282586399**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282589993**.

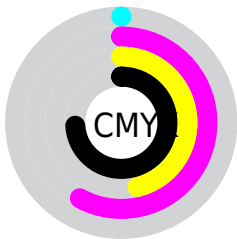
# Distribution



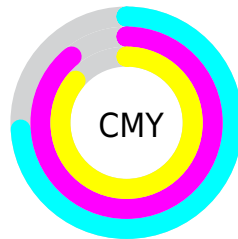
- Red (26%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282588196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282588196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282588196



4282588196

4294967295



4281075215



4285876560



4278845440



4287586664



4278190080



4289362561



4291204251



4293046198



4294953938



4294961134



4282588196



4282588196

■ 4282586399

■ 4282589993

■ 4282584857

■ 4282591535

■ 4282583060

■ 4282593332

■ 4282581263

■ 4282595129

■ 4282581006

■ 4282596927

■ 4282598468

■ 4282600265

■ 4282602063

■ 4282603604

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282261042



4282588196



4282457879

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282588196



4280036625



4278201411

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282588196



4280042299

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278202170



4282588196



4278595358

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282588196



4281084169



4278202413



4279773252

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282588196



4282130959



4278202413



4278201665



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282588196



4283910219



4282063939



4281017124



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282588196



4283898406



4282591004



4280360479



4284547092



4292870190



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282588196



4283898406



4280039491



4280360479



4284547092

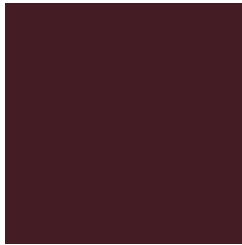


4292870190



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282588196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

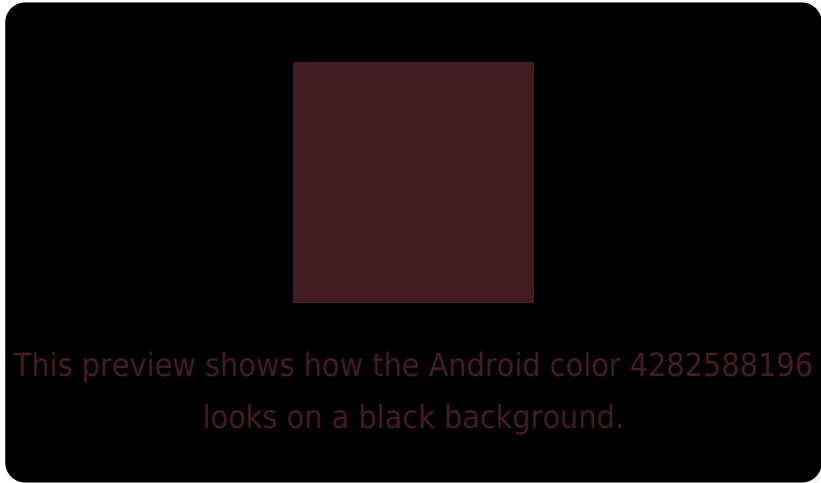
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282588196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282588196.

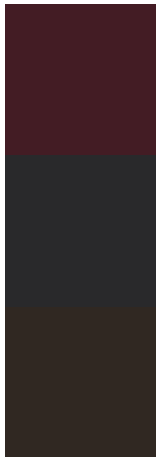


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282588196.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



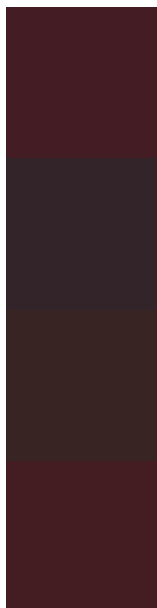
**Original Color**  
4282588196

**Protanopia**  
4280887595

**Deuteranopia**  
4281346082



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282588196

**Protanomaly**

4281476136

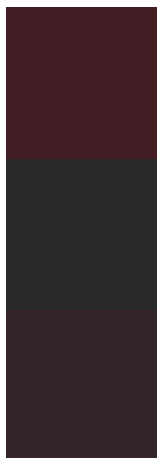
**Deuteranomaly**

4281803811

**Tritanomaly**

4282588449

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282588196

**Achromatopsia**

4280887593

**Achromatomaly**

4281476135

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282588196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 28, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 28, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 28, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 28, 36) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282588196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 28, 36) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 28, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 28, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 28, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 28, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 28, 36)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282588196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 28, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 28,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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