

# Converting Colors

Android(4282866455)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282866455) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4282866455)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	475B17
RGB	71, 91, 23
RGB Percent	28%, 36%, 9%
CMY	0.7216, 0.6431, 0.9098
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.75, 0.64
HSL	78°, 60%, 22%
HSV	78°, 75%, 36%
XYZ	6.4943, 8.8836, 2.1830
YIQ	77.2680, 9.9080, -25.3880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

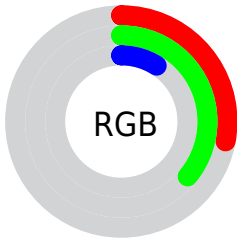
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	23, 91, 43
Decimal	4676375
CIELab	35.76, -18.69, 34.91
CIElCh	36, 39.596, 118.167
Yxy	8.8836, 0.3698, 0.5059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282866455 (0xFF475B17)
YUV	77.2680, -26.7541, -5.4970
Hunter-Lab	29.8054, -13.2663, 16.5212

# Details

The Android color **4282866455** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4281014107**, and the grayscale version is **4283321934**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286221639**, and **4279774464** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282669838**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283063072**.

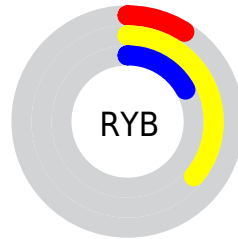
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (36%)

Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (17%)

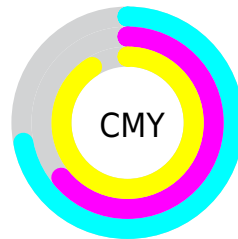


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (75%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282866455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282866455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282866455



4282866455

4294967295



4281287424



4286221639



4279774464



4287932512



4278196736



4289708921



4278190080



4291551123



4293458862



4294967242



4294967270



4282866455



4282866455

■ 4282669838

■ 4283063072

■ 4282538757

■ 4283194153

■ 4282407680

■ 4283390770

■ 4283587387

■ 4283718469

■ 4283915086

■ 4284111703

■ 4284242784

■ 4284439401

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284895758



4282866455



4279787825

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282866455



4278214794



4287313495

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282866455



4281014107

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286136182



4282866455



4278212756

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282866455



4278215537



4283518348



4287380024

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282866455



4278215494



4283518348



4287051874



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282866455



4285429083



4284164631



4281744171



4290427578



4282071867



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282866455



4283856140



4280703767



4281151017



4283264512



4289195264



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281014107



4281011317



4283176795



4281018670



4280287342

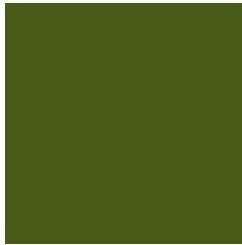


4282777837



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282866455 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

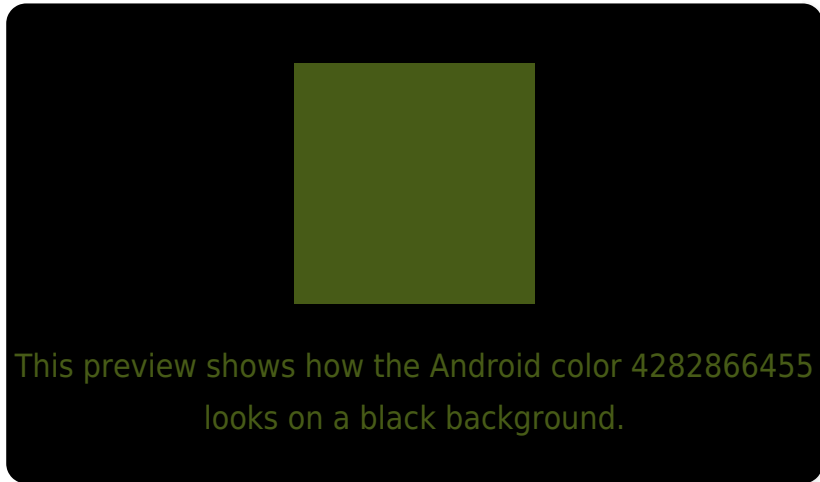
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

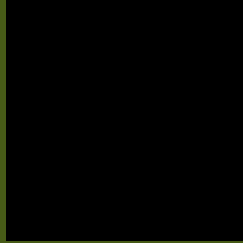
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282866455 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282866455.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282866455.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


4282866455

**Protanopia**

4284371989

**Deuteranopia**

4285091868



**Tritanopia**  
4283389276

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4282866455

**Protanomaly**

4283848470

**Deuteranomaly**

4284306458

**Tritanomaly**

4283193155

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4282866455

**Achromatopsia**

4283256141

**Achromatomaly**

4283126329

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282866455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 91, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 91, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 91, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 91, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282866455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 91, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 91, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 91, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 91, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 91, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 91, 23)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282866455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 91, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 91,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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