

# Converting Colors

Android(4283445784)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4283445784) contains.

<b>Android(4283445784)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4283445784)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	503218
RGB	80, 50, 24
RGB Percent	31%, 20%, 9%
CMY	0.6863, 0.8039, 0.9059
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.70, 0.69
HSL	28°, 54%, 20%
HSV	28°, 70%, 31%
XYZ	4.6137, 4.0526, 1.4032
YIQ	56.0060, 26.2260, -1.7260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

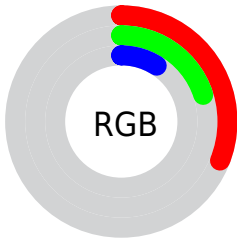
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	80, 73, 24
Decimal	5255704
CIELab	23.84, 10.65, 21.81
CIELCh	24, 24.268, 63.973
Yxy	4.0526, 0.4582, 0.4025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283445784 (0xFF503218)
YUV	56.0060, -15.7790, 21.0427
Hunter-Lab	20.1311, 5.6799, 9.9591

# Details

The Android color **4283445784** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **4279776848**, and the grayscale version is **4281874488**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4286865476**, and **4280354048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4283444752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4283446816**.

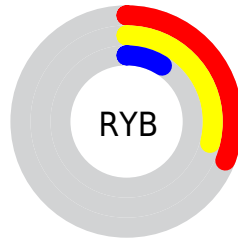
# Distribution



 Red (31%)

 Green (20%)

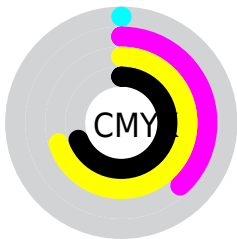
 Blue (9%)



 Red (31%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Blue (9%)

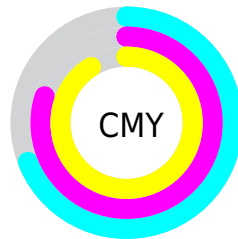


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (38%)

 Yellow (70%)

 Black (69%)



 Cyan (69%)

 Magenta (80%)

 Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4283445784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4283445784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4283445784



4283445784

4294967293



4281867520



4286865476



4280354048



4288641372



4278190080



4290417524



4292325006



4294232489



4294960580



4294967264



4283445784



4283445784

■ 4283444752

■ 4283446816

■ 4283443464

■ 4283448104

■ 4283442432

■ 4283449136

■ 4283450168

■ 4283451200

■ 4283452488

■ 4283453520

■ 4283454552

■ 4283455840

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284034085



4283445784



4282464531

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4283445784



4278207035



4282200919

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4283445784



4279776848

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4280040029



4283445784



4278206797

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4283445784



4279583016



4278206297



4283509833

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4283445784



4281678870



4278206297



4281611610



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4283445784



4285095251



4283439159



4281740840



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4283445784



4285086225



4283452696



4280887077



4285083904



4293422080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279776848



4279320681



4279769936



4280624937



4278204521



4278222056



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4283445784 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

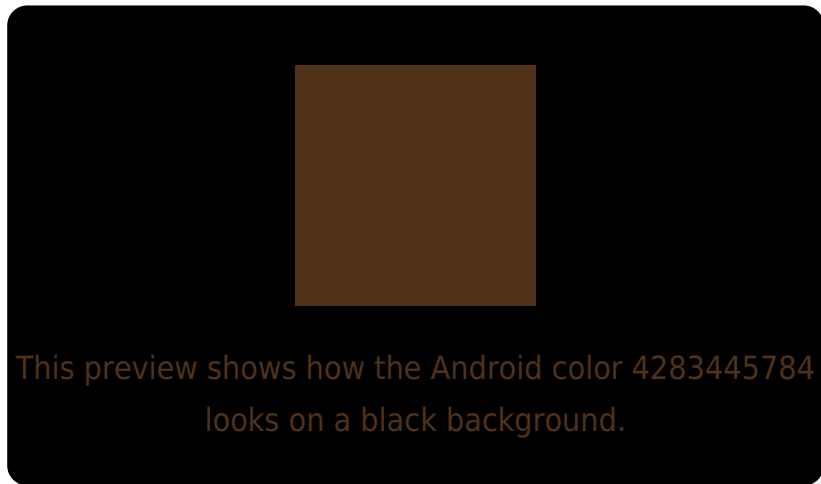
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

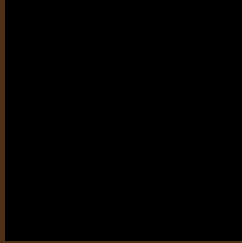
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4283445784 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4283445784.

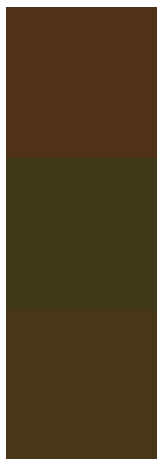


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4283445784.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


4283445784

**Protanopia**

4282333466

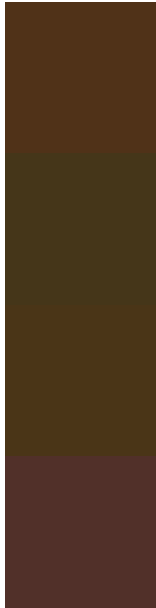
**Deuteranopia**

4282856983



**Tritanopia**  
4283576115

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4283445784

**Protanomaly**  
4282725913

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283053335

**Tritanomaly**  
4283510825

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4283445784

**Achromatopsia**  
4281874488

**Achromatomaly**  
4282463788

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4283445784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(80, 50, 24) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 50, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 50, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 50, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4283445784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 50, 24) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 50, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 50, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 50, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 50, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 50, 24)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4283445784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 50, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 50,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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