

# Converting Colors

Android(4282981888)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4282981888) contains.

<b>Android(4282981888)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4282981888)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	491E00
RGB	73, 30, 0
RGB Percent	29%, 12%, 0%
CMY	0.7137, 0.8824, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 1.00, 0.71
HSL	25°, 100%, 14%
HSV	25°, 100%, 29%
XYZ	3.2119, 2.3450, 0.2833
YIQ	39.4370, 35.2580, -0.2140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

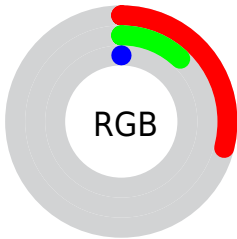
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	73, 51, 0
Decimal	4791808
CIE Lab	17.20, 18.54, 25.61
CIE LCh	17, 31.612, 54.100
Yxy	2.3450, 0.5500, 0.4015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282981888 (0xFF491E00)
YUV	39.4370, -19.4424, 29.4348
Hunter-Lab	15.3134, 10.6411, 9.6224

# Details

The Android color **4282981888** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **4278201161**, and the grayscale version is **4280821800**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286466863**, and **4279238656** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4282981888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282982919**.

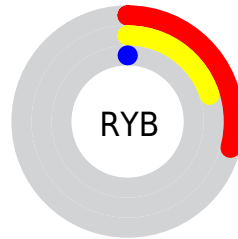
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (12%)

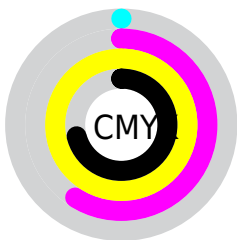
Blue (0%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (0%)

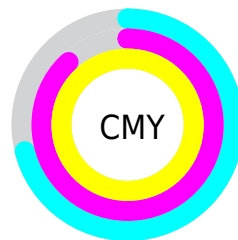


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4282981888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4282981888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4282981888

 4282981888

 4294967266

 4281272576

 4286466863

 4279238656

 4288242502

 4278190080

 4290083934

 4291991159

 4293898640

 4294954411

 4294961606

 4282981888

■ 4282982919

■ 4282984207

■ 4282985238

■ 4282986269

■ 4282987557

■ 4282988588

■ 4282989619

■ 4282990650

■ 4282991938

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283569177



4282981888



4281935872

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4282981888



4278203429



4280297044

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4282981888



4278201161

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278201944



4282981888



4278203452

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4282981888



4278202893



4278203215



4282456901

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4282981888



4281084928



4278203215



4278724951



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4282981888



4284370498



4282974252



4281345567



4289769648



4281348144



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4282981888



4284360448



4282991104



4280558112



4284688640



4293090560



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278201161



4278204510



4278191945



4280295972



4278205283

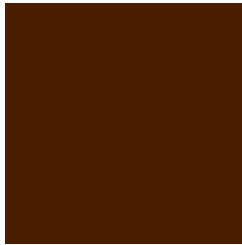


4278224611



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4282981888 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

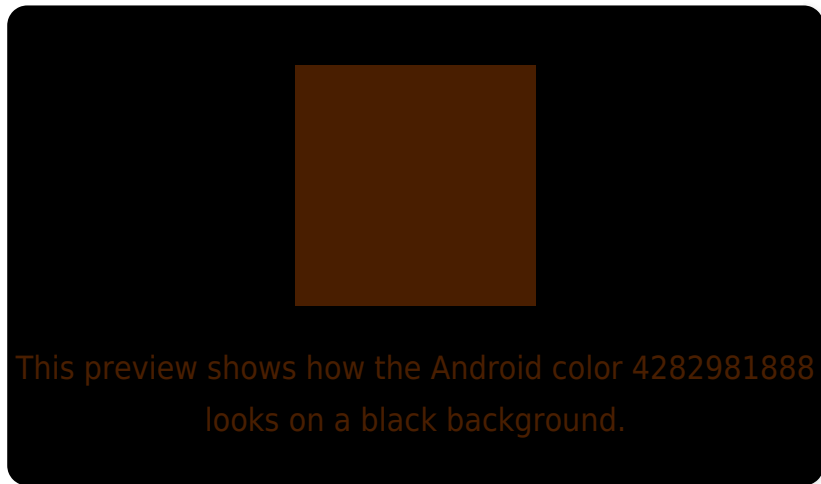
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Android 4282981888 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4282981888.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4282981888.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282981888

**Protanopia**  
4281412615

**Deuteranopia**  
4281805056



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4282981888

**Protanomaly**  
4282001156

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282262784

**Tritanomaly**  
4283047187

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4282981888

**Achromatopsia**  
4280756007

**Achromatomaly**  
4281541657

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4282981888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 30, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 30, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 30, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 30, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4282981888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 30, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 30, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 30, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 30, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 30, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 30, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4282981888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 30, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 30,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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