

Converting Colors

Android(4283203671)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4283203671) contains.

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Color

Android(4283203671)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 4C8057 |
| RGB | 76, 128, 87 |
| RGB Percent | 30%, 50%, 34% |
| CMY | 0.7020, 0.4980, 0.6588 |
| CMYK | 0.41, 0.00, 0.32, 0.50 |
| HSL | 133°, 25%, 40% |
| HSV | 133°, 41%, 50% |
| XYZ | 12.4200, 17.6630, 11.7715 |
| YIQ | 107.7780, -17.8310, -23.7750 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

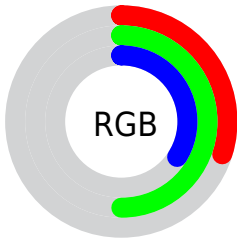
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 76, 119, 128 |
| Decimal | 5013591 |
| CIELab | 49.08, -26.81, 16.94 |
| CIElCh | 49, 31.714, 147.718 |
| Yxy | 17.6630, 0.2967, 0.4220 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283203671 (0xFF4C8057) |
| YUV | 107.7780, -10.2436, -27.8693 |
| Hunter-Lab | 42.0273, -20.7973, 12.8125 |

Details

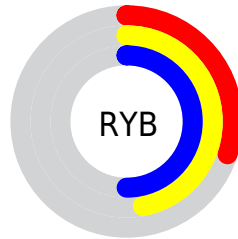
The Android color `4283203671` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669966`. A complement of this color would be `4286598261`, and the grayscale version is `4285295724`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286559625`, and `4279914025` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282351693`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284055649`.

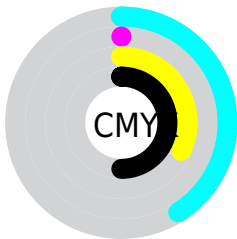
Distribution



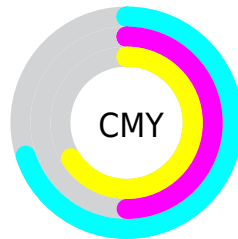
- Red (30%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283203671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283203671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



4283203671



4283203671

4294967295



4281558847



4286559625



4279914025



4288336291



4278204180



4290112959



4278198784



4291952602



4278190080



4293853175



4283203671



4283203671



4282351693



4284055649



4281499715



4284907627

■ 4280713273

■ 4285694069

■ 4279861295

■ 4286546047

■ 4279009317

■ 4287398025

■ 4278222875

■ 4288250004

■ 4289101982

■ 4289888424

■ 4290740402

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285299524



4283203671



4280386418

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283203671



4282874026



4289225053

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283203671



4286598261

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289093496



4283203671



4285820580

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283203671



4278222753



4287915410



4288506184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283203671



4278223748



4287915410



4289290342

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283203671



4287800982



4285956172



4282930251



4292138196



4283716692

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283203671



4283803238



4283203696



4281942075



4278222875



4278190080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286598261



4289090965



4286598236



4282399038



4286578789



4278190080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283203671 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

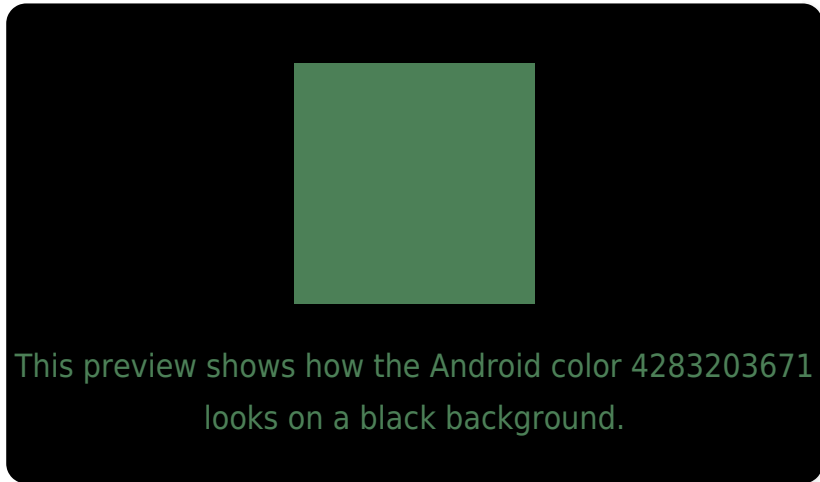
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4283203671 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283203671.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283203671.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
4283203671

Protanopia
4286411858

Deuteranopia
4287131483

Trichromacy



Original Color
4283203671

Protanomaly
4285233236

Deuteranomaly
4285691226

Tritanomaly
4283595892

Monochromacy



Original Color
4283203671

Achromatopsia
4285295724

Achromatomaly
4284511076

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283203671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 128, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 128, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 128, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 128, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283203671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 128, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 128, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 128, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 128, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 128, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 128,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283203671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 128, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 128,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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