

# Converting Colors

Android(4282747511)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282747511) contains.

<b>Android(4282747511)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4282747511)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	458A77
RGB	69, 138, 119
RGB Percent	27%, 54%, 47%
CMY	0.7294, 0.4588, 0.5333
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.14, 0.46
HSL	163°, 33%, 41%
HSV	163°, 50%, 54%
XYZ	14.8725, 20.7741, 20.6787
YIQ	115.2030, -35.0250, -20.5370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

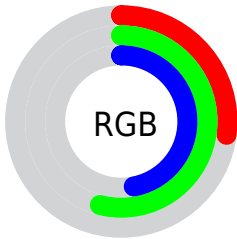
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	69, 109, 138
Decimal	4557431
CIELab	52.70, -26.69, 3.49
CIElCh	53, 26.920, 172.552
Yxy	20.7741, 0.2640, 0.3688
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282747511 (0xFF458A77)
YUV	115.2030, 1.8719, -40.5200
Hunter-Lab	45.5786, -21.5172, 5.0055

# Details

The Android color `4282747511` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339999`. A complement of this color would be `4287251800`, and the grayscale version is `4285756275`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286234795`, and `4278736711` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281830003`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283665019`.

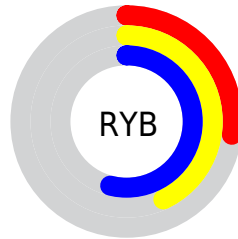
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (54%)

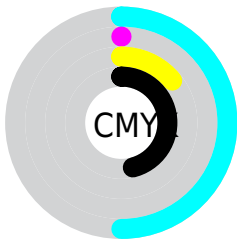
Blue (47%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (54%)

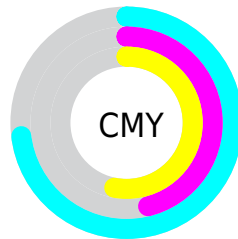


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282747511 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282747511 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282747511



4282747511

4294967295



4280971358



4286234795



4278736711



4288011462



4278206512



4289853922



4278200604



4291690495



4278194433



4293591039



4278190080



4282747511



4282747511



4281830003



4283665019



4280912495



4284582527

■ 4280060524

■ 4285434498

■ 4279143016

■ 4286352006

■ 4278225508

■ 4287269514

■ 4288187022

■ 4289104530

■ 4289956501

■ 4290874009

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284581729



4282747511



4281240207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282747511



4286151336



4288967514

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282747511



4287251800

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289424749



4282747511



4288049818

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282747511



4283794091



4289162629



4287855184

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282747511



4281239964



4289162629



4289228896



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282747511



4288197547



4284058181



4282997077



4292467161



4284045657



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282747511



4282889109



4282743690



4282271043



4278224224



4278191364



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287251800



4289939301



4287255621



4282728000



4286906405



4278517761



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282747511 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

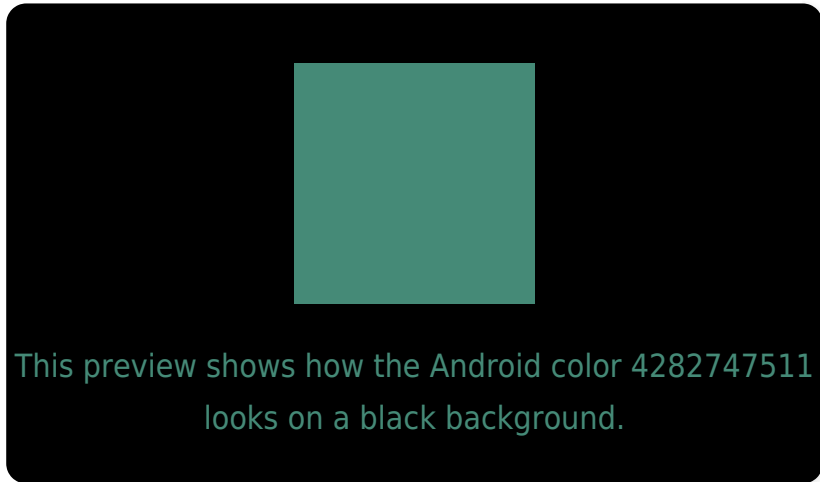
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282747511 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282747511.

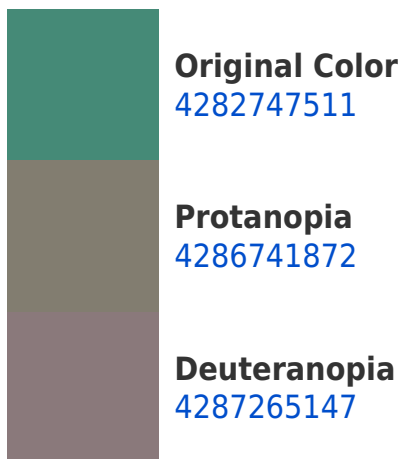


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282747511.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282747511

**Protanomaly**  
4285301363

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285628282

**Tritanomaly**  
4283074440

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282747511

**Achromatopsia**  
4285756275

**Achromatomaly**  
4284644212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282747511 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 138, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 138, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 138, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 138, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282747511 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 138, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 138, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 138, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 138, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 138, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 138,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282747511 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 138, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 138,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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