

# Converting Colors

Android(4282974327)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282974327) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4282974327)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	490077
RGB	73, 0, 119
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 47%
CMY	0.7137, 1.0000, 0.5333
CMYK	0.39, 1.00, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	277°, 100%, 23%
HSV	277°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	6.0774, 2.7484, 17.6629
YIQ	35.3930, 5.3090, 52.4850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

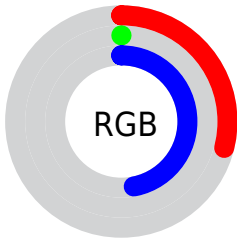
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	73, 0, 119
Decimal	4784247
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	19.01, 49.05, -48.72
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	19, 69.133, 315.192
Yxy	2.7484, 0.2294, 0.1038
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282974327 (0xFF490077)
YUV	35.3930, 41.2183, 32.9813
Hunter-Lab	16.5782, 36.4246, -51.5646

# Details

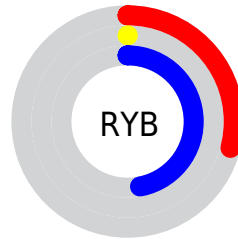
The Android color **4282974327** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **4281235200**, and the grayscale version is **4280492835**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286528428**, and **4279631941** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282974327**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283305079**.

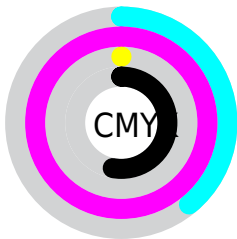
# Distribution



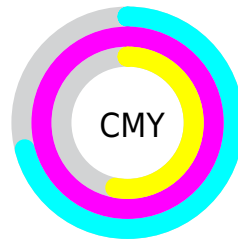
- Red (29%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282974327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282974327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4282974327

 4282974327

 4294966015

 4281204830

 4286528428

 4279631941

 4288370120

 4278190638

 4290211812

 4278190360

 4292119039

 4278190080

 4294026751

 4294951167

 4294958591

 4282974327

■ 4283305079

■ 4283570295

■ 4283901047

■ 4284166263

■ 4284496759

■ 4284827511

■ 4285092727

■ 4285423479

■ 4285688695

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278202003



4282974327



4285923401

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282974327



4283310592



4278206536

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282974327



4281235200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278205969



4282974327



4280366080

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282974327



4285333504



4278205184



4278206583

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282974327



4286447656



4278205184



4278206262



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282974327



4287262108



4278202487



4282659663



4291809231



4283387727



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282974327



4284416156



4285988971



4281873723



4283105402



4288217338



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285988910



4288413756



4278220556



4282070327



4286185519

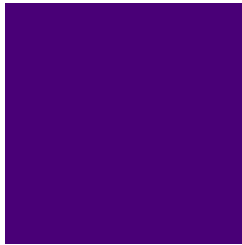


4294574177



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282974327 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

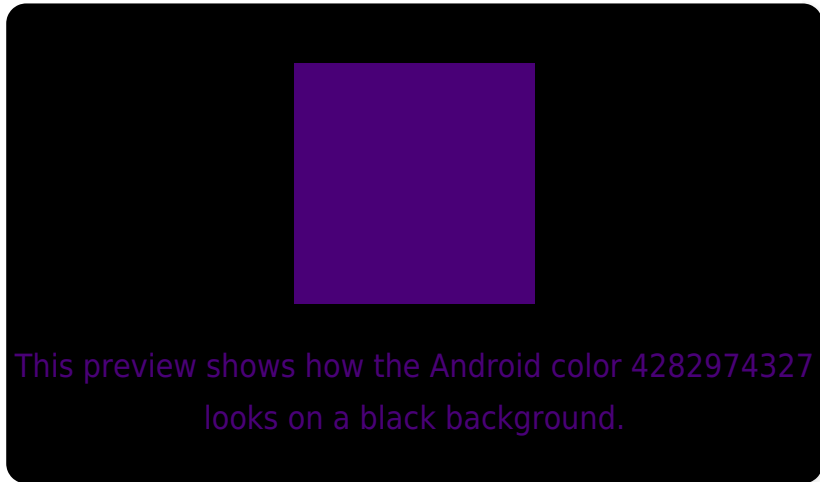
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

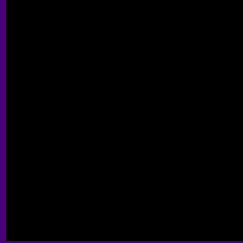
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4282974327 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282974327.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282974327.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282974327

**Protanopia**  
4278202469

**Deuteranopia**  
4278203223



# Trichromacy



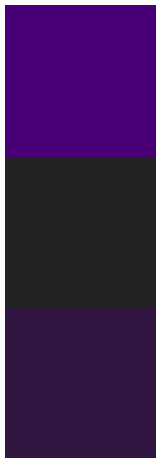
**Original Color**  
4282974327

**Protanomaly**  
4279967596

**Deuteranomaly**  
4279967843

**Tritanomaly**  
4282391883

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282974327

**Achromatopsia**  
4280492835

**Achromatomaly**  
4281407042

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282974327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 0, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 0, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 0, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 0, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282974327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 0, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 0, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 0, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 0, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 0, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 0, 119)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282974327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 0, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 0,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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