

# Converting Colors

Android(4283229864)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283229864) contains.

<b>Android(4283229864)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4283229864)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4CE6A8
RGB	76, 230, 168
RGB Percent	30%, 90%, 66%
CMY	0.7020, 0.0980, 0.3412
CMYK	0.67, 0.00, 0.27, 0.10
HSL	156°, 75%, 60%
HSV	156°, 67%, 90%
XYZ	38.3452, 60.9573, 46.7907
YIQ	176.8860, -71.8820, -51.9300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

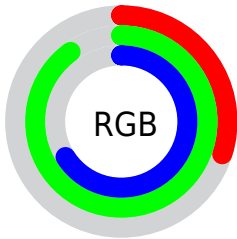
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	76, 172, 230
Decimal	5039784
CIELab	82.36, -54.49, 18.65
CIElCh	82, 57.597, 161.104
Yxy	60.9573, 0.2625, 0.4172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283229864 (0xFF4CE6A8)
YUV	176.8860, -4.3808, -88.4770
Hunter-Lab	78.0751, -48.9645, 19.1199

# Details

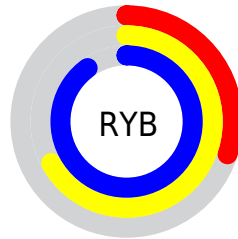
The Android color `4283229864` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `33CC99`. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be `4293282954`, and the grayscale version is `4289835441`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4287496159`, and `4278234484` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4281722527`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284737201`.

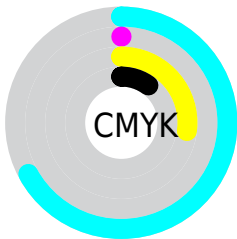
# Distribution



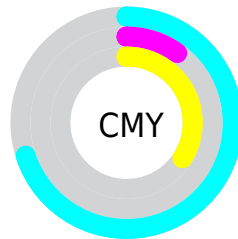
- Red (30%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283229864 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283229864 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283229864



4283229864

4294967295



4280404365



4287496159



4278234484



4289527804



4278227547



4291493887



4278220611



4293525503



4278213933



4278207511



4278201856




4278193920



4278190080

 4283229864

 4283229864

 4281722527

 4284737201

 4280215189

 4286244539

 4278707852

 4287751876

 4278249097

 4289259213

 4290766550

 4292273888

 4293781225

 4294960882

 4294960891

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288667256



4283229864



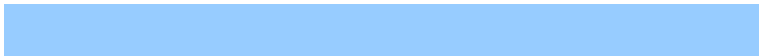
4278249952

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283229864



4288138495



4294945416

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283229864



4293282954

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294942651



4283229864



4293638143

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283229864



4278246655



4294944241



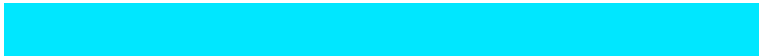
4294950502

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283229864



4278249471



4294944241



4294944152

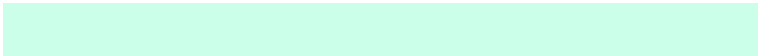


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283229864



4291624938



4287424076



4284579955



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283229864



4281597869



4283226598



4284969838



4278236011



4278203166



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293282954



4294914949



4293286220



4285753196



4289921096

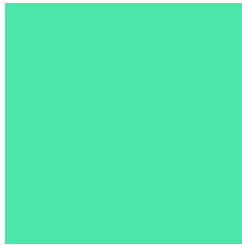


4281532437



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283229864 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

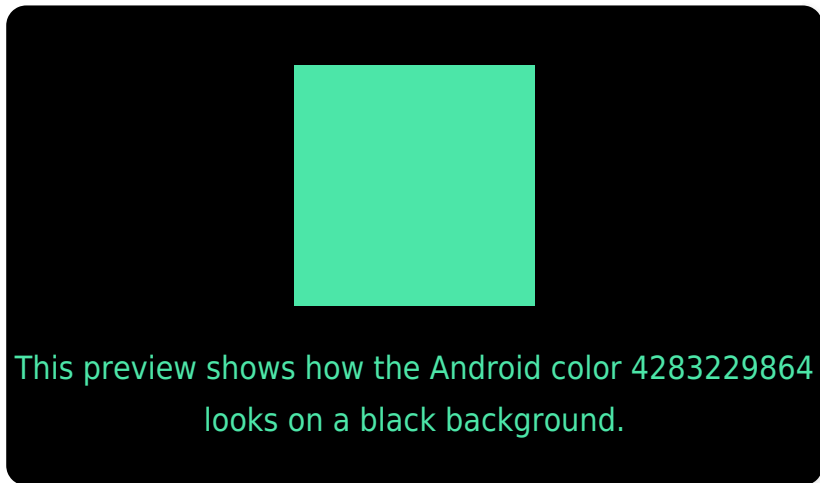
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283229864 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283229864.

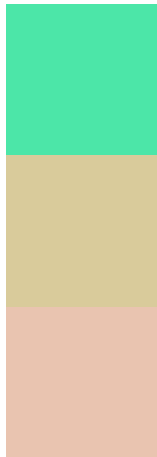


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283229864.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283229864

**Protanopia**  
4292463515

**Deuteranopia**  
4293510320



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4283229864



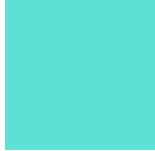
**Protanomaly**

4289123744



**Deuteranomaly**

4289777837



**Tritanomaly**

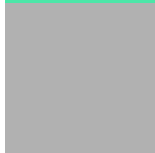
4284408021

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4283229864



**Achromatopsia**

4289835441



**Achromatomaly**

4287415470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283229864 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 230, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 230, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 230, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 230, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283229864 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 230, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 230, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 230, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 230, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 230, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 230,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283229864 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 230, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 230,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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