

# Converting Colors

Android(4282885541)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282885541) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4282885541)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47A5A5
RGB	71, 165, 165
RGB Percent	28%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.7216, 0.3529, 0.3529
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	180°, 40%, 46%
HSV	180°, 57%, 65%
XYZ	22.8452, 30.9665, 40.3704
YIQ	136.8940, -56.0240, -19.9280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

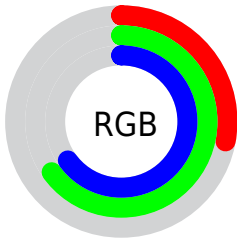
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	71, 118, 165
Decimal	4695461
CIELab	62.48, -27.40, -8.37
CIElCh	62, 28.646, 196.991
Yxy	30.9665, 0.2426, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282885541 (0xFF47A5A5)
YUV	136.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890
Hunter-Lab	55.6475, -24.1029, -4.0596

# Details

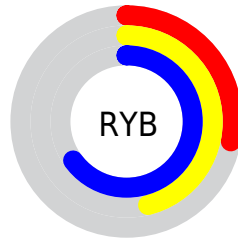
The Android color **4282885541** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **4289021767**, and the grayscale version is **4287203721**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286700764**, and **4278219121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4281836965**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283934117**.

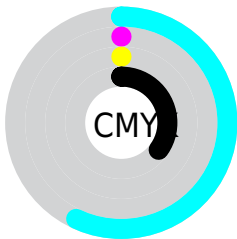
# Distribution



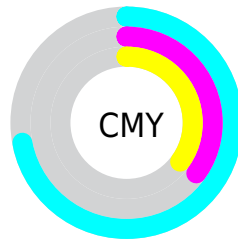
- Red (28%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282885541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282885541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4282885541



4282885541

4294967295



4280715915



4286700764



4278219121



4288543224



4278212697



4290445311



4278206530



4292345855



4278200619



4294311935



4278194455



4278190080



4282885541



4282885541



4281836965



4283934117

■ 4280722853

■ 4285048229

■ 4279674277

■ 4286096805

■ 4278560165

■ 4287210917

■ 4278232485

■ 4288325029

■ 4289373605

■ 4290487717

■ 4291536293

■ 4292584869

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284458123



4282885541



4282885051

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282885541



4289498298



4289958502

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282885541



4289021767

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291070323



4282885541



4290938275

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282885541



4287337671



4291462281



4288322150

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282885541



4284063685



4291462281



4290350953



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282885541



4289910486



4282885447



4283853675



4293651435



4285229931



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282885541



4282767062



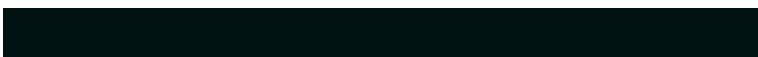
4282873509



4282995282



4278227345



4278194706



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289021861



4292232662



4289033799



4283582802



4287692945

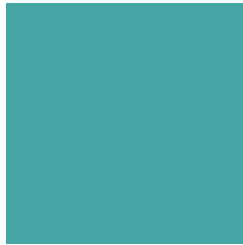


4279369746



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282885541 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282885541 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

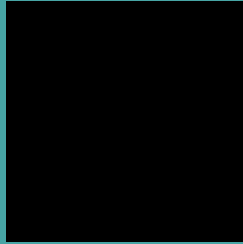
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282885541 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282885541.

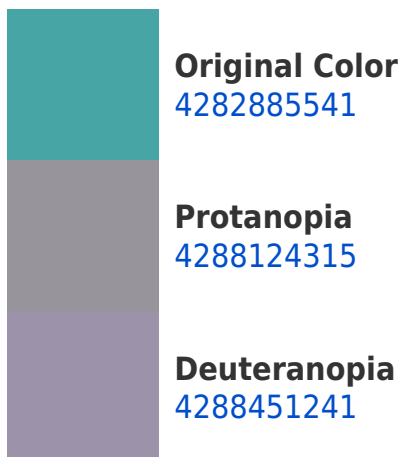


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282885541.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



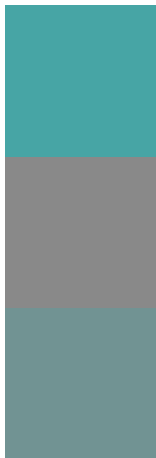
**Original Color**  
4282885541

**Protanomaly**  
4286225311

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286421416

**Tritanomaly**  
4283081900

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282885541

**Achromatopsia**  
4287203721

**Achromatomaly**  
4285633427

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282885541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 165, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 165, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 165, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 165, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282885541 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 165, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 165, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 165, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 165, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 165, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 165,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282885541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 165, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 165,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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