

# Converting Colors

Android(4283140213)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283140213) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283140213)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B8875
RGB	75, 136, 117
RGB Percent	29%, 53%, 46%
CMY	0.7059, 0.4667, 0.5412
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.14, 0.47
HSL	161°, 29%, 41%
HSV	161°, 45%, 53%
XYZ	14.9167, 20.3885, 19.9788
YIQ	115.5950, -30.2570, -18.8410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

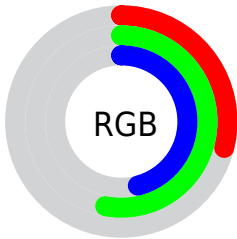
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	75, 111, 136
Decimal	4950133
CIELab	52.27, -24.58, 4.06
CIElCh	52, 24.916, 170.613
Yxy	20.3885, 0.2698, 0.3688
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283140213 (0xFF4B8875)
YUV	115.5950, 0.6927, -35.6018
Hunter-Lab	45.1537, -20.0507, 5.3739

# Details

The Android color `4283140213` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339999`. A complement of this color would be `4287122270`, and the grayscale version is `4285822068`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286561961`, and `4279653957` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282222705`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284057721`.

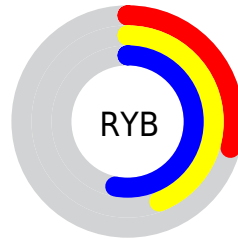
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (53%)

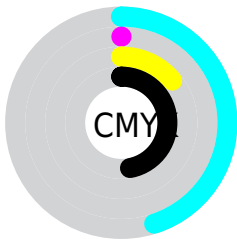
Blue (46%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (53%)

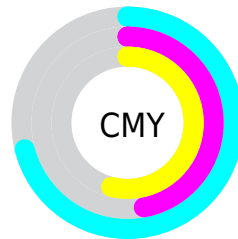


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283140213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283140213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283140213



4283140213

4294967295



4281429596



4286561961



4279653957



4288338628



4278205999



4290180832



4278200346



4292018173



4278193920



4293918719



4278190080



4283140213



4283140213



4282222705



4284057721



4281370733



4284909693

■ 4280453224

■ 4285827202

■ 4279601252

■ 4286679174

■ 4278683744

■ 4287596682

■ 4278224990

■ 4288514190

■ 4289366163

■ 4290283671

■ 4291135643

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284777825



4283140213



4281895051

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283140213



4285954725



4288770653

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283140213



4287122270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289162607



4283140213



4287722136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283140213



4283859366



4288834948



4287789395

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283140213



4281829272



4288834948



4288966754



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283140213



4288262313



4284385355



4283128149



4292467161



4284045657



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283140213



4283543698



4283137416



4282271043



4278224219



4278191364



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287122270



4289745263



4287125067



4282728000



4286906409



4278517762



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283140213 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

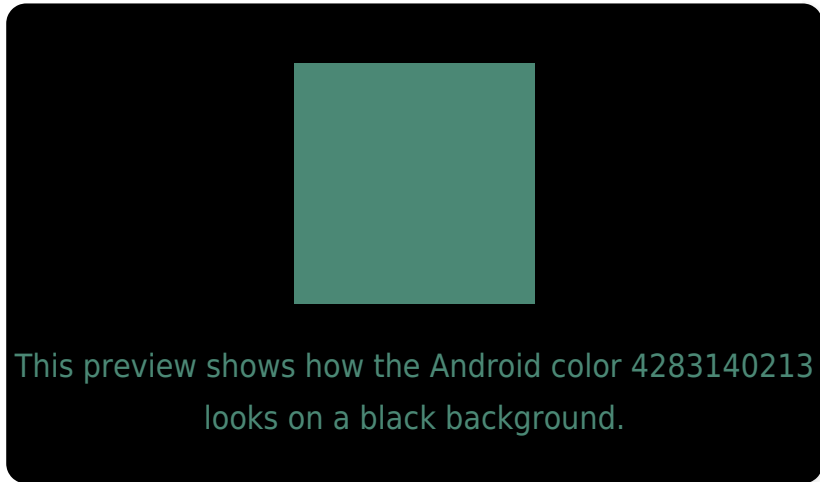
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283140213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283140213.

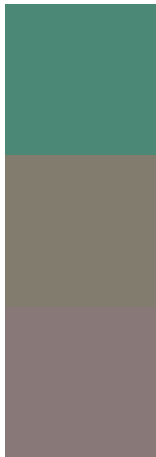


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283140213.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283140213

**Protanopia**  
4286676078

**Deuteranopia**  
4287199352



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283140213

**Protanomaly**  
4285366385

**Deuteranomaly**  
4285693559

**Tritanomaly**  
4283401606

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283140213

**Achromatopsia**  
4285822068

**Achromatomaly**  
4284840820

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283140213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 136, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 136, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 136, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 136, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283140213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 136, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 136, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 136, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 136, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 136, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 136,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283140213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 136, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 136,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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