

# Converting Colors

Android(4282737500)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282737500) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4282737500)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	45635C
RGB	69, 99, 92
RGB Percent	27%, 39%, 36%
CMY	0.7294, 0.6118, 0.6392
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.07, 0.61
HSL	166°, 18%, 33%
HSV	166°, 30%, 39%
XYZ	8.8479, 10.9616, 11.7747
YIQ	89.2320, -15.6330, -8.5370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

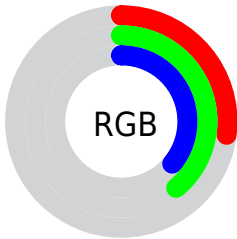
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	69, 86, 99
Decimal	4547420
CIELab	39.52, -12.69, 0.43
CIELCh	40, 12.694, 178.053
Yxy	10.9616, 0.2801, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282737500 (0xFF45635C)
YUV	89.2320, 1.3646, -17.7435
Hunter-Lab	33.1083, -10.2373, 2.0898

# Details

The Android color `4282737500` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336666`. A complement of this color would be `4284695884`, and the grayscale version is `4284045657`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285961870`, and `4279710766` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282082138`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283392862`.

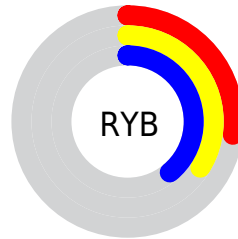
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (39%)

Blue (36%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (39%)

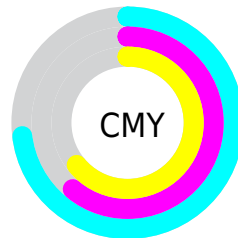


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282737500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282737500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282737500



4282737500

4294967295



4281224005



4285961870



4279710766



4287672745



4278263578



4289449156



4278190080



4291225824



4293132284



4282737500



4282737500



4282082138



4283392862



4281426775



4284048225

■ 4280771413

■ 4284703587

■ 4280116051

■ 4285358949

■ 4279460688

■ 4286014312

■ 4278870862

■ 4286604138

■ 4278215500

■ 4287259500

■ 4287914862

■ 4288570225

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283392594



4282737500



4282475366

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282737500



4284373871



4285421900

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282737500



4284695884

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285683284



4282737500



4285159528

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282737500



4283457137



4285617758



4284898377

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282737500



4282606188



4285617758



4285552718



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282737500



4285825149



4283196229



4281942078



4290756543



4282400832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282737500



4283596917



4282735459



4281085999



4278218838



4278251704



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284695884



4286599772



4284697925



4281347117



4285530138



4293918776



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282737500 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

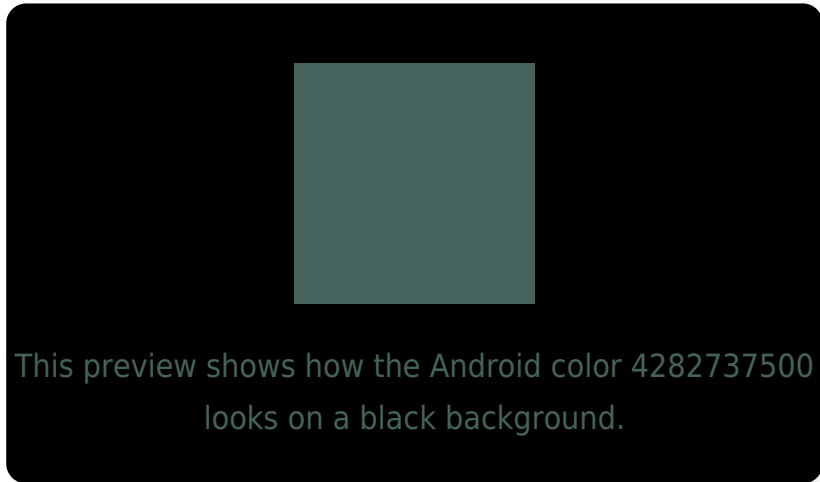
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282737500 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282737500.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282737500.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4282737500

**Protanopia**

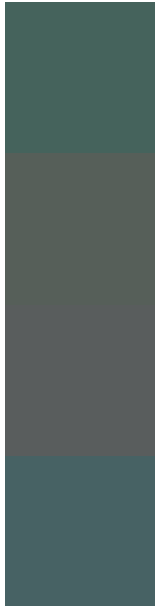
4284439640

**Deuteranopia**

4284832350



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282737500

**Protanomaly**

4283850585

**Deuteranomaly**

4284046685

**Tritanomaly**

4282868324

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282737500

**Achromatopsia**

4284045657

**Achromatomaly**

4283587930

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282737500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 99, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 99, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 99, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 99, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282737500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 99, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 99, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 99, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 99, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 99, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 99, 92)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282737500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 99, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 99,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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