

# Converting Colors

Android(4283245568)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283245568) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283245568)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D2400
RGB	77, 36, 0
RGB Percent	30%, 14%, 0%
CMY	0.6980, 0.8588, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 1.00, 0.70
HSL	28°, 100%, 15%
HSV	28°, 100%, 30%
XYZ	3.6914, 2.8395, 0.3535
YIQ	44.1550, 35.9920, -2.5040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

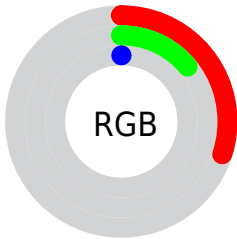
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	77, 68, 0
Decimal	5055488
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	19.39, 16.78, 28.37
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	19, 32.966, 59.393
Yxy	2.8395, 0.5362, 0.4125
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283245568 (0xFF4D2400)
YUV	44.1550, -21.7684, 28.8051
Hunter-Lab	16.8509, 9.6140, 10.5518

# Details

The Android color **4283245568** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **4278200653**, and the grayscale version is **4281084972**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286730543**, and **4279959553** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283245568**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283246600**.

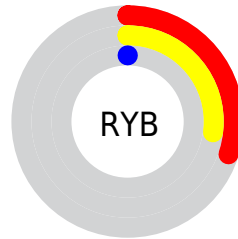
# Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (14%)

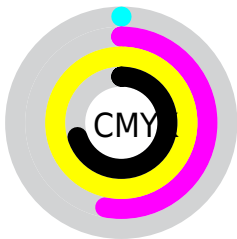
Blue (0%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (0%)

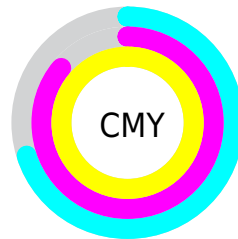


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283245568 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283245568 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4283245568

 4283245568

 4294967267

 4281536256

 4286730543

 4279959553

 4288571974

 4278190080

 4290413406

 4292320631

 4294228113

 4294956204

 4294963399

 4283245568

■ 4283246600

■ 4283247631

■ 4283248663

■ 4283249695

■ 4283250983

■ 4283252014

■ 4283253046

■ 4283254078

■ 4283255109

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283963673



4283245568



4282068480

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283245568



4278204974



4281084249

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283245568



4278200653

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278202975



4283245568



4278204998

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283245568



4278204437



4278204248



4283112776

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283245568



4281086464



4278204248



4279970909



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283245568



4284699718



4283236393



4281542945



4289967027



4281545523



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283245568



4284689920



4283255296



4280689698



4284887040



4293290752



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278200653



4278203747



4278190925



4280427558



4278204006

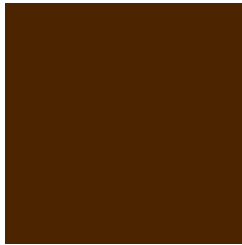


4278221542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283245568 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

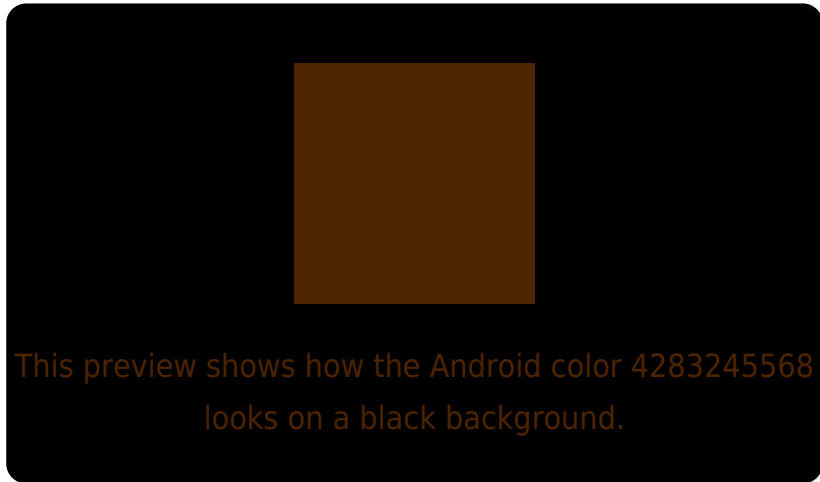
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283245568 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283245568.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283245568.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4283245568

**Protanopia**

4281741319

**Deuteranopia**

4282199552



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283245568

**Protanomaly**  
4282264580

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282591744

**Tritanomaly**  
4283310615

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283245568

**Achromatopsia**  
4281084972

**Achromatomaly**  
4281870620

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283245568 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 36, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 36, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 36, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 36, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283245568 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 36, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 36, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 36, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 36, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 36, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 36, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283245568 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 36, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 36,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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