

# Converting Colors

Android(4283443268)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283443268) contains.

<b>Android(4283443268)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4283443268)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	502844
RGB	80, 40, 68
RGB Percent	31%, 16%, 27%
CMY	0.6863, 0.8431, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.15, 0.69
HSL	318°, 33%, 24%
HSV	318°, 50%, 31%
XYZ	5.1104, 3.6404, 5.9022
YIQ	55.1520, 14.8520, 17.1880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

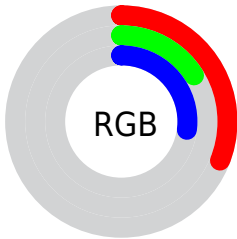
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	80, 40, 68
Decimal	5253188
CIELab	22.45, 23.00, -9.41
CIElCh	22, 24.854, 337.760
Yxy	3.6404, 0.3488, 0.2484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283443268 (0xFF502844)
YUV	55.1520, 6.3341, 21.7917
Hunter-Lab	19.0799, 14.4206, -4.9849




# Details

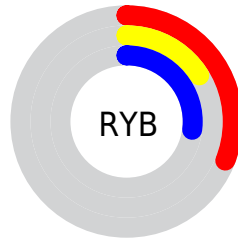
The Android color **4283443268** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **4280832052**, and the grayscale version is **4281808695**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286732148**, and **4280549401** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283441218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283445318**.

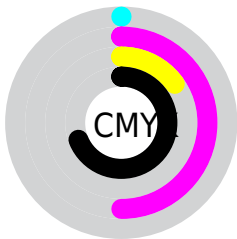
# Distribution







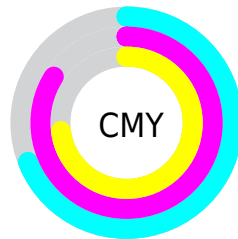
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (16%)
-  Blue (27%)






-  Red (31%)
-  Yellow (16%)
-  Blue (27%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (50%)
-  Yellow (15%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (84%)
-  Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283443268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283443268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4283443268

 4283443268

4294967295

 4281864750

 4286732148

 4280549401

 4288507790

 4278190080

 4290283944

 4292125891

 4294033375

 4294958076

 4294965247

 4283443268

 4283443268

■ 4283441218

■ 4283445318

■ 4283439167

■ 4283447369

■ 4283437117

■ 4283449419

■ 4283435066

■ 4283451470

■ 4283433016

■ 4283453520

■ 4283455570

■ 4283457621

■ 4283459671

■ 4283461722

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282199891



4283443268



4283966770

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283443268



4282136079



4278206028

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283443268



4280832052

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278206266



4283443268



4280826647

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283443268



4283117587



4278861351



4278205272

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283443268



4283901733



4278861351



4278206278



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283443268



4285094244



4281608272



4281740339



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283443268



4285082198



4283443248



4280886568



4285071433



4293394594



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283443268



4285082198



4280832072



4280886568



4285071433

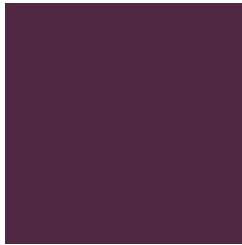


4293394594



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283443268 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

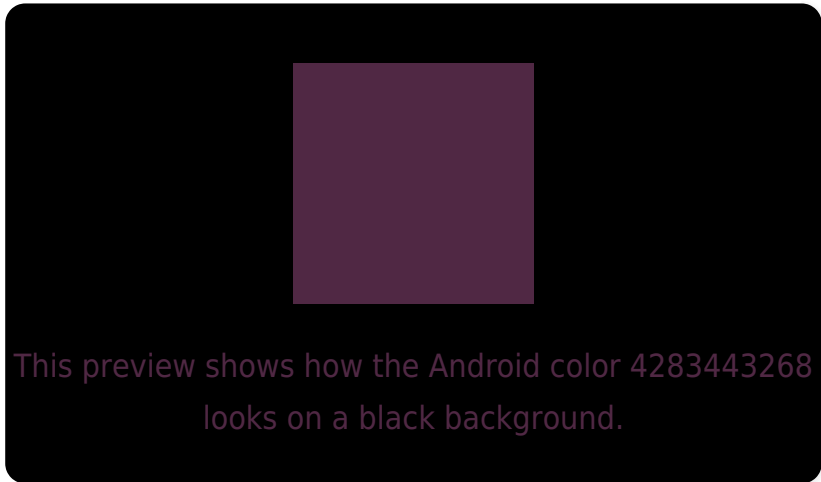
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

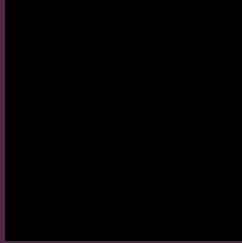
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283443268 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283443268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283443268.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4283443268

**Protanopia**

4281218382

**Deuteranopia**

4281742658



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283443268

**Protanomaly**  
4282003530

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282331203

**Tritanomaly**  
4283378487

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283443268

**Achromatopsia**  
4281808695

**Achromatomaly**  
4282397244

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283443268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 40, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 40, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 40, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 40, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283443268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 40, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 40, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 40, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 40, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 40, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 40, 68)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283443268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 40, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 40,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor