

# Converting Colors

Android(4282676002)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282676002) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282676002)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	447322
RGB	68, 115, 34
RGB Percent	27%, 45%, 13%
CMY	0.7333, 0.5490, 0.8667
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.70, 0.55
HSL	95°, 54%, 29%
HSV	95°, 70%, 45%
XYZ	8.8034, 13.6059, 3.6756
YIQ	91.7130, -2.0110, -35.1550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

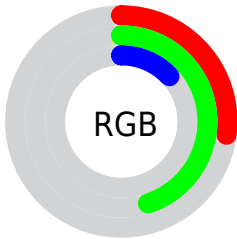
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	34, 115, 81
Decimal	4485922
CIELab	43.66, -30.94, 38.23
CIElCh	44, 49.181, 128.985
Yxy	13.6059, 0.3375, 0.5216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282676002 (0xFF447322)
YUV	91.7130, -28.4525, -20.7963
Hunter-Lab	36.8862, -21.9495, 19.9123

# Details

The Android color `4282676002` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336600`. A complement of this color would be `4283507315`, and the grayscale version is `4284243036`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286097235`, and `4279255552` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282217239`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283134766`.

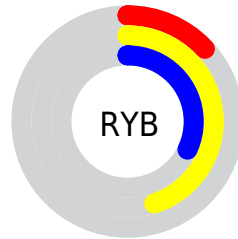
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (45%)

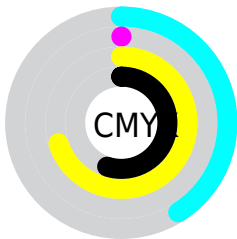
Blue (13%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (32%)

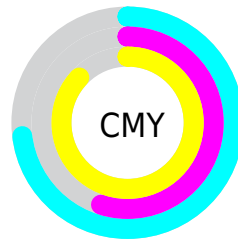


Cyan (41%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282676002 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282676002 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282676002



4282676002

4294967295



4280965638



4286097235



4279255552



4287873901



4278201344



4289650567



4278195456



4291493025



4278190080



4293394365



4294967257



4294967286



4282676002



4282676002

■ 4282217239

■ 4283134766

■ 4281824011

■ 4283527993

■ 4281365248

■ 4283986757

■ 4284445520

■ 4284838748

■ 4285297511

■ 4285756275

■ 4286149502

■ 4286608266

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285556998



4282676002



4278220872

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282676002



4278219699



4289740637

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282676002



4283507315

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288759173



4282676002



4280182968

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282676002



4278221210



4286076839



4289349942

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282676002



4278221412



4286076839



4289609578



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282676002



4286879351



4285747234



4282469689



4291611852



4283256141



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282676002



4283209239



4280447783



4281809717



4281563648



4285135360



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283507315



4284553110



4285735534



4281873723



4282843258



4287693050



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282676002 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

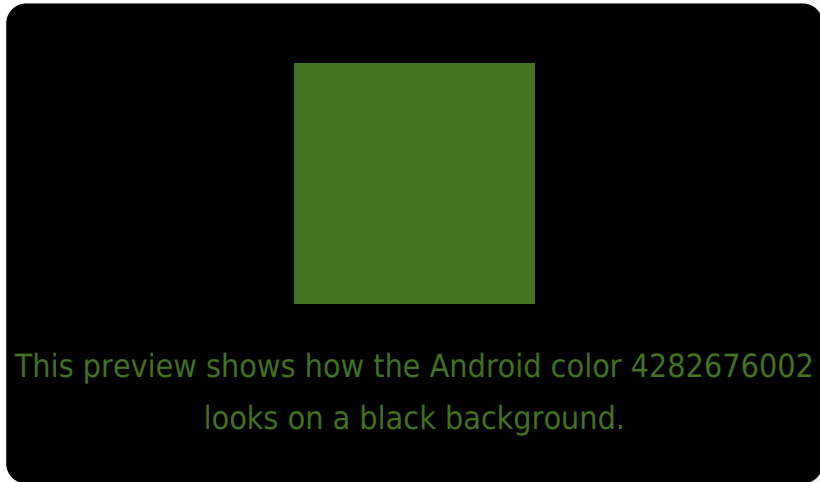
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282676002 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282676002.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282676002.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282676002

**Protanopia**  
4285753119

**Deuteranopia**  
4286603816



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282676002

**Protanomaly**  
4284640032

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285163558

**Tritanomaly**  
4283199062

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282676002

**Achromatopsia**  
4284243036

**Achromatomaly**  
4283655239

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282676002 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 115, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 115, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 115, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 115, 34) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282676002 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 115, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 115, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 115, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 115, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 115, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 115,  
34) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282676002 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 115, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 115,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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