

# Converting Colors

Android(4283330683)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283330683) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4283330683)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E707B
RGB	78, 112, 123
RGB Percent	31%, 44%, 48%
CMY	0.6941, 0.5608, 0.5176
CMYK	0.37, 0.09, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	195°, 22%, 39%
HSV	195°, 37%, 48%
XYZ	12.5112, 14.6381, 20.9049
YIQ	103.0880, -23.7950, -3.7870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

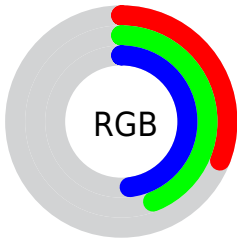
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	78, 97, 123
Decimal	5140603
CIELab	45.13, -9.17, -9.97
CIELCh	45, 13.546, 227.421
Yxy	14.6381, 0.2604, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283330683 (0xFF4E707B)
YUV	103.0880, 9.8166, -22.0022
Hunter-Lab	38.2598, -8.5839, -5.6139

# Details

The Android color `4283330683` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336666`. A complement of this color would be `4286273870`, and the grayscale version is `4284966759`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4286686383`, and `4280172618` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4282543483`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4284117883`.

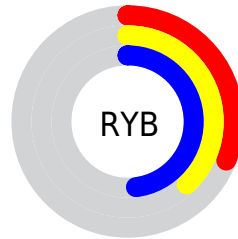
# Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (44%)

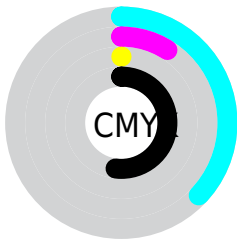
Blue (48%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (48%)

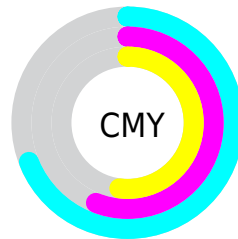


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283330683 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283330683 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283330683



4283330683

4294967295



4281751650



4286686383



4280172618



4288397259



4278397492



4290239463



4278195743



4292081663



4278190084



4293918719



4278190080



4283330683



4283330683



4282543483



4284117883



4281690747



4284970619

■ 4280903547

■ 4285757819

■ 4280116347

■ 4286545019

■ 4279329147

■ 4287397755

■ 4278476411

■ 4288184955

■ 4278214011

■ 4288972155

■ 4289759355

■ 4290612091

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283265393



4283330683



4283985281

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283330683



4286538608



4285361237

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283330683



4286273870

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286081109



4283330683



4286735205

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283330683



4285884026



4286604635



4284510043

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283330683



4284640129



4286604635



4285623124



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283330683



4287601825



4283333465



4282863442



4291940817



4283585106



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283330683



4284125089



4283325051



4281809981



4278214269



4278239228



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286271088



4288764559



4286279502



4282201916



4286382174



4294705343



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283330683 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

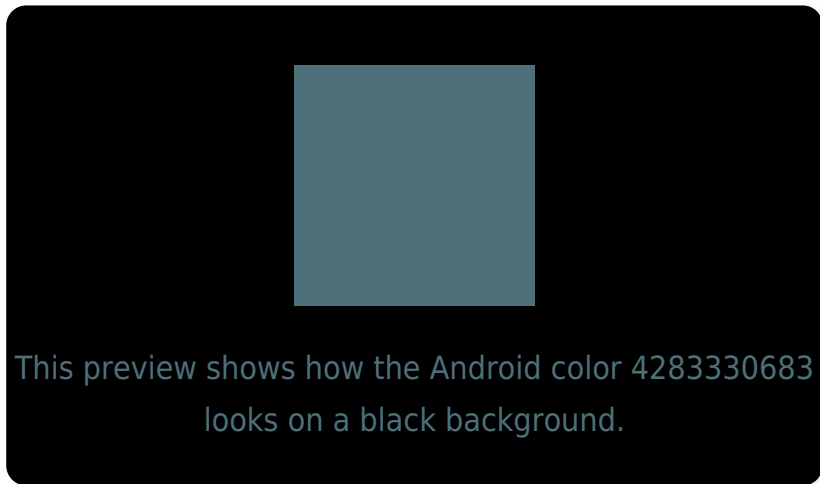
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

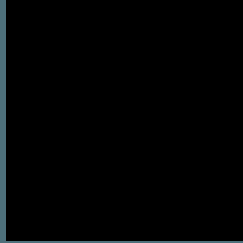
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283330683 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283330683.

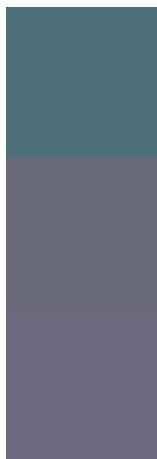


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283330683.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


4283330683

**Protanopia**

4285098615

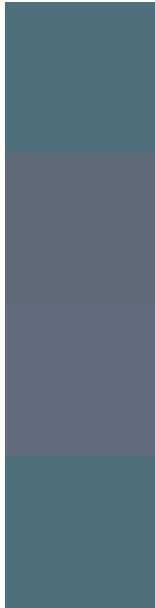
**Deuteranopia**

4285294717



**Tritanopia**  
4283330681

# Trichromacy



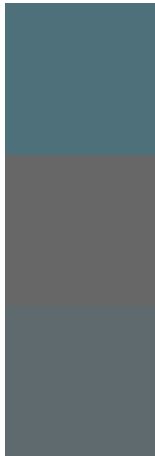
**Original Color**  
4283330683

**Protanomaly**  
4284443768

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284574588

**Tritanomaly**  
4283330682

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283330683

**Achromatopsia**  
4284966759

**Achromatomaly**  
4284377710

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283330683 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 112, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 112, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 112, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 112, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283330683 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 112, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 112, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 112, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 112, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 112, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 112,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283330683 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 112, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 112,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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