

# Converting Colors

Android(4283065160)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283065160) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283065160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A6348
RGB	74, 99, 72
RGB Percent	29%, 39%, 28%
CMY	0.7098, 0.6118, 0.7176
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.27, 0.61
HSL	116°, 16%, 34%
HSV	116°, 27%, 39%
XYZ	8.4556, 10.8474, 7.7790
YIQ	88.4470, -6.2330, -13.6970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

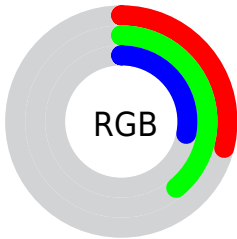
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	72, 99, 97
Decimal	4875080
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.32, -15.25, 12.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 19.654, 140.901
Yxy	10.8474, 0.3122, 0.4005
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283065160 (0xFF4A6348)
YUV	88.4470, -8.1084, -12.6700
Hunter-Lab	32.9354, -11.8102, 9.0511

# Details

The Android color `4283065160` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336633`. A complement of this color would be `4284565603`, and the grayscale version is `4284045657`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286289529`, and `4280103964` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282475326`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4283654994`.

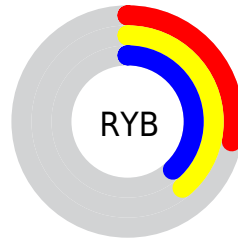
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (39%)

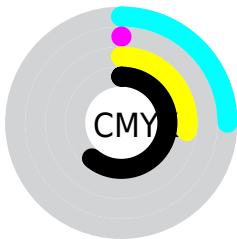
Blue (28%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (38%)

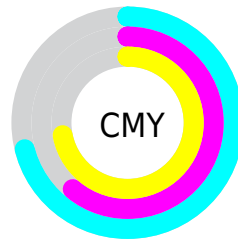


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283065160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283065160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283065160



4283065160

4294967295



4281551665



4286289529



4280103964



4288000402



4278722307



4289776813



4278190080



4291619016



4293459940



4283065160



4283065160



4282475326



4283654994



4281885492



4284244828

■ 4281295658

■ 4284900198

■ 4280640288

■ 4285490032

■ 4280050454

■ 4286079866

■ 4279460621

■ 4286669699

■ 4278870787

■ 4287259533

■ 4278674176

■ 4287849367

■ 4288504737

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284243774



4283065160



4281886039

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283065160



4282409084



4286402898

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283065160



4284565603

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286140770



4283065160



4283980410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283065160



4281164661



4285289841



4286076228

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283065160



4281165154



4285289841



4286337367



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283065160



4285956213



4284703048



4282007609



4290756543



4282400832



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283065160



4284055637



4282934099



4281085996



4278743040



4279431168



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284565603



4286338432



4284696664



4281347120



4285005936

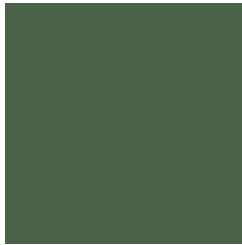


4292739312



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283065160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

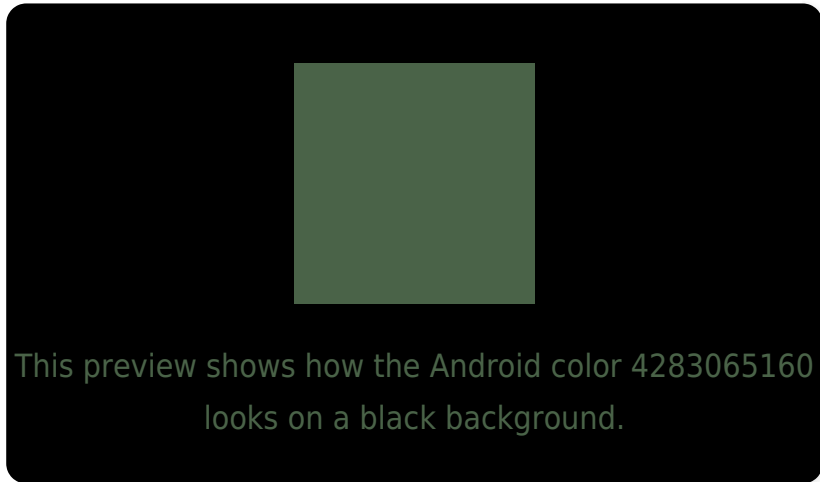
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283065160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283065160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283065160.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4283065160

**Protanopia**

4284701765

**Deuteranopia**

4285225290



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283065160

**Protanomaly**  
4284112710

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284439881

**Tritanomaly**  
4283261020

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283065160

**Achromatopsia**  
4283979864

**Achromatomaly**  
4283653202

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283065160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 99, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 99, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 99, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 99, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283065160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 99, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 99, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 99, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 99, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 99, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 99, 72)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283065160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 99, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 99,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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